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```
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NEWS
     1
NEWS
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
      2
NEWS
         SEP 01
                 New pricing for the Save Answers for SciFinder Wizard within
                 STN Express with Discover!
NEWS
         OCT 28
                 KOREAPAT now available on STN
        NOV 30 PHAR reloaded with additional data
NEWS
      6 DEC 01 LISA now available on STN
NEWS
      7 DEC 09
                 12 databases to be removed from STN on December 31, 2004
NEWS
     8 DEC 15 MEDLINE update schedule for December 2004
NEWS
     9 DEC 17 ELCOM reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
NEWS
                 alerts (SDIs) affected
     10 DEC 17
                 COMPUAB reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
NEWS
                 alerts (SDIs) affected
     11 DEC 17
                 SOLIDSTATE reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
NEWS
                 alerts (SDIs) affected
     12 DEC 17
                 CERAB reloaded; updating to resume; current-awareness
NEWS
                 alerts (SDIs) affected
                 THREE NEW FIELDS ADDED TO IFIPAT/IFIUDB/IFICDB
NEWS
      13 DEC 17
                 EPFULL: New patent full text database to be available on STN
      14 DEC 30
NEWS
      15 DEC 30
                 CAPLUS - PATENT COVERAGE EXPANDED
NEWS
     16 JAN 03
                 No connect-hour charges in EPFULL during January and
NEWS
                 February 2005
NEWS
      17 JAN 11
                 CA/CAPLUS - Expanded patent coverage to include Russia
                 (Federal Institute of Industrial Property)
              JANUARY 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01a, CURRENT
NEWS EXPRESS
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 10 JANUARY 2005
NEWS HOURS
              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER
              General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN
              Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE
              Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW
              CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
```

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:20:11 ON 12 JAN 2005

=> fil reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:20:22 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> d query
NO L# DEFINED

There are no L# queries, structures, or screen sets defined in the current session.

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10718532.str

chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31 22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31 exact bonds:

Page 2

1-4 22-35
normalized bonds :
2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22
18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

G2:X,Ak,H

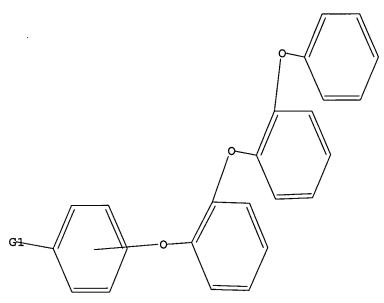
Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L1 STR



G1 N, X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:20:48 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 2418 TO ITERATE

41.4% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 45411 TO 51309

Page 3

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:20:51 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 48758 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 48758 ITERATIONS

2 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 2 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 161.33 161.54

0

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Jan 2005 VOL 142 ISS 3 FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Jan 2005 (20050111/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13

L4 1 L3

=> d l4 abs ibib hitstr

AB Self-condensation (150°, DMF) of KOC6H3BrNO2-2,5 gave a mixture of the dioxins I (R = R1 = H, NO2) via Smiles rearrangement of the intermediate (nitrophenoxy) nitrophenoxide. Smiles rearrangement of other (aryloxy) nitrophenoxides is also reported. An attempted synthesis of trioxonins gave linear products. E.g., thermal condensation of 2-C1C6H4OH (K2CO3, Cu powder, 170-200°, 6 h) gave 11% dibenzo-p-dioxin, 40% phenol II (n = 1) and 2% II (n = 4).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:603847 CAPJUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:203847
TITLE: The Smiles rearrangement of 2-aryloxy-5-nitrophenoxides. Attempted routes to benzoxirens and tribenzo(b,e,h)trioxonins

AUTHOR(S): Ramsden, Christopher A.

SOURCE: Sch. Chem. Sci., Univ. East Anglia, Norwich, NR4 7TJ, UK

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions 1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1981), (9), 2456-63 CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 95:203847

IT 7800-69-5 GAPJUS (CASREACT 95:203847

IT 7807-69-5 GAPJUS (CASREACT 95:203847)

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) (Preparation of) PREP (Preparation) (Preparation of) PREP (Preparation) (Preparation of) (Preparation of) PREP (Preparation) (Preparation of) PREP (Preparation) (Preparation of) (Preparation of) PREP (Preparation) (PREPARATION OF PREPARATION OF

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

79807-72-0 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1-[2-(2-chlorophenoxy)phenoxy]-2-[2-[2-(2-methoxyphenoxy)phenoxy]phenoxy] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

fil req COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL **ENTRY** SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 5.39 166.93 TOTAL DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -0.73-0.73

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:21:43 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10718532.str

chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31 22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds : 2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

G2:X,Ak,H

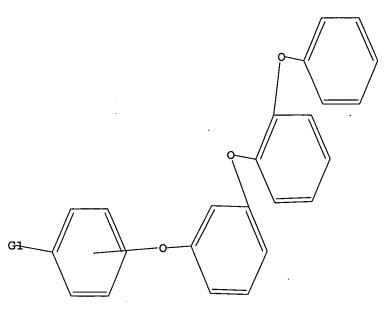
Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L5 STR



G1 N,X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 15 SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:22:20 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5839 TO ITERATE

17.1% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 112199 TO 121361
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L6 0 SEA SSS SAM L5

=> s 15 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:22:24 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 118267 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 118267 ITERATIONS 2 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L7 2 SEA SSS FUL L5

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 161.33 328.26

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -0.73

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Jan 2005 VOL 142 ISS 3 FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Jan 2005 (20050111/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 17

L8 0 L7

=> s 17

L9 0 L7

=> fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.45 328.71

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.00 -0.73

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10718532.str

chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

G2:X,Ak,H

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L10 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L10 STF

G1 N, X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 110 full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:23:12 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 118267 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 118267 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 2 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME. 00.00.01

L11 2 SEA SSS FUL L10

=> d l11 1-2

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

NN 107822-04-8 REGISTRY

CN Phenol, 2,6-dichloro-4-[2,6-

(2,6-dichlorophenoxy)phenoxy)phenoxy)phenoxy)phenoxy)dichloro-4-(2-chloro-

4-[2-chloro-6-[2,6-dichlorophenoxy]phe

PAGE 1-A

$$c_1$$
 c_1
 c_1
 c_1
 c_1
 c_1
 c_1
 c_1
 c_1

PAGE 1-B

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 107204-66-0 REGISTRY

Phenol, 2, 6-dibromo-4-{2,6-dibromo-4-{2-bromo-4-bromo-4-{2-bromo-4-bro (CA INDEX NAME) C108 H46 Br28 O18 CAOLD STN Files: CAOLD

PAGE 1-A

=> fil caold COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 165.01 493.72

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

-0.73

0.00

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 19:23:44 ON 12 JAN 2005
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

FILE COVERS 1907-1966 FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

=> s l11 L12 1 L11

=> d l12 abs ibib hitstr
'ABS' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'CAOLD'

The following are valid formats:

ALL ---- AN, TI, AU, PA, DT, IT, PI (default)

BIB ---- AN, TI, AU, PA, DT, PI

CAN ---- List of CA abstract numbers, no L-number headers

CBIB ---- AN, TI, AU, PA, PI

DALL ---- ALL, delimited (end of each field identified)

IND ---- Indexing data

MAX ---- Same as ALL

SAM ---- TI, IT

SCAN ---- TI, IT (random display, no answer numbers; SCAN must be entered on the same line as the DISPLAY, e.g., D SCAN or DISPLAY SCAN)

STD ---- BIB

IALL ---- ALL, indented with text labels IBIB ---- BIB, indented with text labels ISTD ---- STD, indented with text labels

HIT ---- Fields containing hit terms

HITIND -- IT

HITRN --- HIT RN

HITSTR -- HIT RN, its CA index name and its structure diagram

FHITSTR - First HIT RN, its CA index name and its structure diagram

OCC ---- Number of occurrence of hit term and fie ld in which it occurs

Index Terms (IT) are CAS Registry Numbers; Accession
Numbers (AN) CA References.

Index Terms in CAOLD include only Registry Numbers; no subject terms are available. The same formats (except SAMPLE) may be used with the DISPLAY ACC command to display the record for a specified CAOLD Accession Number.

PAGE ---- Page Image of original Chemical Abstracts issue containing the abstract of the answer.

PAGE.PREV and PAGE.NEXT will return the image of the page before or after the current answer.

ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (ALL):all

- ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN CA60:5373c CAOLD
 TI preparation of halogenated polyoxyphenylenes
 AP Petit, Jean; Laborie-Gardaix, F.
 IT 608-33-3 107204-66-0 107822-04-8

- L12 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CADLO COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AN CA50:5373C CADLO TI preparation of halogenated polyoxyphenylenes AU Petit, Jean; Laborie-Gardaix, F.

=> fil reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
2.14 495.86

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
SESSION

0.00

-0.73

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:24:58 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> fil reg SINCE FILE COST IN U.S. DOLLARS TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 496.72 0.86 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -0.73

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:26:23 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10718532.str

chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

chain bonds :

 $1-4 \quad 8-29 \quad 9-28 \quad 10-13 \quad 11-25 \quad 12-23 \quad 16-26 \quad 17-32 \quad 18-33 \quad 19-23 \quad 20-30 \quad 21-31$

22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

G2:X,Ak,H

Match level :

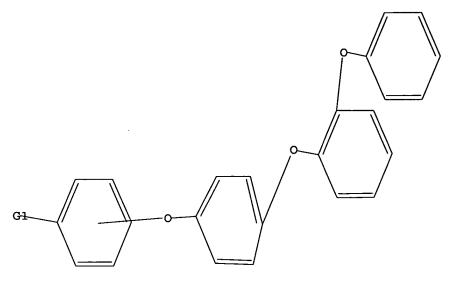
1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS

31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L13 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L13 STR



G1 N, X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

0 ANSWERS

=> s 113

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:26:47 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5834 TO ITERATE

17.1% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 112101 TO 121259

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO

L14 0 SEA SSS SAM L13

=> s 113 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:26:53 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 117527 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 117527 ITERATIONS 6 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L15 6 SEA SSS FUL L13

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
161.33
658.05

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
0.00 -0.73

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Jan 2005 VOL 142 ISS 3 FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Jan 2005 (20050111/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 115 L16 2 L15

=> d l16 1-2 abs ibib hitstr

PAGE 1-A

. STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT .

The title photoreceptors comprise a conductive support coated with a photosensitive layer containing a bisazo compound I [K1, K2 = ontaining coupler residue having a group with coupling ability, 1 of K1 and K2 is II (Y = divalent N-contg heterocycle which may be substituted, divalent aromatic hydrocarbon which may be substituted; X = divalent group having 22 groups selected from III and IV; R1, R2 = H, halo, (substituted) alkyd, (substituted) alk and substituents]. The photoreceptors show high photosensitivity good durability in repeated use. Thus, an Al vapor-deposited polyester film was coated with a charge-generating layer containing V and with a charge-transporting layer containing a hydrazone compound to give a photoreceptor.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:849478 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:215963

Alkyl,

Anga A, B, and C

Inigh photosensitivity

Thus, an Al vapor-deposited polyester

and layer containing a hydrazone compound to give a

layer containing a hydrazone compound to give a

1995:849478 CAPIUS

124:215963

ITILE: 1995:849478 CAPIUS

124:215963

INVENTOR(S): Electrophotographic photoreceptors using novel bisazo compound

INVENTOR(S): Min. Hamoru; Tanaka, Noriko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitsubishi Kagaku KK, Japan

Jon. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JÜCKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: DAPANES

EAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07168378	A2	19950704	JP 1993-316552	19931216
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-316552	19931216

IT 170969-23-0
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electrophotog. photoreceptor containing bisazo compound as charge-generating

agent) 170969-23-0 CAPLUS 7H-Benzimidazo[2,1-a]benz[de]isoquinolin-7-one, 9-(10-, 11 or

12)-chloro-5-[{2-chloro-4-[4-chloro-2-{2-chloro-4-(4-chloro-2-{3-chloro-4-(4-chloro-3-chloro-

a]benz[de]isoquinolin-5-yl]azo]phenoxy

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Title compds. I, useful as material for hardeners for fluorinated epoxy resins (no data), is prepared via II $\{R = cyano, CO2H\}$. Thus, a mixture

of
tetrafluorophthalonitrile, tetrafluorohydroquinone, and Et3N in DMF was
heated at 35° for 30 to give 218 II [R = cyano], which was treated
with 60% H2SO4 at 150° for 5 h to give 26% II [R = CO2H], which was
refluxed with Ac20 for 2 h to 52% I.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:630662 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:230662
TITLE: preparation of

material for hardeners for fluorinated epoxy resins Sasaki, Shigekuni: Mataura, Tooru: Ando, Shinji Nippon Telegraph 6 Telephone, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. CODEN: JXXXAF Patent Japanse 1 INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE JP 06157501 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19940603 JP 1992-340986 JP 1992-340986 19921130 19921130

ıı

PAGE 2-A

2 (D1-C1)

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

158394-11-79
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and hydrolysis of) 158394-11-7 CAPLUS 1,2-Benzendicarbonitrile, bis[4-(3,4-dicyano-2,5,6-trifluorophenoxy)-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxy)-3,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 158394-13-9P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of a perfluorinated hexacarboxylic acid as material)
RN 158394-13-9 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-1sobenzofurandione,
4,7-difluoro-5,6-bis[2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-4-[(4,6,7-trifluoro-1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)oxy]phenoxy]- (9CI)
(CA

INDEX NAME)

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
10.33	668.38
SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
-1.46	-2.19
	ENTRY 10.33 SINCE FILE ENTRY

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:27:31 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

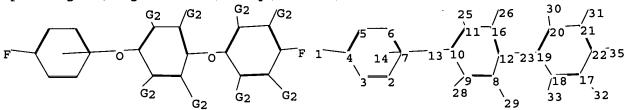
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10718532.str



chain nodes : 1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 ring nodes : 10 11 12 16 17 18 20 chain bonds : 1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 22-35 ring bonds : 2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 19-20 20-21 21-22 exact/norm bonds : 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 exact bonds : 1-4 22-35

normalized bonds : 2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

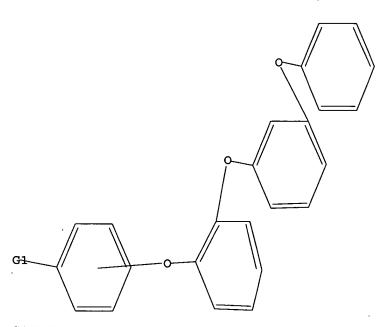
G2:X,Ak,H

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L17 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query L17 STR



G1 N,X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 117
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:28:47 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5839 TO ITERATE

17.1% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 112199 TO 121361 0

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO

L18 0 SEA SSS SAM L17

=> s 117 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:28:52 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 118267 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 118267 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L19 2 SEA SSS FUL L17

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 161.76 830.14

2 ANSWERS

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -2.19

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 19:28:57 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Jan 2005 VOL 142 ISS 3 FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Jan 2005 (20050111/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l19

L20 0 L19

=> fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL **ENTRY** SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.45 830.59

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -2.19

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:29:05 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> d l19 1-2

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN 107822-04-8 REGISTRY
CN Phenol, 2,6-dichloro-4-[2,6-di

 $(2,6-dichlorophenoxy) phenoxy] phenoxy] phenoxy] phenoxy] dichloro-4-\{2-chloro-4-(1-chloro-4-\{2-chloro-4-(1-chl$

4-[2-chloro-6-(2,6-dichlorophenoxy]phe

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 107204-66-0 REGISTRY

Phenol, 2, 6-dibromo-4-{2,6-dibromo-4-{2-bromo-4-bromo-4-bromo-4-{2-bromo-4-bromo-INDEX NAME) C108 H46 Br28 O18 CAOLD STN Files: CAOLD

PAGE 1-A

=> fil reg
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 4.11 834.70

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION

0.00

-2.19

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:29:28 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

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Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> FIL REGISTRY

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.43	835.13
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-2.19

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> SET TERMSET E#

SET COMMAND COMPLETED

- => DEL SEL Y
- => SEL L19 2 RN

E1 THROUGH E1 ASSIGNED

=> S E1/RN

L21 1 107204-66-0/RN

=> SET TERMSET LOGIN

SET COMMAND COMPLETED

=> FIL CAOLD

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.51	835.64
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-2.19

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 19:29:42 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1907-1966 FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

=> S L21

L22 1 L21

=> d 122

- L22 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAOLD COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN CA60:5373c CAOLD
 TI preparation of halogenated polyoxyphenylenes
 AP Petit, Jean; Laborie-Gardaix, F.
 IT 608-33-3 107204-66-0 107822-04-8

Page 31

=> fil reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL **ENTRY** SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 1.07 836.71 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL **ENTRY** SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -2.19

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:30:10 ON 12 JAN 2005 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10718532.str

chain nodes : 1 13 23 25 26 28 30

31 32 ring nodes :

6 10 11 12 16 17 18 20

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds : 2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

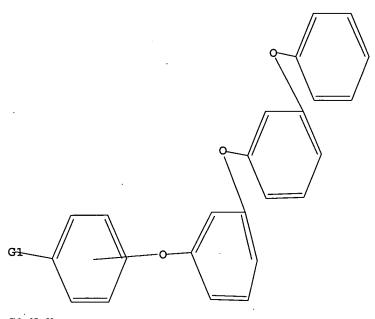
G2:X,Ak,H

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L23 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query L23 STR



G1 N, X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 123 SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:30:43 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 2024 TO ITERATE

49.4% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

1 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 37782 TO 43178 125

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1 TO

L24 1 SEA SSS SAM L23

=> s 123 full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:30:47 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 40404 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 40404 ITERATIONS 56 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

56 SEA SSS FUL L23 L25

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 161.33 998.04

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR OUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -2.19

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Jan 2005 VOL 142 ISS 3 FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Jan 2005 (20050111/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 125

L26 39 L25

=> d 126 1-39 abs ibib hitstr

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

$$- \left[- R^{1} - \sum_{\substack{j=1 \\ p,q}}^{p,3} \left\{ 0 - \sum_{\substack{j=1 \\ p,q}}^{p,3} \right\} R^{2} - N \right] + \left[- \sum_{\substack{j=1 \\ p,q}}^{p,q} \left(- \sum_{\substack{j=1 \\ p,q}}^{p,q$$

AB Title compons. comprise 100 parts thermoplastic polyimides obtained from diamine components containing diamines I and tetracarboxylic acid diamhydrides

and 1-200 parts thermosetting resins, wherein R = H, halogen atom, or hydrocarbon; n = 1-50 integer; and Y = C2-10 (substituted) divalent group (when n = 22, Y may be same or different each other). Thus, 4,4'-bis(3-aminophenoxylbiphenyl 17.00, Elasmer 1000 40.14, and oxy-4,4'-diphthalic anhydride 23.05 g were reacted to give a polyimide solution with logarithmic viscosity 0.45 db/g, 100 parts (based on solid) of which was mixed with VG 3101 epoxy compound 20, 2MAOK-FW 1, and 1FX silica-based filler 40 parts, applied on A 31 a treated polyethylene terephthalate film, heated at 90' for 20 min, and peeled-off from the PET film to give an adhesive film with glass transition temperature 49', which was heat-pressed at 200' for 1 s under 0.1 N, cured at 180' for 3 h to give a test piece with shear strength 6 MPA and cyclic siloxane content <1 ppm.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1019960 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1004:1019960 CAPLUS
INVENTOR(5): Kodama, Yoichi; Maruyama, Hiroshi; Naruse, Isao Mitsui Chemicals, Inc., Japan PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
CODENT TYPE: PIXMOZ
DOCUMENT TYPE: PixMoz
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PixMoz
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PixMoz
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PixMoz
PATENT TYPE: PixMoz

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	I CAT	ION	NO.		D.	ATE	
						-									-		
WO 2004101701			A1 200411		1125	WO 2004-JP5266					20040413						
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GΜ,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	sc,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	υG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
		BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,
		ES,	FI,	FR.	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,
		SK,	TR,	BF.	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	G₩,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,
		TD,	TG														

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
PRIORITY APPIN. INFO.: JP 2003-136252 A 20030514

762304-00-7P

RE: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (blend with thermosetting resin; polyimide-based adhesive resin

and film-shaped adhesives with good adhesion at low temperature and

resistance for semiconductor devices)
762304-00-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with α-(4aminobenzoyl)-=-([4-aminobenzoyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,4-butanediyl) and
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine], block (9CT)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

$$\mathsf{H}_{2}\mathsf{N}$$

2

54667-43-5 (C4 H8 O)n C14 H12 N2 O3 PMS

3

ANSWER 2 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The laminate useful for flexible printed circuit boards comprises a
polyimide layer and a metal foil, where 21 layer of polyimide layer
is derived from a polyimide block polymer. Preparing a 10% polyimide

is derived from a polynmic barene-3,3',4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic of 1,3-bis(3-aminophenoxy)benzene-3,3',4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydride (BPDA) copolymer in phenol and cresol, adding BPDA, and stirring with a polyamic acid varnish of 3,4'-oxydianiline-BPDA copolymer at 60' for 48 h gave a polyimide block copolymer. Coating this block copolymer on a polyimide film (Kapton 150EN) on one side and a

p-phenylenediamine-4,4'-oxydianiline-BPDA-4,4'-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl copolymer on the other, and hot pressing with a Cu foil on the first gave a laminate with peel strength 0.80 kN/m and light transmittance 57.9%.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:993015 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:425087

TITLE: Polymmide-metal laminates with good peel strength

2004:993015 CAPLUS
141:425087
Polyimide-metal laminates with good peel strength and distortion resistance and their manufacture
Otsubo, Eiji: Nakazawa, Masaki: Kawaguchi, Masao: Tanabe, Kenji
Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Patent Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE JP 2004322636 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 20041118

793734-09-5P, Bis(3-aminopropyl)tetramethyldisiloxane-1,3-Bis(3-(3-aminophenoxy)phenoxy)benzene-3,3',4,4'-Benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation);

(Reactant or reagent)
(polyimide-metal laminates with good peel strength and distortion resistance and their manufacture)
793734-09-5 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) and
3,3'-[1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(1-propanamine) (9CI)

СМ

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

(Continued)

2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

3 CH

ΙT

793734-12-OP
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polymide-metal laminates with good peel strength and distortion resistance and their manufacture)
793734-12-O CAPLUS
IH, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4, 5-c'ldifuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with 3, 3'-[1, 1'-biphenyl]-4, 4'-dylbis(oxyl)bis[benzenamine], 5, 5'-carbonylbis[1, 3-isobenzofurandione], 4, 4'-oxybis[benzenamine], 3, 3'-[1, 3-phenylenebis[oxy-3, 1-phenyleneoxyl]bis[benzenamine] and 3, 3'-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethyl-1, 3-disiloxanediyl]bis[1-propanamine], block
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

126 ANSWER 2 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

$$\mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{N}$$

CN 2

CRN 105112-76-3 CMF C24 H20 N2 O2

$$\bigcup_{H_2N} \bigcap \bigcup \bigcup_{v \in V_1} \bigcup_{v \in V_2} \bigcup_{$$

СЖ 3

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O 512

5 CH

CRN 101-80-4 CMF C12 H12 N2 O

L26 ANSWER 3 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The method is characterized in that (A) the foils are immersed in acidic aqueous solns. With pH <6 containing H2SO4, HClO4, AcOH, HNO3, and/or HNO2 and/or

aqueous solns. With pW 66 containing MESO4, MELO4, ACOA, NEO5, SHOPO.

MNO2 and/or

(B) the laminates are immersed in the acidic aqueous solns. so as to form oxide films with thickness 0.01-50 Å on surfaces (opposite to the resins) of the foils. Thus, coating Apical 50HP (polyimide film) on both sides with a varnish of 1,3-bis[3--2]-aminophenoxy) phenoxy) benzene 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracerboxylic dianhydride copolymer, laminating a 30.5-µm foil and a 63.5-µm foil of SUS 304H-TA (stainless steel) via the resulting double-faced adhesive sheet, and hot-pressing the resulting 5-layer laminate gave a test piece with maximum pit size 5 µm after immersion in 1.5 N HCl for 120 s.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-597254 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:411931

TITLE: Stainless steel foil-dielectric resin laminates with excellent pitting corrosion resistance, their manufacture, and hard disk drive suspensions from them

ACCESSION NUMBER:		957254 CAPI	JUS						
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	141:4	11931							
TITLE: Stainless steel foil-dielectric resin lamina excellent pitting corrosion resistance, their manufacture, and hard disk drive suspensions									
them									
INVENTOR (S):	INVENTOR(S): Hirota, Koji; Nakazawa, Oki								
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan								
SOURCE:	SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF								
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Paten	t							
LANGUAGE:	Japan	ese							
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:	1								
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE					
JP 2004314523	A2	20041111	JP 2003-113838	20030418					
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-113838	20030418					

To 50577-35-59, 3,3',4,4'-Benzophenonetetrscarboxylic dianhydride-1,3-bis(3-(3-aminophenoxylph

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

$$\mathsf{H}_{2}\mathsf{N}$$

L26 ANSWER 3 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

L26 ANSWER 4 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM

97917-34-5 (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 PMS

3 CM

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

L26 ANSWER 4 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN .

AB A resin composition with high retention stability and heat resistance is composed of inidatole compds. having m.p. and decomposition temperature

>235°, epoxy compds. containing ≥3 glycidyl groups, polyimides, and, optionally, organic or inorg. fillers. The above composition can be laminated on one side or both sides of a heat-resistant film to obtain adhesive films. Thus, a polyimide resin prepared from 1,3-bis(3-(3-aminophenoxy)phenoxy)benrene, NH2-terminated polydimethylsiloxane (BY 16 853U), ethylene glycol bis trimellitic dianhydride, and oxy-4,4'-diphthalic dianhydride was mixed with an imidazole compound (2MOOK)

(ZMACK
PW), an epoxy (VG 3101), and silica filler (1 FX) to receive a composition,
which was cast coated on a PET film (A 31), cured, and peeled of to

which was cast co-obtain an adhesive film. ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

2004:842308 CAPLUS
141:350860
Imidazole and epoxy compound-containing polyimide resin composition and adhesive film prepared thereby Kodama, Yoichi; Maruyama, Hiroshi; Morita, Moritaugu Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
CODEN: JOKKAP
Patent
Japanese INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE JP 2004285284 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20030325 20030325 A2 20041014 JP 2003-81782 JP 2003-81782

709616-71-7P

709818-71-79
RE: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
(Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
[imidazole and epoxy compound-containing polyimide resin composition for adhesive

annessve
film)
709616-71-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer with a-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl)-m--{{(3aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy|poly(oxyldimethylsilylene)},
5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 3,3'-[(1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The laminate with improved alkali etchability, low warpage, and high peeling strength has a single layer of the polyimide comprising diamines containing 1,3-bis (3-aminophenoxy) benzene,
4,4-bis (3-aminophenoxy) biphenyl, or
1,3-bis (3-aminophenoxy) biphenyl) benzene and acid anhydrides containing
≥50% (based on total anhydrides) of pyromellitic dianhydride. The laminate is manufactured by hot-pressing the stainless ated foil and the metal
foil through the single layer polyimide film. Thus, a
1,3-bis (3-aminophenoxy) benzene-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer film was

sandwiched between C 7025 (Cu alloy foil) and SUS 304H-TA (stainless

steel
foil) and hot-pressed to give a laminate showing etching rate 2.1
µm/min and peeling strength 1.6 km/m.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:819795 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:315427
TITLE: Stainless steel foil-thermoplastic polyimide-metal
foil laminate and its manufacture for hard disk

ioli laminate and its manufact suspension Hirota, Koji: Nakazawa, Oki Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE DATE A2 JP 2003-71101 JP 2003-71101 JP 2004276413 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20041007

765911-02-2P

76591-02-2P
RE: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (stainless steel foil-thermoplastic polyimide-metal foil laminate and its manufacture for hard disk suspension)
765911-02-2 CAPUUS
1H, 3H-Benzol(,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
[5,5'-biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, 5,5'-carbonylbis(1,3-isobenzofurandione) and 3,3'-1,3-phenylenebis(oxy,3,1-phenylenebxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

3

4 CH

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

54667-43-5 (C4 H8 O)n C14 H12 N2 O3 PMS

3

762304-02-9 CAPLUS 1,3-isobenzofuzardione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with α -{4-aminobenzoyl}- α -[(4-aminobenzoyl)oxy]poly(oxy-1,4-butanediyl), 1,3-benzenediamine and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(Penzenamine], block (SOI) (GA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

$$\mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{N}$$

CM 2

Page 38

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB The polyimides with good low-temperature adhesion, useful for semiconductor

AB The polyinides with good low-temperature adhesion, useful for semiconductor packaging, are prepared by reaction of a mol tetracarboxylic dianhydrides, b mol aromatic diamines H2NC6R4(XC6R4)pXCC6R4NH2 [p = 1-5; R = H, halo, hydrocarbyl; X = direct link, O, CO, CMe2, C(CF3)2], c mol H2NC6R402(Y0)qCOC6HANE; (q = 1-50; Y = C2-10 alkyl], and d mol other diamines in the ratios of 0.8 ≤ a/(b + c + d) ≤ 1.2, 0.05 ≤ c/(b + c + d) ≤ 0.35, and 0.5 < b + c/(b + c + d) ≤ 1.2, 0.05 ≤ c/(b + c + d) ≤ 1.2, 0.05 ≤ c/(b + c + d) ≤ 1.0. The adhesives contain the polyimides and/or their precursor polyamic acids. Thus, 0.0271 mol 4,4-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl and 0.0407 mol poly(tetramethylene oxide) d1-p-aminobenzoate (Elasmer 1000) were dissolved in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone/mesitylene nixture, to which 0.0719 mol oxy-4,4'-diphthalic dianhydride was added, heated to 170-180° for 14 h, and freed of H2O to give a polyimide, which was dissolved in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, cast on a surface-treated PET film, heated to 90° for 20 min, and peeled from the PET film to give an adhesive film showing T9 40° and good adhesion.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:801253 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 2004:801253 CAPLUS
TITLE: YOUR SOUNCE: 141:297020 Polyimides and heat-resistant adhesives thereof INVENDOR(S): Kodama, Yolchi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan JDN. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JRXXAI TOKKYO Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JRXXAI TOKKYO Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JRXXAI TOKKYO Koho, 10 pp. Patent INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004269622 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	A2	20040930	JP 2003-60163 JP 2003-60163	20030306

(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 54667-43-5 CMF (C4 H8 O)n C14 H12 N2 O3 CCI PMS

CM 3

762304-04-1 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer with a-(4-aminobenzoyl)-a-(4aminobenzoyl)oxylpoly(oxy-1,4-butanediyl) and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine), block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

СН

762304-06-3 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with a-(4-aminobenzoyl)-a-[(4-aminobenzoyl)-aplyoyl)-0,4-butanediyl), 1,3-benzenediamine and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine], block

(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CH. 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CM

CRN 54667-43-5 CMF (C4 H8 O)n C14 H12 N2 O3 CCI PMS

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The polyimide-polysiloxane, useful for film adhesive in semiconductor packaging process, is manufactured by the method involving polymerization of diamines containing diaminopolysiloxane and tetracarboxylic dianhydrides in removal of vaporized solvents from the system. Thus, 1,3-bis[3-(3-aminophenoxyl)phenoxyl)benzene 65.00, diaminopolysiloxane (BY 16-853U) 134.37, oxy-4,4-diphthalic dianhydride 63.71, and ethylene glycol bistrimellitate dianhydride 28.09 g were polymerized in a mixture of 295.24 g

N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone and 126.53 g mesitylene at 170-180° for 20 h, wherein 908 of the solvents were removed from the system, to give a polymer containing <5 ppm cyclic trimer and <5 ppm cyclic tetramer.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:778996 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:278329

TITLE: Manufacture of polyimide-polysiloxane with reduced amount of volatile cyclic siloxane

Kodama, Yolchi; Naruse, Isao; Kinoshita, Hitoshi; Morita, Moritsugu

MITSUL Chemicals Inc., Japan

SOURCE: JON. KOKAIT PAKEN

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE JP 2004263058 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 20040924

OF 2003-54236 20030228

IT 709616-71-7P, 1,3-Bis{3-(3-aminophenoxy)phenoxy]benzene-BY
16-853U-ethylene glycol bistrimellitate dianhydride-oxy-4,4'-diphthalic
dianhydride copolymer
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
[polyimide-polysiloxane with reduced amount of volatile cyclic
siloxane

prepared under removal of volatile solvents)
7095(5-71-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer Mith a-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl)-a-[[(3aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]poly[oxy[dimethylsilylene]),
5,5'-oxybis[[,3-isobenzofurandione] and 3,3'-[(1,3-phenylenebis[oxy-3,1phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 3

CRN 1732-96-3 CMF C20 H10 O10

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM 2

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

CRN 1732-96-3 CMF C20 H10 O10

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 39 CAPLUS COPTRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The title leadframe fixing materials are adhesive-coated metal films, wherein the adhesive comprises 100 weight-parts polyimide and 1-100

weight-parts epoxy compound (I). The metal films (film thickness 3-250 $\mu m)$ may be Ni, Al, stainless steel, or their alloys. The composite adhesives

provide excellent low-temperature adhesion and thermal resistance without

excellent low-temperature

delamination
or bubble formation at 260°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:753549 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:287028
ITILE: Leadframe fixing adhesive materials
INVENTOR(S): Kodama, Yoichi; Maruyama, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
CODEN: JOCKAF
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japanese
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2004259789 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 JP 2003-46650 JP 2003-46650 20040916

IT 709616-71-7

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (polyimide composition; leadframe fixing adhesive-coated metal films)

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 39 CAPIUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN RN 709616-71-7 CAPIUS (Continued) 709516-71-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with α -{(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl}-=-[[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxylpoly(oxyldimethylsilylene)], 5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis[oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OH 1 CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4 2 97917-34-5 (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 PMS

CH

CRN 1732-96-3 CMF C20 H10 O10

ANSWER 9 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN A laminated polyimide/metal product useful for hard disk drive suspension comprises a metal foil and a polyimide resin layer formed thereon,

comprises a metal total end of property of a length of 2100 pm in the polyimide resin and/or at the interface between the polyimide resin and/or at the interface between the polyimide resin and the metal foil when the product is heated for 5-10 min in an oven having an internal temperature of 340-360°, and the polyimide resin has a coefficient of hydroexpansivity at 32° of 1-20 pm/18H2 and an area.

average rate of etching with 50% aqueous KOH solution with a temperature of 80°

of

21.0 \(\mu\mi\mi\m\). The laminate has satisfactory heat resistance and excellent dimensional stability. It can be processed by etching with an alkali solution Thus, a laminate containing a stainless foil (SUS 304H-TA) and a 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic acid dianhydride-1,3-bis(3-aminophenoxy)benzene-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer layer was manufactured

ACCLESION NUMBER: 2004:718443 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:226612

TITLE: Layered polyimide/metal product with good etching property

2004:718443 CAPLUS
141:226612
Layered polyimide/metal product with good etching property
Hirota, Koji: Nakazawa, Naoki: Kodama, Youichi
Mitsui Chemicals, Inc., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent
Japanese
1

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

WO 2004073975 All 20040902 WO 2004-JP1316
W: AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ,
BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CU,
CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC,
ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HR, HL,
LK, LR, LS, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MB, ME,
LK, LR, LS, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MB, MB,
ME, MZ, NA, NI
RW: BM, GH, CR, LS, MB, MZ, SD, SL, 3Z, TZ, UG,
BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:

T 748705-03-59 DATE AZ, CO, EE, HU, KZ, MN, ZM, ZW, HU, IE, CI, CM, CI, CM,

748705-03-59
RL: IHF [Industrial manufacture]; PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PRPP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(heat-resistant metal-polymide laminates with good etching property and dimensional stability)
748705-03-5 CAPLUS
IH, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 9 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

$$\mathsf{H}_{2^N} \longrightarrow \mathsf{O} \longrightarrow \mathsf{O} \longrightarrow \mathsf{N}_{\mathsf{N}_{\mathsf{H}_2}}$$

2

2421-28-5 C17 H6 O7

(Continued) L26 ANSWER 10 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

3

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

L26 ANSWER 10 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A laminate comprises a metallic foil and at least one polyimide layers of
the same or different polyimide, wherein the first thermoplastic

the same of different polyimide, wherein the first thermoplastic

Dolyimide

layer, which contacts with the foil layer, is made from (A) a specified
diamine containing 50-100 mol 3 3,4 '-oxydianiline and/or 1,3-bis(4aminophenoxy)benzene and (B) ≥1 tetracarboxylic diamhydride
aninophenoxy)benzene and (B) ≥1 tetracarboxylic diamhydride
selected from 3,3',4,4-benzophenometeriacidiamhydride, pyromellitic
diamhydride, and 3,3',4,4-benzophenometeriacarboxylic diamhydride.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:809185 CAPPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:149183

TITLE: Heat-resistant polyimide metallic foil laminate for
flexible printed circuit board
Otsubo, Ejji; Nakazawa, Riroki; Tanabe, Kenji
Mitsui chemicals Inc., Japan
Jon. Rokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.
CODDE: JOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2004209680 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 20040729 JP 2002-378936 20021227

727429-18-79

727429-18-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(heat-resistant polyimide metallic foil laminate for flexible printed circuit board)
727429-18-7 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzouran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3-(4-aminophenoxy)benzenamine and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 2657-87-6 CMF C12 H12 N2 O

ANSWER 11 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The composition contains 100 parts of a polyimide and 1-100 parts
1,1,1-(p-(2"-(4"'-glycidyloxypheyl)methylethyl)phenyl)bis(pglycidyloxyphenyl)ethane (1). The film adhesive is that made of the
composition or made of a film substate or metal foil and the composition
or on
21 side. Thus, 15.00:43.44:18.49:8.15 1,3-bis[3-(3aminophenoxy)phenoxy|benzene-a, a-bis[3aminopropyl)polydimethylsiloxane (BW 16-853U)-oxy-4,4'-diphthalic
dianhydride-ethylene glycol bistrimellitate dianhydride copolymer 100, I
(VG 3101) 20, and an imidazole (2MAOK-PW) 1 part were mixed, cast on a

PET

film, and cured to give the adhesive film after removal of the PET film.
Then, 2 Si chips were laminated through the film, pressed at 200°
for 1 s, and heated at 180° without load for 3 h to give a test
piece showing shear strength 7 MPa.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
2004:529830 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
141:72640
FITTLE: Polyimide composition containing epoxy compound and
film adhesive made of the composition
film adhesive made of the composition
NVMORTOR(S): Kodama, Yoichi: Maruyama, Hiroshi: Naruse, Isao;
Kinoshita, Hitoshi: Fujieda, Nobuhiko; Morita,
Moritsugu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
Jon. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
CODEN: JXXXAF
PAHIN ACC. NUM. COUNT:
1

PAHIN ACC. NUM. COUNT:
1

Appanese

PAHIN ACC. NUM. COUNT:
1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2004182804 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 20040702

709816-71-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polylmide composition containing epoxy compound for film adhesive for semiconductor device fabrication)
709616-71-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with a-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-e-[((3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl)-e-[(3-5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis[oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

œ 2

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CH 3

4 СМ

L26 ANSWER 12 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 12 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The adhesive sheets comprise metal sheets successively laminated with 2

The adhesive sheets comprise metal sheets successively laminated with 2 of thermoplastic polyimide adhesive layers (A, B) with TgA > TgB (TgA, TgB = Tg of A, B, resp.), where B are prepared from I (R = H, halo, hydrocarbyl: n = 1-5) and 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride. Thus, a Cu foil (SLP 105WB) was successively coated with 3,3',4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydride-4,4'-bis[A]-aminophenoxy)biphenyl copolymer and 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride-1,3-bis[3-aminophenoxy)benzene copolymer and thermally cured to give a multilayer film (TgA 240', TgB 200'), which was hot-press bonded with a lead frame (YEF 42) and sealed with epoxy resin to give a specimen, showing no blistering nor delamination after aging at 85' and relative humidity 85t and then 3-cycle soldering at 220'.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-472785 CAPLUS
DOUBLINT NUMBER: 141:24856

TITLE: Heat sink-equipped polyimide adhesive sheets with sear point was a printing resistance for fiving lead frames.

heat moisture resistance for fixing lead frames Kobayashi, Masanao; Nakazawa, Masaki Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokal Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JKKOKAF Patent Japanese 1

INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 2004165270 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 20040610 JP 2002-326883 JP 2002-326883 20021111

S00577-35-5P
RL: INF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (adhesive layers; lead frame-fixing adhesive sheets comprising heat-sinking metal sheets and two of polyimide adhesive layers and showing good heat moisture resistance)
500577-35-5 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with 3,3'-fl,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

L26 ANSWER 13 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB The photoresists have sea phases and island phases showing average diameter

ALSO proceeds as leave as phases and island phases showing average diameter

\$1.5 µm after photocuring and postbaking at 150-300° for 5-120 min. Preferably, the sea phases comprises polyyimides, and the island phases comprises acrylic polymers. The dry films are manufactured by applying solns. of the photosensitive resin compns. on substrates and drying at 5-130° for 2-60 min. The photoresists produce fine patterns and dry films showing good flexibility after low-energy light exposure and postbaking.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:433334 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:431416

TITLE: Alkali-developable photoresists, their dry films, manufacture of the dry films, and articles having their cured products

INVENTOR(S): Tahera, Shuji Okawado, Etsuo; Fujita, Kazuto;
Funaki,

INVENTOR(S): Funaki,

Katsuhiko; Tsuda, Takeshi Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokal Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp. CODEN: JKKXAF Patent Japanese 1 PATENT ASSIGNEE (S) : SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2004151191 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-314000 JP 2002-314000 20021029 A2 20040527

500577-31-1P, 1,3-Bis[3-(3-aminophenoxy)phenoxy]benzenepyromellitic dianhydride copolymer 691880-52-1P,
3,3'-Bis[3-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer
RI: INF (Industrial manufacture): RCT (Reactant): TEM (Technical or
engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): RACT (Reactant or reagent):
USES (Uses)
(dry-film photoresists having acrylic polymer-polyimide island-sea
morphol.)
500577-31-1 CAPLUS
IH, 3H-Benze[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

$$\mathsf{H}_{2}\mathsf{N}$$

(Continued) L26 ANSWER 13 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

691880-52-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-{oxybis(3,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СЖ

CRN 217182-71-3 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L26 ANSWER 14 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

2421-28-5 C17 H6 O7

689258-98-8 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy-3,1phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

CRN 500577-30-0 CMF C42 H32 N2 O6

PAGE 1-B

CM 2

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

Page 43

L26 ANSWER 14 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The laminates comprises a polyimide resin layer containing a bismaleimide compound of (modified) polyphenylene type as heat resistance improver

ametal foil layer and are useful for lead-free soldering and chip-on-film packagings with freedom from pinholes and swelling when forming a Ru-Sn bond or Ru-Ru bond. Polyimide resin compns. for making the laminates are also provided which contain aromatic polyamic acids or/and polyimides.

In an example, a polyamic acid derived from 1,3-bis(3-aminophenoxy)benzene and 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic diamhydride and containing 1,3-bis(3-maleimidophenoxy)benzene in dimethylacetamide was cast-coated

On a U foil to give a laminate having the good claimed properties.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:402945 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:407829

ITITLE: adhesiveness and solder heat resistance and low swelling
INVENTOR(S): Kodama, Yoichi: Mori, Minehiro; Tashiro, Masayuki;
Ohtsubo, Elji: Nakazawa, Naoki; Tanabe, Kenji
Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
SOURCE: Hitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.
CODEN: EFEXEND

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Patent
English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TE	NT	N	ο.			KIN	•	DATE	:		APP	LICAT	ION	NO.		D	ATE		
EP		420	004	48			A2	-	2004	0519	,	EP	2003-	2162	7		2	0030	925	
		R:											, IT,						PT,	
JP	2	00		099			A2			0729			2003-					0030	620	
CN	1	48	519	99			А		2004	0331		CN	2003-	1483	87		2	0030	630	
US	2	00	40	966	79		A1		2004	0520	1	US	2003-	6715	65		2	0030	929	
ORIT	Y	AP	PL	N.	INFO	.:						JP	2002-	3303	65	,	1 2	0021	114	

JP 2002-191779 A 20020701

IT

500577-35-5P 689258-98-8P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polyimide-metal laminates with good low-temperature adhesiveness and

solder

heat resistance and low swelling)
500577-35-5 CAPLUS
1,3-Isohenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

PRI

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 14 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L26 ANSWER 16 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The adhesive films have (A) adhesive polymer layers containing thermoplastic moplastic polymers and thermosetting resins and showing peeling strength when roll-bonded to mirror-faced Si at 20-110° ≥1 Ncm-1 and Tg of the uncured layers <60° and (B) adhesive polymer layers containing thermoplastic polymers and thermosetting resins and showing no stickiness at 550° and Tg of the uncured layers (0-150°. Thus, an adhesive film comprising (A) a layer prepared from Vamac GIS (ethylene-acrylate elastomer), HP 7200L (dicyclopentadiene-containing epoxy resin), And L (dicyclopentadiene-containing phenolic novolak resin) and (B) a layer (dicyclopentagiene-containing penolic novolak resin) and (s) a layer containing HP 7200H (epoxy resin) and a polyimide prepared from 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebia(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bia(benzenamine), a,e-bia(3-aminopropyl) poly(dimethylsiloxane), 4,4'-oxydiphthalic dianhydride, and ethylene glycol bis(trimellitate) dianhydride was bonded to a Si wafer at 100° on the A side, diced, and bonded to a substrate with improved 2004:159476 CAPLUS
140:218893
Adhesive films, dicing tapes attached therewith, and method for bonding for semiconductor devices
Kinoshita, Hitoshi: Morita, Moriji
Mitsui Chemicale Inc., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent . adhesion. ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO DATE JP 2004059859 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 20040226 20020731 20020731 JP 2002-223352 JP 2002-223352 632330-97-3P, 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with .a.-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-.e.-[([3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]sylpoly[oxy(dimethylsilyl]ene]), 5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenylenebxy)]bis[benzenamine], block RL: INF (Industrial manufacture): TEM (Technical or engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses) (2-layer adhesive films for bonding semiconductor wafers for semiconductor devices) 632330-97-3 CAPLUS 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with a-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxylpoly(oxy(dimethylsilyl]ene)], 5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine], block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

126 ANSWER 15 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ANSWER 16 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 97917-34-5 (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 PMS CM 3 CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7 4 1732-96-3 C20 H10 O10

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 17 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB We report on the synthesis and characterization of a series of low molar mass, high aspect ratio ether-inide compds. All ether-inides were obtained by terminating the appropriate dianhydride, i.e., pyromellitic dianhydride (PMDA), 1,4,5,8-naphthalenetetra-carboxylic dianhydride , (NDA) 3,3',4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydride (BPDA), and 3,3',4,4'-oxydiphthalic dianhydride (ODPA), with three flexible 3,3',4,4'-oxydiphthalic dianhydride (ODPA), with three flexible eather tails of different chain lengths. Increasing the number of substituted aryl-ether units reduces the melt transition temps, and at the same time increases the solubility of the ether-imides. When the flexibility of dianhydride moiety increases, the thermal behavior of the compds. becomes significantly more complex: The BPDA- and ODPA-based compds. form glasses and exhibit multiple crystal phases. Most compds. form isotropic melts upon heating; however, 2,7-bis-(4-phenoxy-phenyl)-benzo[lmm][3,6]phenanthroline-1,3,6,8-tetraone (NDA-nO) displays a A (SA)-type texture when cooled from the isotropic phase, followed by A (SA)-type texture when cooled from the isotropic phase, followed by what appears to be a smectic phase with a columnar arrangement of the mesogens inside the layers. Single-crystal X-ray diffraction anal. and cyclic voltammetry expts. indicate that the wholly aromatic ether-imides NDA and BPDA could be excellent candidates for n-type semiconductor applications. ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:146725 CAPJUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:339870 Holly Aromatic Ether-imides. Potential Materials for n-Type Semiconductors

AUTHOR(S): Dingemans, Theo J.: Picken, Stephen J.: Murthy, N. Sanjeeva: Mark, Paul: StClair, Terry L.: Samulski, Edward T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: 1CASE Structures and Materials, NASA Langley Research Center, Hampton, VA, 23681-2199, USA Chemistry of Materials (2004), 16(6), 966-974 CODEN: CMATEX: ISSN: 0897-4756

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society Journel Language: English PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 679837-32-2P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT RL: RCT (Reactant), ora (annual property of the first of

L26 ANSWER 18 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The adhesive resins contain a polyimide resin prepared by reacting a
diamine
component containing H2N(C6H4O)4C6H4NH2 as essential component and an
amino-terminated silicone with tetracarboxylic acid dianhydrides, and/or silicone acid dianhydride. Film adhesives made by using the adhesive resin preferably together with a thermosetting resin (e.g., epoxy resin), and, if necessary, an inorg. filler are excellent in low-temperature tion. and, if necessary, an inorg. filler are excellent in low-cemperature adhesion, resistance to moisture absorption, heat resistance, and workability in adhesive bonding and are favorably usable as semiconductor-mounting materials for bonding semiconductor devices to substrates.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-972122 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:28460

INVENTOR(S): Adhesive resins and film adhesives for bonding semiconductor devices

Xinoshita, Jin: Morita, Moritayur Mori, Minehiro; Modama, Yolchi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xinoshita, Jin: Morita, Moritayur Mori, Minehiro; Modama, Yolchi

Mitayu Chemicala, Inc., Japan
PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanes

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. WO 2003102049 A1 20031211 WO 2003-JE6776 20030529
W: CN, KR, PH, US
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
JP 2004010865 A2 20040115 JP 2002-170216 20020611
JP 2004051970 A2 20040219 JP 2003-153660 20030530
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-156705 A 20020530

578730-72-0P 632330-97-3P 632330-98-4P
632331-09-5P 632331-00-1P 632331-01-2P
632331-02-3P
RL: INF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PRPP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(heat- and moisture-resistant polyimide adhesives and film adhesives for semiconductor devices)
578730-72-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with o-((3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily]low;[(3-

(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CM

17

679837-71-92

(Reactant or reagent)

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 17 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) ["tail": thermal transitions and electrochem. behavior of wholly arom. ether-inides) 679837-71-9 CAPUS Benzenamine, 4-(3-)3-phenoxyphenoxy)-phenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

1.26 ANSWER 18 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 2 97917-34-5 (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 PMS CM 3 632330-97-3 CAPLUS 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with α -{(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl}-e-[{(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl-e-[],5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis[oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine], block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

126 ANSWER 18 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS H₂N- (CH₂)₃-Si- O-Si- (CH₂)₃-NH₂ C24 3 CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 07 632330-98-4 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with

\[\alpha_{-1}(3-\text{aninopropyl}) \] \] \] \[\displaystyle=-[[(3-\text{aninopropyl}) \] \] \[\displaystyle=-[(3-\text{aninopropyl}) \] \[\displaystyle=-[\text{oxybis}], \] \[\dis 1 CM CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4 L26 ANSWER 18 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CM 1 (Continued) CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 СМ 2 CRN 137178-97-3 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C20 H18 O7 Si2 CCI PMS 632331-00-1 CAPLUS 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with α -[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]- α -[[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]silylloxylpolyloxy(dimethylsilyllone)] and 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine], block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4 2 CM 97917-34-5 (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 PMS

L26 ANSWER 18 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CH 2 CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS CH 3 CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6 632330-99-5 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 3,3'-{1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis-, polymer with a-{(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)dimethylsilyl]-e-{[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy|poly{oxy(dimethylsilylene)| (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) L26 ANSWER 18 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CM 3 CRN 1732-96-3 CMF C20 H10 O10 632331-01-2 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[{1-methylethylidene}bis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis-, polymer with α -[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily]|- α -[([3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily]|oxy|folyg(oxy|dimethylsily]|oxy|folyg(oxy|dimethylsily]|oxy|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folygo|folyg (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4 CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

L26 ANSWER 18 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CM 3 (Continued)

CRN 38103-06-9 CMF C31 H20 08

632331-02-3 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with $\alpha-[\{3-\min porpoy1\} dimethylsi1y1]-\omega-[\{[3-\min porpoy1\} dimethylsi1y1]oxy]poly [oxy (dimethylsi1y1ene)] and 3,1'-[1,3-phenylenebis (oxy-3,1-phenyleneboxy)]bis[benzenamine], block (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)$

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CH

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

3 СН

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

L26 ANSMER 19 of 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Title laminates are prepared from copper foils having supporting metal layers and release layers and thermoplastic polyimides comprising 1,3-bis(3-(3-aminophenoxy) benzene and 21 tetracarboxylic acid anhydrides selected from 3,3',4,4'-diphenyl ether trtracarboxylic dianhydride, 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride, and 3,3',4,4'-binylitetracarboxylic dianhydride. Thus, 20 mol 1,3-bis(3-(3-aminophenoxy) phenoxy) benzene and 19.4 mol 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride were polymerized at 23' for 8 h to give a polyamic acid solution with viscosity at 25' 400 cps, which was applied on a Kapton EN polyimide film, and laminated with Microthin M having supporting copper foil to give a polyimide copper-clad laminate (copper foil supporter/thin copper foil/thermoplastic polyimide/nonthermoplastic polyimide), which was annealed at 150' for 4 h under 10 Kgf/cm2, showing peel strength 0.03 N/mm between copper foil and thermoplastic polyimide.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:936476 CAPIUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:5996
FITLE: Polyimide copper-clad laminates using very thin copper foil and their production method Hirota, Koji; Mori, Minehiro

foil and their production method Hirota, Koji: Mori, Minehiro Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: Japanese 1

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE JP 2002-155167 JP 2002-155167 JP 2003340963 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 20031202

S00577-35-5P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture): PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process): TEM (Technical or engineered material use): PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process): USES (Uses) (preparation of polyminde copper-clad laminates) 500577-35-5 CAPLUS; 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with 3,3'-(1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy))bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CH

GRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

Page 47

L26 ANSWER 18 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE 3

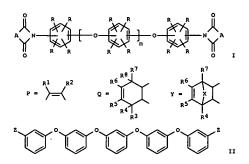
FORMAT

126 ANSWER 19 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CM 2

L26 ANSWER 20 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
A8 Polyimide resin composition with good adhesive property at low
temperature and high
moisture-resistance, which is ideal for heat-resistant adhesive, is
composed of 70-99 weight% polyimide that is prepared from an aromatic a tetracarboxylic anhydride, and 1-30 weight% bismaleimide compds.
Polyimide films, adhesive insulating tapes, and metal laminates can be prepared the above polyimide composition Thus, 1,3-bis{3-(3-aminophenoxy)phenoxy)benzene, N,N-dimethylacetamide, and 3,3',4,4'-benzophenone tetracarboxylic anhydride were polymerized and 3,3',4,4'-benrophenone tetracarboxylic anhydride were polymerized and mixed with 10 weight 1,3-bis(3-maleimidephenoxy)benzene (APB BMI) to receive a polymic acid solution, which was cast and cyclodehydrated on glass plate to obtain polymide film, or cast and cyclodehydrated on copper foil to provide a metal laminate.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:889904 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:365806
ITITLE: Blamaleimide compound-containing polymide resin composition and its applications
INVENTOR(5): Kodama, Yolchi; Mori, Minehiro PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
JON. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
CODDE: JACKAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANCUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 2003321608 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-128966 JP 2002-128966 20020430 A2 20031114 IT 500577-35-5P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (bismaleimide compound-containing polyimide resin composition for metal laminates, adhesive insulation tapes, and films)
RN 500577-35-5 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with 3,3'-(1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 21 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN



Title compds., imparting high impact resistance and rigidity on polymers, are I (R = H, halo, hydrocarbyl; A = P, Q, Y; Rl-R8 = H, halo, lower alkoxy, hydrocarbyl; X = Cl-2 alkylene, O; n = 2-7; when n = 2. N and/or

O bonded to benzene rings are on o- or m-position). Thus, II (Z = NH2) was treated with maleic anhydride in the presence of 1,3-dimethyl-2- imidazolidine to give 90% II (Z = 2,5-dioxo-2,5-dihydro-1H-1-pyrrol-1-yl). ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003.771509 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:277530 SCAPLUS Bismaleimides as crosslinking agents and additives for

polymers and their manufacture Kawaguchi, Masaru; Nagai, Tadashi Mitsui Chemicala Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKKKARF Patent Japanese INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 2003277360 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 20031002

OTHER SOURCE(s): MARPAT 139:277530

IT 500577-28-6

RE: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(manufacture of bismaleimides as crosslinking agents and additives for

Page 48

L26 ANSWER 20 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 2 CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

L26 ANSWER 21 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN · (Continued)
polymers)
RN 500577-28-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

$$\bigcup_{H_2N} \bigcap_{i=1}^{N} \bigcap_{i=1}$$

AB The laminate for semiconductor packages, etc., has a layer of thermoplastic polyimides prepared from diamines containing 1,3-bis(3-{3-aminophenoxy)benneasy) bennee a, H2RMRISHRR4(GSIRSRS)m2RSHR2 (R1, R2 = divalent C1-4 aliphatic or aromatic; R3-R6 = monovalent aliphatic or aromatic; m = 1-20) b, and other diamines c mol and acid diamhydrides containing d mol of

dianhydrides I (T = CO, COC6H4CO, OC6H4COC6H4O) and e mol of other dianhydrides while satisfying (a + b)/(a + b + c) = 0.5-1.0; Oc a/(a + b) < 1.0; Oc d/(d + e) 51.0; and 0.95 (d + e)/(a + b + c) < 1.0. Thus, 1,3-bis(3-(3-aminophenoxy)phenoxy)benzene 0.0100, BY 16-871EG (diaminosiloxane), and 3,3',4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride were reacted to give a polyamic acid solution, which was cast on SLP 18

foil) and heated to give a polyimide-Cu laminate. The laminate was press-bonded at 150° with another Cu foil to give a test piece showing 90°-peeling strength 1.52 kg/cm.

ACCESSION NUMEER: 2003:646649 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:181148

Metal-thermoplastic polyimide laminate with good low-temperature bondability and solder heat

resistance INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Kodama, Yoichi; Mori, Minehiro Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent Japanese 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PR

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003231208	A2	20030819	JP 2002-28244	20020205
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	JP 2002-28244	20020205

500577-28-6DP, polymers with diaminosiloxanes and acid dianhydrides 578730-72-0P 578730-73-1P RL: INF (Industrial manufacture): TEM (Technical or engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses) (metal/thermoplastic polyimide-polysiloxane laminate with good low-temperature bondability and solder heat resistance) 500577-28-6 CAPUUS Benzenamine, 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 22 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 578730-73-1 CAPLUS 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with a-{(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-e-{[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-e-{[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy|poly(oxy|dimethylsilyl]ene}}, 3,3'-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4,4'-diylbis(oxy|)bis(benzenamine),5,5'-carbonylbis(1,3-isobenzofurandione) and 3,3'-(1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

СМ 2

97917-34-5 {C2 H6 O Si}n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 PMS

L26 ANSWER 22 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

578730-72-0 CAPLUS

1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with

a-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-w-[([(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyllowy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)] and

3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine], block

(CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CM

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

- (CH₂)₃- NH₂

3 CM

L26 ANSWER 22 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 5

L26 ANSWER 23 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The laminate for semiconductor packaging, has a layer containing AB The laminate for semiconductor purpose, thermoplastic polyimides having repeating units I (X1-X12 = H, hydrocarbyl; n = 0, 1)

at least one side of a metal foil. Thus, a polyamic acid solution

. at least one side of a metal foil. Thus, a polyamic acid solution prepared:

from 1,3-bis(3-(3-aminophenoxy)phenoxy)benzene and 3,3',4,4'benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride was cast on SLP 105WB (Cu foil)
and heated to give a laminate, which was hot-pressed with 42 Alloy at 200' to give a test piece showing 90*-peeling strength 2.34 kgs/cm.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:460356 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:37596
TITLE: Hetal-polyimide laminate with good low-temperature adhesion and solder heat resistance

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

2003:46036 CAPLUS
139:37596
Metal-polyimide laminate with good low-temperature
adhesion and solder heat resistance
Kodama, Yoichi; Mori, Minehiro
Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
CODEN: JKKKAF
Patent

Patent Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION: COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003170528	A2	20030617	JP 2001-369566	20011204
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-369566	20011204

500577-35-5P

RE: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (USE)
(metal foil-polyowarylene-polyimide laminate with good

low-temperature

adhesion and solder heat resistance for semiconductor packaging) 500577-35-5 CAPLUS

L26 ANSWER 24 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The aromatic diamine compound having a formula I and a polyimide having a repeating unit represented by the following formula II, which has low-temperature adherability, are prepared, where n is an integer of

3-7, R is independently an atom or a group selected from the group consisting of a H, a halogen atom and a hydrocarbon group, the same or different two hetero atoms selected from N and O bonded to each benzene ring are at the orthor or meta-positions to each other on at least one benzene ring, and when n is 3, the hetero atoms are at the orthor or meta-positions to each other on all the benzene rings and Y is a tetravalent organic group.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:172961 CAPLUS
COCUMENT NUMBER: 138:222013

ITITLE: Novel aromatic diamine and polyimide
Kodama, Yoichi; Mori, Minehiro; Nagai, Naoshi;
Kawaguchi, Masaru
Mitsui Chemicals, Inc., Japan
Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp.
CODEN: EFEXLOW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English 1 LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE 20020902 EP 1288191 EP 1288191 20030305 20030702 EP 2002-19705

Page 50

L26 ANSWER 23 OF 39 CAPLUS COPTRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CN 1,3-laobenrofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(coxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA

CH. 1

500577-28-6 C30 H24 N2 O4

2

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L26 ANSWER 24 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
JP 2003231753 AZ 20030819 JP 2002-247390 20020823
JP 20040002255 AZ 20040108 JP 2002-247130 20020823
CN 1403439 A 20030319 CN 2002-142274 20020829
US 2003092870 A1 20030515 US 2002-22744 20020903
US 6737503 BZ 2004018
US 2004082754 A1 20040429 US 2003-718532 20031124
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-267218 A 20010904
                                                                                                                                                                                                            JP 2002-101107
                                                                                                                                                                                                            JP 2001-369100
                                                                                                                                                                                                           JP 2001-369101
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US 2002-232744 A3 20020903

OTHER SOURCE(S): NARPAT 138:222013

T 500577-31-1P 500577-33-3P 500577-35-5P
500577-37-7P 500577-39-9P 500577-43-5P
RL: CPS (Chemical process): IMF (Industrial manufacture): PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process): PRP (Properties): TEM (Technical or engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): PROC (Process): USES (Uses) (synthesis of novel aromatic diamines and polyimides having low-temperature adherability)

RN 500577-31-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H, 3H-Benze(1, 2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

500577-28-6 C30 H24 N2 O4

2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

500577-33-3 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

$$\mathsf{H}_{2N} \longrightarrow \mathsf{NH}$$

2

500577-35-5 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 24 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

$$\mathsf{H}_{2^N} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{O} \qquad \mathsf{O} \qquad \mathsf{O} \qquad \mathsf{O} \qquad \mathsf{N}_{\mathsf{H}_2}$$

СМ 2

CRN 1779-17-5 CMF C19 H12 O6

500577-43-5 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo(1, 2-c:4, 5-c'|difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
3, 3'-'[1, 3-phenylenebis(oxy-3, 1-phenyleneoxy-3, 1phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 500577-30-0 CMF C42 H32 N2 O6

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L26 ANSWER 24 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 2

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

RN 500577-37-7 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

СH 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

$$\underset{\mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{N}}{ \qquad \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{H}_2}{ \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{H}_2}{ \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{H}_2}{ \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{H}_2}{ \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{H}_2}{ \qquad \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{H}_2}{ \qquad \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{H}_2}{ \qquad N} \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{H}_2}{ \qquad \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{N}\mathsf{N}\mathsf{N}_2}{ \qquad } \qquad \underset{\mathsf{$$

2

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

500577-39-9 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with
3,3'-[1,3-penylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 500577-28-6 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 24 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

500577-28-69 500577-29-79 500577-30-09 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation);

Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis of novel aromatic diamines and polyimides having temperature adherability)
500577-28-6 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

500577-29-7 CAPLUS Benzene, 1, 3-bis[3-(3-fluorophenoxy)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

500577-30-0 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

L26 ANSWER 24 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L26 ANSWER 25 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued) PAGE 1-B

(Continued)

126 ANSWER 25 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Cyclo-dendritic hybrid macromols, were synthesized using preformed blocks of hydroxymethyl crown ethers and poly(benzyl ether) monodendrons. The synthesis is based on phase-transfer reaction of 2-hydroxymethyl crown ether (12-crown-6, 18-crown-6) and dendritic bromides G-2 to G-4, using NaH (strong base) in THF or DMF. The products of the G-2 dendritic bromides are heavy oils and those of higher generations are white foamy glassy solids. The ring size of the crown ethers did not affect the nucleophilicity and all showed similar reactivity. A change from flat, two-dimensional geometry of G-2 to the globular shape of G-4 affects slightly the reactivity of the dendritic wedges but the focal point functionalities are still readily accessible for nucleophilic attack
in the fourth generation. :R
in the fourth generation.
SSION NUMBER: 2000:104477 CAPLUS
GENT NUMBER: 132:294104 ACCESSION NUMBER: Synthesis of new hybrid macromolecules with cyclo-dendritic architecture TITLE: Gitsov, Ivan; Ivanova, Pavlina T. Dep. Chem. Chemical Biol. & Cornell Cent. Mater. AUTHOR (5): CORPORATE SOURCE: Res., Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, 14853, USA Chemical Communications (Cambridge) (2000), (4), 269-270 CODEN: CHCOPS; ISSN: 1359-7345 Royal Society of Chemistry Journal · SOURCE: PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English 264883-35-4 (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of cyclo-dendrimers from crown ethers and poly(benzyl bromide dendrons via phase transfer reaction with sodium hydride)
264883-35-4 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,3-bis[3,5-bis[3,5-diphenoxyphenoxy]-5-bromo- [9CI] RN CN (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

ANSWER 26 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Perfluoro(4-phenoxy-2.5-cyclohexadienone) reacts with sodium 4-nitro- and
4-methoxycarbonylphenoxides in glyme at 65°C to give the
corresponding 2.4,6-trifluoro-3,5-bis(aryloxy)-4-[2.4,6-trifluoro-3,5-bis(aryloxy)phenoxy]-2,5-cyclohexadienones. Reduction of the latter to
phenols, followed by reaction with perfluorotoluene, results in formation
of branched polyfluorinated polyphenyl ethers containing NO2 and CO2CH3
functional groups. Reduction of the dinitro polyphenyl ether yields the
corresponding diamino derivative A similar reaction sequence gives rise
to a

to a linear polyphenyl ether, starting from 6-chloro-2, 3, 4, 5, 6-pentafluoro-2, 4-cyclohexadien-1-one and tetrafluororesorcinol.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:513659 CAPIUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:257279
TITLE: Synthesis of fluorinated polyphenyl ethers by reaction. TITLE: reaction

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

of polyfluorinated cyclohexadienones with substituted phenols
Kovtonyuk, V. N.; Kobrina, L. S.
Novosibirsk Institute of Organic Chemistry, Siberian Division, Russian Academy of Sciences, Novosibirsk, 630090, Russia
Russian Journal of Organic Chemistry (Translation of Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii) (1999), 35(1), 74-79
CODEN: RJOCEQ; ISSN: 1070-4280
MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing
Journal
English

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

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L26 ANSWER 27 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Title polyimides having 2,2',5,5',6,6'-hexafluorobiphenyl-3,3',4,4'-
tetracarboxylic imide units are prepared Laminated boards have films of
 the
                  polyimides with excellent heat resistance and low thermal expansion, dielec. constant, birefringence, and H2O absorption. Thus, p-phenylenediamine was treated with equipolar 2,2",5,5",6,6"-hexafluorobiphenyl-3,3",4,4"-tetracarboxylic acid dianhydride at a room temperature for 8 h in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone to obtain a poly(amic solution)
                    with logarithmic viscosity 0.40. It was applied on a glass sheet and
then
heated to give a film showing Tg ≥450°, sp. inductive
capacity 3.1 e, linear expansion coefficient 1.0, birefringence 0.00003
ANNY, and water absorption 1.24%.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:134401 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:210630
Fluorine-containing polyimides, laminated boards
therefrom, and poly/(amic acid) solutions therefor
Yamamoto, Tomohiko: Tsumiyama, Tatsuo; Sugimoto, Koji
Ube Industries, Ltd., Japan
John. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
CODEN: JOKNAF
PATENT INFORMATION:
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                    PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                DATE
                                                                                                                                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                        KIND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          DATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          19970805
19980804
19970805
JP 11049855
US 6040418
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                                                                                                          JP 1997-210606
US 1998-128665
JP 1997-210606
                                                                                          A2
A
                                                                                                                 19990223
20000321
               220944-81-0F
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRF (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses) (polyimides having hexafluorobiphenyltetracarboximide group with good heat and water resistance and low thermal expansion, dielec. constant, and birefringence) 220944-81-0 CAPLUS (5.5'-Biisobenzofuran)-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, 4,4',6,6',7,7'-hexafluoro-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                  CM 1
                  CRN 217182-71-3
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
                               2
                 CH
contains (A) an acid dianhydride component of an average electron affinity

1.40-2.05 eV containing 3, 3', 4, 4' diphenylsulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride $50 mol% of the total acid dianhydride component, (B) an diamine component of an average ionizing potential 7.15-7.45 eV containing an aromatic diamine 20-70 mol% of the total diamine component, wherein the aromatic
                   diamine has a C1-10 organic group fluoro-organic group, C1, F, Br or I
```

L26 ANSWER 28 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The title composition contains a polymer and a sensitizer, wherein the
polymer
contains (A) an acid dianhydride component of an average electron aromatic
diamine has a C1-10 organic group fluoro-organic group, C1, F, Br or 1
on the
ortho position of the amino group, and (C) the difference of the ionizing
potential of the diamine component and the electron affinity of the acid
diamhydride component being in the range of 5.45-5.85 eV. The precursor
composition can be exposed i or g ray of the Hg lamp.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1998-744796 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1198-744796 CAPLUS
130:59061
130:59061
17ITLE:
Photosensitive polyimide precursor composition
Tomakawa, Masso: Yoshimura, Toshio; Miura, Yasuo
Toray Industries, Inc., Japan
SOURCE:
JPIN. KOKAI TOKKYO Koho, 19 pp.
CODEN: JUXXAF
PABLIX ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PARTENT INFORMATION:

1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 10301281 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19981113 JP 1998-43617 JP 1997-40628 IT 217182-72-4P
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (photosensitive polyimide precursor composition containing specified dianhydride component and diamine component)
217182-72-4 CAPLUS
11.3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-isobenzofurandione], 4,4'-methylenebis[2-ethyl-6-methylbenzenamine] and 3,3'-{oxybis(3,1-phenyleneoxy})bis[benzenamine]
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 1 CRN 217182-71-3 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L26 ANSWER 27 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CRN 23266-67-3 CMF C16 F6 O6

L26 ANSWER 28 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM 2

3

89-32-7 C10 H2 O6

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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The title photoreceptors comprise a conductive support coated with a photosensitive layer containing a bisazo compound I [K1, K2 = OH-containing coupler residue having a group with coupling ability, 1 of K1 and K2 is II (Y = divalent N-conty heterocycle which may be substituted, divalent aromatic hydrocarbon which may be substituted, it valuent group having 22 groups selected from III and IV: R1, R2 = H, halo, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) aryl: the benzene rings A, B, and C may have substituents]. The photoreceptors show high photosensitivity and and good durability in repeated use. Thus, an Al vapor-deposited polyester film was coated with a charge-generating layer containing V and with a charge-generating layer containing V and with a charge-transporting layer containing a hydrazone compound to give a photozeceptor.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:849478 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:215963

1995:849478 CAPLUS
124:215963
Electrophotographic photoreceptors using novel bisazo compound
Rin, Mamoru; Tanaka, Noriko
Mitsubishi Kagaku KK, Japan
Jph. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
CODEN: JOKOMF
Patent
Japanese
1

INVENTOR (5): PATENT ASSIGNEE (5): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07168378	A2	19950704	JP 1993-316552	19931216
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-316552	19931216

170893-89-7

TT 1/08/3-99-7 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (electrophotog. photoreceptor containing bisazo compound as charge-generating

ge-generating
agent)
170893-89-7 CAPLUS
2-Anthracenecatboxamide, 4-{[3-[3-[3-[3-[9-(10-,11 or
12)-chloro-5-hydroxy-7-oxo-7H-benzimidazo[2,1-a]benz[de]isoquinolin-4y]]azo|phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]pheny1]szo]-3-hydroxy-N-pheny1- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 30 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Reaction of perfluorinated cyclohexadienone I with C6F5ONa in MeCN or

PhOH or 3,5-(C6F50)2C6F30H in MeCN containing K2C03 at 20 $^{\circ}$ gave 71-86t products of substitution of 1 in the 3- and 5-positions of the diene

which isomerize upon heating. Reaction of I with phenols and K2CO3 in MeCN at 70° gave products in which 4 F atoms at positions 3 and 5 in the diene ring and 3 and 5 in the aromatic ring were substituted.

in the diene ring and 3 and 3 in the elements line elements and send of the tetrakis(aryloxy) dienones thus obtained gave 63-94% fluorinated 3,5-bis(aryloxy)phenols, which reacted with C6F6 to give 1,5,5-trisubstituted fluorinated polyphenyl ethers.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:235168 CAPLUS

TITLE: Nucleophilic substitution of a fluorine atom in perfluoro(phenoxycyclohexadienones). Synthesis of 1,3,5-trisubstituted fluorine-containing polyphenyl ethers

AUTHOR(S): KOVtonyuk, V. N.; Kobrina, L. S.

ethers
Covering fluorine-containing polyphenyl thers
Kovtonyuk, V. N.; Kobrina, L. S.
Novosib. Inst. Org. Khim., Novosibirsk, USSR
Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1991), 27(11), 2289-97
CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492
Journal
Russian

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 116:235168
IT 14215-99-89
RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and etherification of, with hexafluorobenzene)
RN 141215-99-8 CAPLUS
CN Phenol, 2,4,6-trifluoro-3,5-bis[2,4,6-trifluoro-3,5-bis[cpentafluorophenoxy)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

D1-C1

L26 ANSWER 30 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

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141215-97-69
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reduction of)
141215-97-6 CAPUS
2,5-Cyclohexadien-1-one, 2,4,6-trifluoro-3,5-bis(2,4,6-trifluoro-3,5-

bis(pentafluorophenoxy)phenoxy)-4-[2,4,6-trifluoro-3,5-bis[2,4,6-trifluoro-3,5-bis[pentafluorophenoxy)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

141216-01-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
141216-01-5 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,3,5-trifluoro-2-(pentafluorophenoxy)-4,6-bia(2,4,6-trifluoro-3,5-bia(pentafluorophenoxy)) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 31 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

The title compns. With good heat resistance and elec. and mech. characteristics contain polyimides of repeating unit I (Z = S, SC6H4S, CMe2C6H4CMe2, XC6H4YC6H4X; X = O, S, CRIR2; Y = direct bond, O, S, SO2, CRIR2, CO; RI, R2 = H, halogen, Cl-5 haloalkyl) and intrinsic viscosity 0.3-5.0 dL/g, dissolved in organic solvent(s), and prepared by imidation

O.3-5.0 dL/g, dissolved in organic solvent(s), and prepared by imidation in an aprotic polar organic solvent and/or phenolic solvent. 4,4'-Bis(p-aminophenoxy)diphenyl sulfone was polymerized with di-Ph sulfone-3,3',4,4'
tetracarboxylic dianhydride in N-methylpyrolidone at 25-30° for 1 h then heated at 160° for 5 h to give a polyimide solution The polyimide had intrinsic viscosity (5 g/100 mb N-methylpyrrolidone, 25') 0.7., decomposition temperature 255', softening temperature 285', tensile strength 12.2 kg/mm2, and modulus 271 kg/mm2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:458573 CAPIUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:58573

INVENTOR(S): Ikeda, Tauyoshi; Sanami, Hiroshi: Nakazawa, Mikiro; Kawashima, Yuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): New Japan Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

Jon. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japan

DOCUMENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 1988-31591 JP 1987-32030 A A2 JP 64000121 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19890105

118570-32-4P
RL: INF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of, soluble, heat-resistant)
118570-32-4 CAPLUS
1.3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4.4'-[oxybis[3,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 61041-13-2 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

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L26 ANSWER 31 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

2

AB Title polyimides containing repeating units I (Z = SC6H4S, X1C6H4YC6H4XZ; X1-2

= O, S; Y = direct bond, O, S, SOZ, CO) are prepared by treating di-Ph sulfone-3,3',4'-t-tetracarboxylic acid derivs. with Z(C6H4NHZ-4)Z. Thus, a solution of 4,4'-bis(p-aminophenoxyldiphenyl sulfone in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone was treated with di-Ph sulfone-3,3',4,4'-tetracarboxylic dianhydride at 25-30' for 1 h and the mixture was heated at 160' for 5 h to give a polyimide with intrinsic viscosity 0.79 di/g, 10t-weight-loss temperature 565', softening point 285', tensile strength 12.2 kg/mm2, and modulus 271 kg/mm2.

ACCESSION NUMEER: 11905:8329 GAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:58329

TITLE: Solvent-soluble aromatic polyimides and their manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Ikeda, Tsuyoshi: Hami, Hiroshi: Nakazawa, Mikiro; Kawashima, Yuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): New Japan Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan John. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JACKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese 1

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63199239	A2	19880817	JP 1987-32029	19870213
JP 05062893 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	В4	19930909	JP 1987-32029	19870213

ΙŤ 118570-32-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, solvent-soluble)
18570-32-4 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-(avyhsia/3,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis/benzenamine| (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 61041-13-2 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

ANSWER 33 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The title lubricants, useful for magnetic disks, contain
RfR1(R2)m(OC6H4)nOP (Rf = F-containing alkyl, polyoxyalkyl; R1 = CH2, or co

R2 = C2-3 oxyalkylene; $m \ge 0$; n = 0-5) as main components. Thus, 50 g Krytox 157FS(L) was dispersed in a mixture of trichlorotrifluoroethane

Me2O, then stirred with 1N LiAlH4 Me2O solution to give 25 g
F[CF(CF3)CF2O]nCF(CF3)CH2OH (average n = 14), which was treated with
mol

mol equivalent PhBr in trifluorotrichloroethane in the presence of NaH at $20-50^{\circ}$ for 6 h to give F[CF(CF3)CF2O]nCF(CF3)CH2OPh (average n = 14; I). Thus, a phenolic epoxy resin magnetic film was coated with I and

heat

set to give a sample. The coating of the sample did not break in 53,000
revolutions at 10 g load, 10 m/s, and 25°, vs. 23,000 revolutions
for Al plate magnetic coating coated with Krytox 143 AC (lubricant).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:633990 CAPIUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:233990
ILIDITICALS: Lubricants for plastics
INVENTOR(S): Shoji, Saburo; Ito, Yutaka; Nakano, Fumio; Narahara,
Toshikazu
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitchi, Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: JUNEAN JONEAN CODEN: JOCKAR
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: Japanese 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63150384	A2	19880623	JP 1986-296545	19861215
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1986-296545	19861215

117829-68-2
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, with fluorine-containing polyethers)
117829-68-2 CAPLUS
Benene, 1-[3-(3-bromophenoxy)phenoxy]-3-(3-phenoxyphenoxy)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

126 ANSWER 32 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

CRN 2540-99-0 CMF C16 H6 O8 S

L26 ANSWER 34 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Electrophilic bromide was used for the site-specific bromination of $3-PhO\{C6H3O\}nPh\{n=1,5\}$. Compared to the Ph ether stationary phases

column

column

packings and changes the selectivity and polarity of the phases only to a small extent. I has the most useful stationary phase properties for the separation of organic compds. with a useable temperature range of 80-200'.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:67923 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:67923

TITLE: Super-

1984:67923 CAPLUS
100:67923 Synthesis and stationary phase properties of bromophenyl ethers
Dhanesar, Subhash C.: Poole, Colin F.
Dep. Chem., Wayne State Univ., Detroit, MI, 48202,

AUTHOR (S) : CORPORATE SOURCE:

Journal of Chromatography (1983), 267(2), 293-301 CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673 Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: English

(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

85034-05-5 CAPLUS

Benzene, 1,5-dibromo-2,4-bis(2,4-dibromo-5-(2,4-dibromophenoxy)phenoxy)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 34 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

$$\underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} Br \\ Br \\ Br \\ \end{array} }_{Br} \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} Br \\ Br \\ \end{array} }_{Br} \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} Br \\ Br \\ \end{array} }_{Br} \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} Br \\ Br \\ \end{array} }_{Br}$$

88708-92-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and gas chromatog. Strong phase properties of)
88708-82-1 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,3-dibromo-4,6-bis[2,4-dibromo-5-[2,4-dibromo-5-(2,4-dibromophenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy] (GG INDEX NAME)

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L26 ANSWER 36 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Investigation of structure and optical properties of 8 poly(amide acids) and the corresponding polylmides (p-phenyleneddamine-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer [25038-82-8], etc.) indicated that the crystalline structure of polyimides, formed at elevated temps., was preceded by sufficiently perfected, on the optical level, structure of the corresponding poly(amide acids) that were amorphous according to x-ray diffraction data. Components of the polarizability tensors of monomeric units in poly(amide acids) and polyimides were calculated, and the sutability units in poly(amide acids) and polyimides were calculated, and tne
suitability
of conoscopic detns. was demonstrated for following the imidization of
poly(amide acids), crystallization of polyimides, and determination of
the position of the
macromol. axis (relative to the film surface) in phase transitions.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:578153 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:178153
TITLE: Morphology and optical properties of polyimides and
poly(ester imides)
AUTHOR(S): Kenarov, A. V.; Sidorovich, A. V.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1976),
18(9), 1945-50

CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 61041-14-3 61041-16-5

61041-14-3 61041-16-5
RL: PRP (Properties)
(morphol. and optical properties of)
61041-14-3 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 61041-13-2 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

L26 ANSWER 35 OF 39 CAPLUS COPTRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB qeneral route for preparation of cyanophenyl ethers for polar thermally
stable liquid phases in gas chromatog. is described. Electrophilic
bromination of polyphenyl ethers with Tl(OAc)l catalysis occurred
exclusively para to the ether bond. Under vigorous reaction conditions
the terminal Ph rings may be O-brominated. On subsequent reaction with
CUCN all p-Br groups may be exchanged but o-Br groups are resistant to reaction

1983:125514 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

1983:125314 CAPLUS 99:125514 Synthesis and chromatographic properties of cyanophenyl ethers Dhanesar, S. C.; Poole, C. F. Dep. Chem., Wayne State Univ., Detroit, MI, 48202, AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Journal of Chromatography (1982), 252, 91-9 CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673 Journal SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

(9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

85034-05-5 CAPLUS Benzene, 1,5-dibromo-2,4-bis[2,4-dibromo-5-[2,4-dibromophenoxy]phenoxy]-[951] (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 36 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

61041-16-5 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-3,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 61041-15-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L26 ANSWER 37 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB The title compds. (I, n = 1-5) which are useful in high temperature lubricants.

ceants, are prepared by heating 2 moles PhOH or of 3-(3-RC6H4O)C6H4OH, (R = H or PhO) with 1 mole m-C6H4Br2 or with 2 moles 3-(3-RC6H4O)C6H4Br (R = H,

or 3-PhOC6H4O) in the presence of 86% aqueous KOH and Cu powder.

SSION NUMBER: 1971:405482 CAPLUS

KENT NUMBER: 75:5482

E: Poly(phenyl ethers)

HTOR(S): Brown, Gordon P.

WT ASSIGNEE(S): General Electric Co.

CE: U.S., 4 pp.

COEN: USXXAM

KENT TYPE: Patent

LIGGE: Polish

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
us 3567783	A	19710302	US 1960-51500	19600824
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1960-51500 A	19600824

32220-73-8P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) 32220-73-8 CAPEUS
Benzene, 1-(m-bromophenoxy)-3-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)- (

enoxy)-3-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)- (BCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 38 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

17742-32-4 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1-(p-chlorophenoxy)-3-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17742-37-9 CAPLUS Benzene, 1-[m-(pentafluorophenoxy)phenoxy]-3-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)- (8CI) (CA INDEX MANE)

17742-42-6 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,2,4,5-tetrafluoro-3,6-bis[m-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)phenoxy]- (8CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 38 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB A number of perfluorinated and partially fluorinated phenyl and polyphenyl

pnenys ethers were synthesized, characterized for thermal stability, fire resistance, and viscosity, and compared with their H analogs to assess

potential use of this class of compds. as functional fluids. Without exception, polyfluorination and perfluorination lower thermal stability; the decrease in stability depends on the position and number of fluorine substituents. The autoignition temperature and fire resistance are not

over the H analog, and viscosity is degraded. These data coupled with

comparatively high melting points do not suggest a bright future for this class of compds. as useful functional fluids. 6 references.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:77890 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 68:77890

68:77890 Synthesis, thermal stability, flammability, and viscosity of some partially fluorinated and perfluorinated aromatic and polyaromatic ethers Richardson, George Albert: Blake, Edward S. Monsanto Res. Corp., Dayton, OB, USA Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Product Research and Development (1968), 7(1), 17-21 AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

and Development (1968), 7(1), 1
CODEN: IEPRAG: ISSN: 0196-4321
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 5026-82-4F 17742-39-9F 17742-30-2F
17742-32-4F 17742-37-9F 17742-42-6F
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 5026-82-4 CAPUUS
CN Benzene, 1-(m-5)

Senzene, 1-(m-fluorophenoxy)-3-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX

17742-29-9 CAPLUS Benzene, 1-(pentafluorophenoxy)-3-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

17742-30-2 CAPLUS Benzene, 1-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)-3-(2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxy)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L26 ANSWER 39 OF 39 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB Polyphenyl ethers containing 4-7 Ph groups and in which one of the terminal

inal groups is substituted by 1, 2, or 5 F atoms and by 2 m-phenoxyphenyl groups are heat-stable compds. with low m.ps. The mono-F compds. were prepared by condensation of an alkali phenoxide with bromofluorobenzene

the presence of Cu. The penta-F compds. were prepared by condensation

of an

alkali phenoxide with hexafluorobenzene. 1,3,4-Trifluorotris(mphenoxyphenoxy)benzene was prepared by condensation of 3 equivalent of K
m-phenoxyphenoxide with hexafluorobenzene. Thus, 58.4 g.
m-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)phenol was mixed with 12.4 g. KOH and 35 ml. PhMe;
water was removed with the PhMe by azeotropic distillation The dry
phenoxide

was dissolved in 100 ml. diglyme and added to a solution of 35 m-bromofluorobenzene in 100 ml. diglyme containing 0.5 g. Cu po

a period of 2.25 hrs. at 155°. The mixture was then stirred for 25.5 hrs. at 165° cooled, and filtered. The diglyme was distilled and the residue dissolved in ether. The ether solution was washed with acid,

nat. at 05 Gooder, and ifferent line of highly was was distilled and the residue dissolved in ether. The ether solution was washed with acid, dilute alkali, and water, and distillation gave 44.5 g. (59.5% theory) of pure m(m-fluorophenoxy) phenyl m-phenoxyphenyl ether, decomposition 462° b0.15 212°, n250 1.694.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 63:87872 CAPLUS 600CUMENT NUMBER: 63:87872 CRIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 63:16116f-g
TITLE: Heat-atable hydraulic fluids
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Heat-atable hydraulic fluids
SOURCE: 18 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. DATE NL 6414074 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 19631204

5026-82-4, Benzene, 1-(m-fluorophenoxy)-3-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)(as hydraulic fluid)
5026-82-4 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1-(m-fluorophenoxy)-3-(m-phenoxyphenoxy)- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31 22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds : 2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

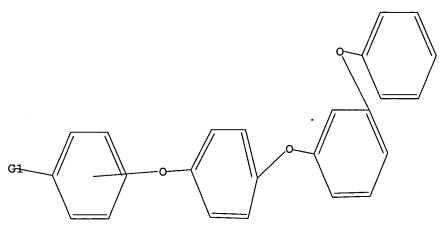
G2:X,Ak,H

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

STRUCTURE UPLOADED L27

=> d query L27 STR



G1 N, X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 31334 TO 36266 PROJECTED ANSWERS:

0 TO

L28 0 SEA SSS SAM L27 => s 127 full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:42:58 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 33622 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 33622 ITERATIONS

31 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L29 31 SEA SSS FUL L27

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 129

L30 14 L29

=> d 130 1-14 abs ibib hitstr

studied by the Monte Carlo, Kuhn segment, and quantum chemical AM1

The corresponding linear plots can be used for estimation of the glass transition and initial decomposition temps. when exptl. determination is difficult. ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 2002:479425 CAPLUS 137:295427

137:295427

Effect of conformational rigidity on the glass
transition and initial decomposition temperatures of
polyimides
Ronova, I. A.; Eylshina, L. B.; Vasilyuk, A. N.;
Rusanov, A. L.; Bulycheva, E. G.
A. N. Nesmeyanov Institute of Organoelement TITLE

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, 119991, Russia Russian Chemical Bulletin (Translation of Izvestiya Akademii Nauk, Seriya Khimicheskaya) (2002), 51(5), 820-824

020-024 CODEN: RCBUEY; ISSN: 1066-5285 Kluwer Academic/Consultants Bureau Journal English

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 272115-85-2

AUTHOR (S):

272115-85-2

RE: PRP (Properties)

(effect of conformational rigidity on glass transition and initial decomposition temps. of polyimides)

272115-85-2 CAPLUS

[2]Benzopyrano[6,5,4-def][2]benzopyran-1,3,6,8-tetrone, polymer with 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM

CRN 81-30-1 CMF C14 H4 O6

ANSWER 2 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Poly(naphthalenecarboximides) and poly(perylenecarboximides) with a reduced viscosity of 0.20-0.89 dL/g were synthesized by the interaction οf

phenoxy-substituted diamines-derivs. of 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene with a numbe of bis(phthalic anhydrides) by high-temperature polycondensation in

solvents. The resulting polymers are characterized by an improved

phenolic
solvents. The resulting polymers are characterized by an improved
solubility
in organic solvents, their glass transition temps. lie in the
250-315°C range, and the temps. corresponding to the onset of
intense degradation are in the 475-500°C.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:524127 Capflus
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:242603
TITLE: Soluble poly(naphthalenecarboximides) and
poly(perylenecarboximides) based on
phenoxy-substituted diamines

AUTHOR(S): Rusanov, A. L.; Bulycheva, E. G.; Elshina, L. B.;
Shevelev, S. A.; Dutov, M. D.; Vatsadze, I. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Number of the solution of the

IRGE: RUSDA-GI
168939-63-2P (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(Intermediate in monomer preparation; preparation and properties of

poly(naphthalenecarboximides) and poly(perylenecarboximides) based on phenoxy-substituted diamines) 16839-63-2 CAPLUS Benzene, 1,4-bis(3-nitro-5-phenoxyphenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 179264-07-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(Reactant or reagent

L30 ANSWER 1 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 20

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 2 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

272115-85-2P 272115-87-6P 360079-18-1P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and properties of soluble poly(naphthalenecarboximides)

poly(perylenecarboximides) based on phenoxy-substituted diamines)
272115-85-2 CAPLUS
[2]Benzopyrano16,5,4-def][2]benzopyran-1,3,6,8-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis(5-phenoxybenzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

272115-87-4 CAPLUS
Perylo[3,4-cd:9,10-c'd']dipyran-1,3,8,10-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (0 (CA INDEX CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

360079-18-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Maphtho[1, 8-cd|pyran-1, 3-dione, 6, 6'-[1, 3-phenylenedicsrbonyl]bis-,
polymer with 3, 3'-[1, 4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB New condensation monomers-primarily diamines containing phenoxy,
thiophenoxy
and phenylsulfone substituents were obtained from 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene
(TNT). Interaction of some dinitro compds. containing strong
electron-withdrawing groups in meta-positions with bis-phenols under
conditions of aromatic nucleophilic polynitro substitution reactions led

the formation of aromatic oligoethers. Based on aromatic diamines

containing phenoxy and thiophenoxy substituents under conditions of traditional polycondensation and cyclo-condensation reactions, aromatic polyamides

polyimides demonstrating improved processability combined with high thermal stability were obtained.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:248747 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:17907
ITITLE: New condensation aromatic polymers containing phenoxy,

AUTHOR (S):

thiophenoxy, and phenylsulphone side groups Rusanov, A. L.: Tartakovskiy, V. A.: Shevelev, S. A.; Dutov, M. D.: Vatsadse, I. A.; Serushkina, O. V.; Komarova, L. G.; Prigozhina, M. P.; Bulycheva, E. G.; Elshina, L. B. A.N. Nesmeyanov Institute of Organo-Element

Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, 117813, Russia Polymer (2000), 41(13), 5021-5037 CODEM: POLMAG: ISSN: 0032-3861 Elsevier Science Ltd.

POINTER (2000), 41(13), 5021-5037

PUBLISHER: CODEM: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861

PUBLISHER: Elsewier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

179264-32-5P 179264-34-7P 179264-46-7P

272115-83-2P 272115-87-4P 272115-90-9P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(condensation aromatic polymers containing phenoxy, thiophenoxy, and phenylsulfone side groups)

RN 179264-32-5 CAPUS

CN 1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4, 5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis(5-phenoxybenzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24-N2 O4

130 ANSWER 2 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CH 2

CRN 107503-27-5 CMF C32 H14 08

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

179264-34-7 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Blisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

179264-36-9 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis(5-phenoxybenzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СЖ

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

179264-38-1 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-(1,4-phenylenebis(oxy))bis(5-phenoxybenzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

ан

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

272115-85-2 CAPLUS
[2]Benzopyrano[6,5,4-def][2]benzopyran-1,3,6,8-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM

CRN 81-30-1 CMF C14 H4 O6

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

179264-40-5 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenylenexy)]bis-, polymer with 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

179264-42-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis-, polymer with 3,3'-[1,4phenylenebis(oxy)}bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

272115-87-4 CAPLUS
Perylo[3,4-cd:9,10-c'd']dipyran-1,3,8,10-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CRN 128-69-8 CMF C24 HB O6

272115-90-9 CAPLUS

1H, 3H-Naphtho[1,8-cd]pyran-1,3-dione, 6,6'-(1,4-phenylenedicarbonyl)bis-,
polymer with 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis{oxy}]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 107503-31-1 CMF C32 H14 O8

IT 179264-07-4P
RL: PRP (Properties): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation)
(monomer: condensation aromatic polymers containing phenoxy,
thiophenoxy, and
phenylsulfone side groups)
RN 179264-07-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxy- {9CI} (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB New aromatic diamines containing phenoxide substituents - derivs. of

2.4.6-trinitrotoluene - were synthesized. The reaction of these diamines
with aromatic tetracarboxylic diamhydrides yielded phenoxy-aubstituted
polyimides. The effect of the structure of the synthesized polymers on
their major characteristics was studied. It was found that all
polyimides, especially polyimides based on diamhydrides containing

"dangling"
groups, show large differences between the glass transition and
degradation

temps., whereas high thermal stability of these polymers remains unchanged. The majority of the obtained polymers are well soluble in organic

solvents. ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

1998:6753 CAPLUS
128:89167
New phenoxy-substituted aromatic diamines and related polylmides
Rusanov, A. L.; Komarova, L. G.; Prigozhina, M. P.;
Sheveleva, T. S.; Es'kov, A. A.; Shevelev, S. A.;
Dutov, M. D.; Vatsadze, I. A.
Nesmeyanov Inst. Organoelement Compds., Russ. Acad.
Sci., Moscow, 117813, Russia
Vysokomolekulyarnye Scedineniya, Seriya A i Seriya B
(1997), 39(10), 1701-1705
CODEN: VSSBEE; ISSN: 1023-3091
MAIK Nauka
Journal
Russian AUTHOR (5):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 179264-07-179264-07-49

1/920=-U-sp RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) [monomer; phenoxy-substituted aromatic diamines and related [mides]

monomer; phenoxy-substituted aromatic diamines and related polyimides)
RN 179264-07-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 3,3'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)}bis[5-phenoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

179264-32-5P 179264-34-7P 179264-36-9P
179264-38-1P 179264-40-5P 179264-42-7P
RL: PRP (Properties): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(polyimide preparation from phenoxy-substituted aromatic diamines)
179264-32-5 CAPLUS
1H. 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4, 5-c']difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
3, 3'-[1, 4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis(5-phenoxybenzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

L30 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4 (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

179264-34-7 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Bilsobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

179264-36-9 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)|bis(5-phenoxybenzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

СH 2

179264-38-1 CAPLUS
1,3-Taobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-(1,4-phenylenebis(oxyl)bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

179264-42-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofutandione, 5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1(trifluoromethyl)lethylidene|bis-, polymer with 3,3'-[1,4phenylenebis(oxy)|bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

IT 168839-63-2P
RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reactant in monomer preparation; phenoxy-substituted aromatic diamines and related polyimides)
RN 168839-63-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzene, 1,4-bis(3-nitro-5-phenoxyphenoxy)~ (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

179264-40-5 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis-, polymer with 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 38103-06-9 CMF C31 H20 O8

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L30 ANSWER 5 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB Title only translated.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:765691 CAPLUS

1997:765691 CAPLUS 128:48636 DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Bis-(3-mino-5-phenoxy)phenyl ether of hydroquinone and polyinides on its base for thermal resistant material

material
Rusanov, Aleksandr L.; Komarova, Lyudnila G.;
Prigozhina, Harina P.: Sheveleva, Tatyana S.;
Solomatina, Aleksandra I.; Shevelev, Svyatoslav A.;
Dutov, Nikhail D.; Vatsadze, Irina A.; Serushkina,
Olga V. INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Olga V.

Institut Elementoorganicheskikh Soedinenij RAN,
Russia; Institut Organicheskoj Khimii RAN
Russ. From: Isobreteniya 1997, (3), 154-155.
CODEN: RUGKET SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Russian

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
RU 2072350 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	C1	19970127	RU 1994-28860 RU 1994-28860	19940802 19940802

IT

179264-07-4DP, polyimides
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(bis(3-amino-5-phenoxy)phenyl ether of hydroquinone and polyimides on
its base for thermal resistant material)
179264-07-4 CRPLUS
Benzenamine, 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAMP)

L30 ANSWER 6 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C10 H2 O6 (Continued)

179264-34-7 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

179264-36-9 CAPLUS 1,3-18obenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)|bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine} (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L30 ANSWER 6 OF -14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A large family of new aromatic diamines containing aryloxy side groups

developed. All the diamines were obtained on the basis of 2,4,5-trinitrotoluene (TMT)--a very cheap and available explosive material. TMT was converted into 1,3,5-trinitrobenzene; subsequent aromatic

nucleophilic nitro-displacement reactions led to mono- and diaryloxy-substituted mono- and dinitrobenzenes which were converted into the final aryloxy-substituted diamines. Interaction of the diamines obtained with aromatic dicarboxylic acids chlorides and aromatic

obtained with aromatic dicarboxylic acids chlorides and aromatic tetracarboxylic acid dianhydrides led to the formation of new aryloxy-substituted polyamides and polyimides combining high thermal properties with solubility in organic solvents.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:421512 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:115337

TITLE: AUTHOR (S):

125:115337
New aryloxy-substituted condensation polymers
Rusanov, A. L.: Komarova, L. G.: Sheveleva, T. S.:
Prigozhina, H. P.: Shevelev, S. A.: Dutov, H. D.:
Vatsadze, I. A.: Serushkina, O. V.
A.N. Nesmeyanov Inst. Organoelement Compounds,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

A.N. Nesmeyanov Inst. Organoelement Compounds,
sian

Acad. Sci., Moscow, 117334, Russia
Reactive & Functional Polymers (1996), 30(1-3),
279-292

CODEN: RFPOF6; ISSN: 1381-5148
Elsevier
MEMT TYPE: Journal
RMAGE: English
179264-32-5P 179264-34-7P 179264-36-9P
179264-38-1P 179264-40-5P 179264-42-7P
RL: PRP (Properties); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and characterization of)
179264-32-5 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo(1, 2-c: 4, 5-c') difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
3, 3'-[1, 4-phenylenebis(oxy)] bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CRN 89-32-7

L30 ANSWER 6 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

179264-38-1 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

179264-40-5 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenylenexy)bis-, polymer with 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

179264-42-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene|bis-, polymer with 3,3'-[1,4phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxybenzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 179264-07-4 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

(Continued) L30 ANSWER 6 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L30 ANSWER 6 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

CRN 1107-00-2 CMF C19 H6 F6 O6

179264-07-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and polycondensation of)
179264-07-4 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 3,3'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[5-phenoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT

168839-63-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reduction of)
168839-63-2 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,4-bis(3-nitro-5-phenoxyphenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L30 ANSWER 7 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB The dam-bars binding external terminals for the title lead frames are made

AB The Gam-Bars Dinding external terminals for the title lead trames are made of solvent-soluble fluoropolymers or polymindes. The use of the polymer dam-bar materials prevents damages on the external terminals during separation of the frames in the manufacturing ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:303782 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:330329 Semiconductor device lead frames having polymer dam-bars
INVENTOR(S): 1936-1948 Semiconductor device lead frames having polymer dam-bars
SOURCE: 1936-1948 Semiconductor device lead frames having polymer dam-bars
OCCES: 1936-1948 Semiconductor device lead frames having polymer dam-bars
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OCCES: 1936-1948 Semiconductor device lead frames having polymer dam-bars
OCCES: 1936-1948 Semicond

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. JP 08046126 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19960216

121162-23-0

RE: DEV (Device component use); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)

(polymer dam-bars for lead-frames in semiconductor devices)

121162-23-0 Captus
1.3-faobenzofurandione, 5,5'-aulfonylbis-, polymer with
4-[3-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenoxy]phenoxy]benzenamine (9CI) (CA INDEX

CRN 121162-22-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A long chain aromatic diamine having divalent radicals that bond 4 benzene
rings and 1 pyridine ring or 1 benzonitrile ring reacts with polycarboxylic reactant to give title thermoplastic polyimide, optionally containing reinforcing agents. The repeat atructural units are represented by

I(L = 0, carbonyl, isopropylidene or hexafluoroisopropylidene, and X = N or CR, and Ar = a tetravalent radical having 6-27 C atoms and being selected from the group consisting of a monosom. radical, condensed polyarom. radical and noncondensed polyarom. radical having aromatic radicals

connected to each other with a direct bond or a bridge member). The copolyimide of 0.05 mol 2,6-bis[4-(4-amino-q.a-dimethylbenzyl)phenoxylbenzonitrile hydrochloride and 0.048 mol pyromellitic diamhydride had inherent viscosity (p-chlorophenol/PhOH 0.5 g/100mL at 35*) 0.61 dL/g, glass transition temperature 263*, 54 weight loss temperature 504*, flow initiation temperature 345*, and 400* melt viscosity 29,300 P.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:890104 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1995:890104 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:287276
TITLE: Polyimide with good processability and heat resistance
INVENTOR(S): Yamashita, Wataru; Okawa, Yuichi; Tamai, Shoji; Matauo, Mitsunori; Ishida, Tsutomu; Karasawa, Akio; Yamaguchi, Keitaburo; Yama

Yamashita, Wataru; Okawa, Yuichi; Tamai, Shoji; Matsuo, Mitsunori; Ishida, Tsutomu; Karasawa, Akio; Yamaguchi, Keizaburo; Yamaguchi, Akihiro Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan Eur. Pat. Appl., 48 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

JP 1993-335511 A3 19941212

169680-32-4P 169680-34-6P 169680-38-0P 169680-37-3P 169680-58-4P 169680-59-5P 169680-60-8P 169680-52-0P 169680-60-8P 169680-62-0P REP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) ((reinforced) amorphous polyimide with good processability and heat resistance) 169680-32-4 CAPLUS Benzonitrile, 2,6-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenoxy]-, polymer with (5,5'-bisobenzofuran)-1,1',3,3'-tetrone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 169680-31-3 CMF C31 H23 N3 O4

H₂N

CM 2

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

169680-34-6 CAPLUS
Benzonitrile, 2,6-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenoxy)-, polymer with
5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 169680-31-3 CMF C31 H23 N3 O4

CM

169680-38-0 CAPLUS
Benzonitrile, 2,6-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenoxy]-, polymer with
1H,3H-benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 169680-31-3 CMF C31 H23 N3 O4

(Continued)

CH 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

169680-57-3 CAPLUS

Benzonitrile, 2,6-bis[4-[1-(4-aminophenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]-,
polymer with 4,4'-oxybis[benzenamine] and 5,5'-oxybis[1,3isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 169680-31-3 CMF C31 H23 N3 O4

2

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

169680-59-5 CAPLUS
Benzonitrile, 2,6-bis[4-[1-(4-aminophenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]-,
polymer with [5,5'-biiaobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone and
5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 169680-31-3 CMF C31 H23 N3 O4

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

169680-60-8 CAPLUS
Benzonitrile, 2,6-bis{4-{1-(4-aminophenyl)-1-methylethyl}phenoxy}-,

Page 70

CRN 101-80-4 CMF C12 H12 N2 O

CH 3

169680-58-4 CAPLUS
Benzonitrile, 2,6-bis[4-[1-(4-aminophenyl)-1-methylethyl]phenoxy]-,
polymer with bis(3-aminophenyl)methanone and 5,5'-oxybis[1,3isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 169680-31-3 CMF C31 H23 N3 O4

CM

CRN 611-79-0 CMF C13 H12 N2 O

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) polymer with [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone,4,4'-oxybis[benzenamine] and 5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 169680-31-3 CMF C31 H23 N3 O4

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

CM

CRN 101-80-4 CMF C12 H12 N2 O

169680-62-0 CAPLUS
Benzonitrile, 2,6-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenoxy]-, polymer with
5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

CH 1

CRN 169680-31-3 CMF C31 H23 N3 O4

IT

L30 ANSWER 9 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

• STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT •

The title photoreceptors comprise a conductive support coated with a photosensitive layer containing a bisazo compound I [K1, K2 = ontaining coupler residue having a group with coupling ability, 1 of K1 and K2 is II (Y = divalent N-conty heterocycle which may be substituted, divalent aromatic hydrocarbon which may be substituted); X = divalent group having >2 groups selected from III and IV; R1, R2 = H, halo, (substituted) alkow, (substituted) al and
good durability in repeated use. Thus, an Al vapor-deposited polyester
film was coated with a charge-generating layer containing V and with a
charge-transporting layer containing a hydrazone compound to give a
photoreceptor.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:849478 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:215963
TITLE: Electropher

1995:849478 CAPLUS
124:213963
Electrophotographic photoreceptors using novel bisazo compound
Rin, Mamoru; Tanaka, Noriko
Mitsubishi Ragaku KK, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
CODEN: JOXXAF
PATENT

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Japanese 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 07168378 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19950704

IT 170588-35-9
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electrophotog, photoreceptor containing bisazo compound as charge-generating

agent)
RN 170588-35-9 CAPLUS
CN 11H-Benzo|a}carbazole-3-carboxamide,
1-[[3-{4-[3-[4-[(10-benzoy1-5-hydroxy-

7-oxo-7H-benzimidazo[2,1-a]benz[de]isoquinolin-4-yl)azo]-3-bromophenoxy]-5-

bromophenoxy]-3-bromophenoxy]-5-bromophenyl]azo]-N-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L30 ANSWER 9 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

PAGE 1-B

L30 ANSWER 10 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A method of preparing 5-nitroresorcinol diaryl ethers bearing both AB A me different

erent
and equal substituents was elaborated. The method is based on the
nucleophilic substitution of a nitro group in 1,3,5-(02N)3CSH3 or in
3,5-dinitrophenyl aryl ethers by phenols in the presence of a base.
Similarly, tris-Ph ether of phloroglucinol was obtained from
1-nitro-3,5-diphenoxybenzene.
SSION NUMBER: 123:256255
EENT NUMBER: 123:256255

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

123:256255

Phenol substitution of nitro groups in
1,3,5-trinitrobenzene - method of preparation of
5-nitroresorcinol diaryl ethers and 3,5-dinitrophenyl
aryl ethers
Shevelev, S. A.; Dutov, M. D.; Vatsadze, I. A.;
Serushkina, O. V.; Korelev, M. A.; Rusanov, A. L.
N. D. Zelinsky Inst. Org. Chem., Moscow, 117913,
Russia. AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Russia Izvestiya Akademii Nauk, Seriya Khimicheskaya (1995), (2), 393-4 CODEN: IASKEA Institut Organicheskoi Khimii im. N. D. Zelinskogo Rossiiskoi Akademii Nauk Journal Russian CASREACT 123:256255 SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: Russian
OTHER SOURCE(s): CASREACT 123:256255
IT 168839-63-2P
RL: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(phenol substitution of nitro groups in trinitrobenzene in
preparation of
nitroresorcinol diaryl ethers and dinitrophenyl aryl ethers)
'RN 168839-63-2 CAPPUS
CN' Benzene, 1,4-bis(3-nitro-5-phenoxyphenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L30 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 157405-50-0 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

163918-05-6 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME !

СМ 1

CRN 157405-50-0 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

СМ 2

1823-59-2 C16 H6 O7

L30 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

Aromatic diamine I (X, Y = O, S, CH2) is synthesized and condensed with

tetracarboxylic dianhydrides to provide polyamic acids; the polyamic

tetracarboxylic dianhydrides to provide polyamic acids; the polyamic acids

then are converted to the corresponding polyamides upon heating. The polyimides have higher Tg and good processibility and can be molded to become films. 1,3-Bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy]benoxy]benoxy]benoxydiphenyl ether followed by reductive dehalogenation and was polymerized with 3,3',4,4'-benzophenotetracarboxylic dianhydride.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:621619 CAPILUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1995:621619 CAPILUS

INVENTOR[S]: Aromatic diamines, polyimides, their manufacture, and utilization

Matsuo Mitsuki; Yamaguchi, Keisaburo; Yamaguchi, Teruhiro; Yamashita, Wataru; Ookawa, Juichi; Oikawa, Hideaki; Asanuma, Tadashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE[S]: Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan

SOURCE: COEN: JOXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Annu COURT.

Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
JP 07026018	A2	19950127	JP 1993-170429	19930709	
JP 3302109	B2	20020715			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-170429	19930709	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:287259
IT 157405-51-1DP, reaction products with phthalic anhydride 163918-05-6DP, reaction products with phthalic anhydride 163918-05-6P 163918-08-9DP, reaction products with

163918-03-69 163918-08-9DP, reaction products with phthalic anhydride
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture): PREP (Preparation)
(aromatic diamines, polyimides, their manufacture, and utilization)
157405-51-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4, 5-c']difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
4, 4'-(1, 3-phenylenebis(oxy-4, 1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

L30 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 163918-05-6 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

157405-50-0 C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CM

163918-08-9 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-(1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA

CM 1

CRN 157405-50-0 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L30 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

IT

157405-50-0F 163918-04-5F RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)
{aromatic diamines, polyimides, their manufacture, and utilization)
157405-90-0 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[1,3-phenylenebia(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

163918-04-5 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[(5-chloro-1,3-phenylene)bis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis-(9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_{2N} \longrightarrow \bigcup_{c_1} \bigcup_{NH_2} \bigcup_$$

ANSWER 12 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L30 ANSWER 12 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB When a number of polyimides were prepared using diamines containing 5

rings, only the polyimide prepared from 1,2,4,5-benzenetetracarboxylic dianhydride (I) and 1,3-bis[4-(4'-aminophenoxy)cumyl]benzene (II) showed

liquid crystalline phase. This thermotropic polyimide showed a liquid crystal

phase at 549-593 K. Mixing this liquid crystal polyinide with Aurum
polyinide or copolyms, II with I and 4,4'-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl
produced resins with improved melt processability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:534912 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:134912

Synthesis of thermotropic liquid crystal polyinide
and

its properties Asanuma, Tadashi; Oikawa, Hideaki; Ookawa, Yuuichi; Yamasita, Wataru; Matsuo, Mitunori; Yamaguchi, AUTHOR (S):

Akihiro CORPORATE SOURCE:

Central Research Institute, Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals Inc., Yokohama, 247, Japan Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer SOURCE: Chemistry

(1994), 32(11), 2111-18 CODEM: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X Journal English

CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X

DOCUMENT TYPE: JOURNAL
LANGUAGE: English

IT 157405-51-1 R.: SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and characterization of)

RN 157405-51-1 CAPJUS

CN 1H, 3H-Benso(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-{1,3-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 СН

CRN 157405-50-0 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L30 ANSWER 13 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Self-crosslinkable aromatic F-containing polyethers containing pendent

zene groups were prepared by nucleophilic substitution of the polyethers with 1-[4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)phenylene]triazene derivs. in the presence of

in AcNNe2. The degree of crosslinking can be controlled by varying the concentration of the pendent phenylenetriazene groups in the polymer.

Arter

curing, the flexible polymer films (.apprx.10 µm thick) exhibit high
gel contents, increased glass transition temps., improved resistance to
organic solvents, and little change in dielec. constant and thermal
stability.

stability.

These self-crosslinkable polyethers are potential candidates for electronic applications.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:410125 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:10125

TITLE: Self-crosslinkable poly(arylene ether)s containing pendent phenylenetriazene groups

AUTHOR(S): Lau, Aldrich N. K.; Vo, Lanchi P.; Fone, Matilda M.; Duff, David W.; Merlino, Gloria

CORPORATE SOURCE: Reychem Corp., Menlo Park, CA, 94025-1164, USA
SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer

Chemistry

(1994), 32(8), 1507-21 CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English 155828-46-9P IT

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as model compound for self-crosslinkable aromatic
fluoropolymer-polyethers)
155828-46-9 CAPLUS

155828-46-9 CAPLUS
1-Triazene, 1-[4-[(2',3,3',5,5',6,6'-heptafluoro-4,4'-diphenoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)oxy]phenoxy]phenyl]-3,3-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

The title compns. with good heat resistance and elec. and mech. characteristics contain polyimides of repeating unit I (Z = S, SC6H4S, CMe2C6H4CMe2, XC6H4YC6H4X; X = O, S, CRIR2; Y = direct bond, O, S, SO2, CRIR2, CO. RI, R2 = H, halogen, Cl-5 haloalkyl) and intrinsic viscosity 0.3-5.0 dL/g, dissolved in organic solvent(s), and prepared by imidation

O.3-5.0 dL/g, dissolved in organic solvent(s), and prepared by imidation an aprotic polar organic solvent and/or phenolic solvent. 4,4'-Bis(p-aminophenoxy)diphenyl sulfone was polymerized with di-Ph sulfone-3,3'.4,4'
tetracarboxylic dianhydride in N-methylpyrolidone at 25-30° for 1 h then heated at 160° for 5 h to give a polyimide solution The polyimide had intrinsic viacosity (5 g/100 mb N-methylpyrolidone, 25') 0.7. decomposition temperature 565', softening temperature 285', tensile strength 12.2 kg/mm2, and modulus 271 kg/mm2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994/58573 CAPJUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:58573

ITITLE: Soluble polyimide composition and its manufacture Inventor Source: Vavashima, Yuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): New Japan Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: MOXIAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanesse

FAMILIT ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

ATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
	JP 64000121	A2	19890105	JP 1988-31591		1988021
PRI	ORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-32030	A1	1987021
IT	121162-23-0P					
	RL: IMF (Industria	l manuf	acture); PRE	P (Preparation)		
	(manufacture of					

NAME)

CH

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chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31 22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds : 2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

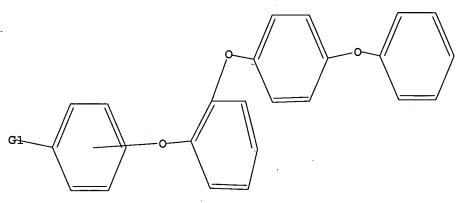
G2:X,Ak,H

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L31 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query L31 STR



G1 N,X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 131

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SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5834 TO ITERATE

17.1% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 112101 TO 121259
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L32 0 SEA SSS SAM L31

=> s 131 full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:47:28 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 117527 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 117527 ITERATIONS

10 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L33 10 SEA SSS FUL L31

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=> s 133

L34 4 L33

=> d 134 1-4 abs ibib hitstr

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

*STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB From an Et acetate fraction of the brown slga Cystophora retroflexa several halogenated phlorotannins were isolated. Most of the compds. are derivs. of diphlorethol pentacetate and triphlorethol-A heptacetate. The majority were chlorinated and/or brominated. Only one iodinated substance, 2-iodophloroglucinol triacetate, was isolated. The structure of this derivative and the following compds. have been characterized previously: 2(D)-bromodiphlorethol pentacetate, 3[A1]-bromodiphlorethol pentacetate, 4[D]-bromodiphlorethol pentacetate, 4[D]-bromotiphlorethol pentacetate, 4[D]-bromotiphlorethol-A heptacetate, 4[D]-chlorofiphlorethol-A heptacetate and 4(D]-chlorofiphlorethol-A heptacetate and two chlorinated fucophlorethols are described for the first time and characterized as their acetates: 2[B]-bromotriphlorethol-A heptacetate, 2[B], 2[D]-dibromotriphlorethol-A heptacetate, 2[B], 2[D]-dibromotriphlorethol-A heptacetate, 3[A1]-chlorotriphlorethol-A heptacetate, 2[B], 2[D]-dibromotriphlorethol-A heptacetate, 3[A1]-chlorofiphlorethol-A heptacetate, 2[B], 3[A1]-chlorofiphlorethol-A heptacetate, 2[B], 3[A1]-chlorofiphlorethol-A heptacetate, 2[B], 3[A1]-chlorofiphlorethol-A heptacetate, 2[B], 3[A1]-chlorofiphlorethol-A heptacetate, 3[A1]-bromo-2[D]-chlorofiphlorethol-A heptacetate, 2[B]-dibromotriphlorethol-B dodecancetate, 3[A1]-bromo-2[D]-chloroficotriphlorethol-B dodecancetate (IV).

ACEDS-CAUSEN NUMBER: 193:104417

ENGINEERY 193:104516

ENGIN

Germany
Natural Toxins (1999), 7(2), 57-62
CODEN: NATOEE: ISSN: 1056-9014
John Wiley & Sons Ltd. SOURCE:

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English 202211-26-5

202211-26-5
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)
(halogenated phlorethols and fucophlorethols from the brown alga
Cystophora retroflexa)
202211-26-5 CAPLUS;
[1,1'-Biphenyl]-2,2',4,4',6-pentol, 3',3'''-[5-(acetyloxy)-2-[3,5-bis(acetyloxy)-4-horophenoxy]-1,3-phenylene)bis(oxy)]bis(6'-[2,4,6tris(acetyloxy)+4-chlorephenoxy]-1,3-phenylene)bis(oxy)]bis(6'-[2,4,6tris(acetyloxy)+4-chlorephenoxy]-1,3-phenylene)bis(acetyloxy)]bis(6'-[2,4,6-

ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) bis(acetyloxy)-4-chlorophenoxy)-3-[{2,2',4,4',6'-pentakis(acetyloxy)-6-[2,4,6-tris(acetyloxy)phenoxy][1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)oxy]phenoxy]-, hexacctate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

256448-70-1 256448-71-2 RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);

bis(acetyloxy)-4-chlorophenoxy]phenoxy]-6'-[2,4,6-tris(acetyloxy)phenoxy], pentaacetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

256448-71-2 CAPLUS
[1,1'-Biphenyl]-2,2',4,4',6,6'-hexol, 3-[5-(acetyloxy)-2-[3,5-

ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The brown alga Sargassum spinuligerum contains a variety of fuhalols. In
addition to these compds., a number of fucophlorethols were isolated in

AB The brown aigs Satgasum systems.

addition to these compds., a number of fucophlorethols were isolated in the form of their peracetylated derivs. and identified by means of spectral anal. The following phlorottannins were identified: the known, fucophlorethol B octa-acetate, fucodiphlorethol B, Dand F deca-acetates, hydroxyfucodiphlorethol A undeca-acetate, bisfucotriphlorethol A pentadeca-acetate, hydroxyfisfucophlorethol A hexadeca-acetate, bisfucotetraphlorethol A heptadeca-acetate and the new compds., dihydroxyfucotriphlorethol B nonadeca-acetate, chiprobiafucopentaphlorethol B nonadeca-acetate, chiprobiafucopentaphlorethol A nonadeca-acetate, difucodiphlorethol A trideca-acetate and fucodifucotetraphlorethol A icosa-acetate. Bisfucotriphlorethol A pentadeca-acetate, chiprobisfucopentaphlorethol A nonadeca-acetate and fucodifucotetraphlorethol A icosa-acetate were also isolated from the brown alga Cystophora torulosa

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:808955 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:138419

Fucophlorethols from the brown algae Sargassum spinuligerum and Cystophora torulosa

AUTHOR(S): Glombitzs, Karl-Westers Keusgen, Michael; Hauperich, Sabine

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fur Pharmazeutische Biologie, Bonn, D-53115, Germany

Phytochemistry (1997), 46(8), 1417-1422

Germany
Phytochemistry (1997), 46(8), 1417-1422
CODEN: PYTCAS: ISSN: 0031-9422
Elsevier Science Ltd. SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:

Journal

UNGE: English

202337-14-2, Chlorobisfucopentaphlorethol A

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);

BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)

(fucophlorethols from the brown algae Sargassum spinuligerum and

Cystophora torulosa)

202337-14-2 CAPLUS

[1,1'-Biphenyl]-2,2',4,4',6-pentol, 3',3''-[2-(4-chloro-3,5-dihydroxyphenoxy)-5-hydroxy-1,3-phenylenejbis(oxy)]bis[6'-(2,4,6-trihydroxyphenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

202211-26-5F, Chlorobisfucopentaphlorethol A nonadeca-acetate
RL: PRP (Properties): PUR (Purification or recovery): PREP (Preparation)
(fucophlorethols from the brown algae Sargassum spinuligerum and
Cystophora torulosa)
202211-26-5 CAPLUS
[1,1'-Bipheny]-7,2',4,4',6-pentol, 3',3'''-[[5-(acetyloxy)-2-[3,5-bis(acetyloxy)-4-chlorophenoxy]-1,3-phenylene]bis(oxy)]bis(6'-[2,4,6-tris(acetyloxy))phenoxy]-, decaacetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 14

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

(Continued)

FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The title photoreceptors comprise a conductive support coated with a photosensitive layer containing a bisazo compound I [K1, K2 = OH-containing coupler residue having a group with coupling ability, 1 of K1 and K2 is II (Y = divalent N-contg heterocycle which may be substituted, divalent acomatic hydrocarbon which may be substituted, it violent group having ≥2 groups selected from III and IV: R1, R2 = H, halo, (substituted) alky1, (substituted) alkoxy, (substituted) ary1; the benzene rings A, B, and C may have substituents). The photoreceptors show high photosensitivity and

and good durability in repeated use. Thus, an Al vapor-deposited polyester film was coated with a charge-generating layer containing V and with a charge-transporting layer containing a hydrazone compound to give a photoreceptor.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:849478 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:215963
TITLE: Electrophoto.

1995:849478 CAPLUS
124:215963
Electrophotographic photoreceptors using novel bisazo compound
Rin, Mamoru; Tanaka, Noriko
Mitsubishi Kagaku KK, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
CODEN: JOKKMF
Patent
Japanese
1

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE . JP 07168378 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19950704 A2 JP 1993-316552 JP 1993-316552 19931216 19931216

170969-23-0

IT 170969-23-0
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Usea)
(electrophotog. photoreceptor containing bisazo compound as
charge-generating
agent)
RN 170969-23-0 CAPLUS
CN 7H-Benzimidazo[2,1-a]benz[de]isoquinolin-7-one, 9-(10-, 11 or

12)-chloro-5-[[2-chloro-4-[4-chloro-2-[2-chloro-4-[4-chloro-2-[3-chloro-4-[[9-(10-,11 or 12)-chloro-4-hydroxy-7-oxo-7H-benzimidazo[2,1-

a]benz[de]isoquinolin-5-yl]azo]phenoxy

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

2 (D1-C1)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Title compds. I, useful as material for hardeners for fluorinated epoxy resins (no data), is prepared via II $\{R=cyano,\,CO2H\}$. Thus, a mixture

of
tetrafluorophthalonitrile, tetrafluorohydroquinone, and Et3N in DMF was
heated at 35° for 30 to give 21% II (R = cyano), which was treated
with 601 H2S04 at 150° for 5 h to give 26% II (R = CO2H), which was
refluxed with Ac20 for 2 h to 52% I.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:630662 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:230662
TITLE: preparation of a perfluorinated hexacarboxylic acid
as

material for hardeners for fluorinated epoxy resins Sasaki, Shigekuni; Matsura, Tooru; Ando, Shinji Nippon Telegraph & Telephone, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. CODEN: JOXXAF PAtent Japanese INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE JP 1992-340986 JP 1992-340986 JP 06157501 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19921130 19921130 A2 19940603

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 121:230662

IT 158394-12-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and conversion into trianhydride)

RN 158394-12-8 CAPJUS

CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4,5-bis(4-(3,4-dicarboxy-2,5,6-trifluorophenoxy)-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxyl-3,6-difluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L34 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

158394-11-79
RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and hydrolysis of)
158394-11-7 CAPLUS
1,2-Benzenedicarbonitrile,
1,2-Benzenedicarbonitrile,
2-bis[4-{3,4-dicyano-2,5,6-trifluorophenoxy}2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxy]-3,6-difluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 158394-13-9P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation) (preparation of a perfluorinated hexacarboxylic acid as material)
RN 158394-13-9 CAPPUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione,
4,7-difluoro-5,6-big[2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-4-[(4,6,7-trifluoro-1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)oxy]phenoxy]- (9CI)
CA

(CA INDEX NAME)

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=>

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chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31 22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds : 2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

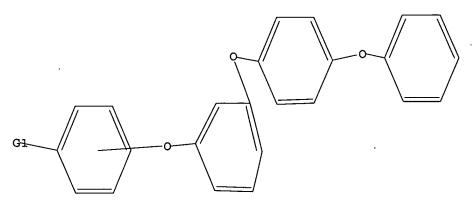
G2:X,Ak,H

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L35 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query L35 STR



G1 N, X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 135

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:48:47 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1690 TO ITERATE

59.2% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

1 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 31334 TO 36266 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1 TO 111

L36 1 SEA SSS SAM L35

=> s 135 full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:48:53 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 33622 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 33622 ITERATIONS

9 ANSWERS

-43.80

0.00

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

L37 9 SEA SSS FUL L35

=> fil caplus

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ENTRY SESSION

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Jan 2005 VOL 142 ISS 3 FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Jan 2005 (20050111/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 137

L38 5 L37

=> d 138 1-5 abs ibib hitstr

L38 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB 1,4-Bis[2'-cyano-3'-(4"-aminophenoxy)phenoxy]-2-[3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]benzene was polymerized with

4,4'-oxydiphthalic
anhydride and SFDA to give polymides having glass temperature

5214' and 5% weight loss temperature in N >443'.s. These
polymides were soluble in N-methylpyrcolidone, dimethylacetamide, and

DMF at
room temperature flexible and transparent thin films could be obtained
by solution
casting. The cutoff wavelengths of the polymer films were 361 and 341
nm, nm, resp.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
AUTHOR(S): 2003:658703 CAPLUS
140:60052
Trifluoromethylated polyimides
Liu, Baijun; Hu, Wei; Jiang, Zhenhua; Matsumoto,
Toshihiko
Center for Nano Science and Technology, Tokyo
Polytechnic University, Kanagawa, 243-0297, Japan
Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: [2003],

16(2), 261-262

CODEN: JSTEEW; ISSN: 0914-9244

PUBLISHER: Technical Association of Photopolymers, Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

T 639168-41-9P 639168-42-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and properties of)

RN 638168-41-9 CAPIUS

CN Benzonitrile, 2,2'-[3',5'-bis{trifluoromethyl}{1,1'-biphenyl}-2,5-dlyl]bis(oxy)|bis[6-(4-aminophenoxy)-, polymer with 5,5'-oxybis{1,3-isobenzofurandione}] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 638168-40-8 CMF C40 H24 F6 N4 O4

2 CM CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

L38 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The poly(amic acid) copolymers are prepared by polymerization of mixts. of diamine

compds. which comprise (1) M1 mol of NN2C6H4XC6H4XC6H4NH2 [X = direct bond, 0, CO, 8, SO2, CH2, CH2, C(F3)2] or their derivs. having F, Cl, Br, I, CN, Me, CF3, OMe, Ph, 4-PhC6H4, PhO, and/or 4-PhC6H4O, (2) M2 mol of H2M(CH2)3BM2 (II; n = 0-9), and (3) M3 mol of H2N(CH2)2mO(CH2C)mO(CH2)mMH2 (m = 1-3; n = 0-3) and/or H2N(CH2)mNH2 (n = 2-12) satisfying M1: (M2 + M3) = 1: (0.05-1.0) and M2/M3 = (1/20)-(10/1), and anhydrides of aromatic tetracarboxylic acids (the aromatic residue is benzene, naphthalene, di-Ph ether, di-Ph ketone, di-Ph sulfone, diphenylmethne, diphenylpropane, diphenylmethne, diphenylpropane, diphenylmethne, diphenylpropane, diphenylmethne, diphenylpropane, 1,4-diphenoxybapropylidenediphenyl). Poly(amic acid) and/or polyimide solns., polyimide films, and polyimide powders are also claimed. Thus, 1,3-bis(3-aminophenoxy)benzene 8.1861, I (n = 0.8 Y 16-871) 0.9941, and diethylene glycol bis(3-aminopropyl) ether 1.7625 g were treated with 1.2980 g 3,3',4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic acid dianhydride at a room temperature for 20 h to give a polyimide acid of solution (logarithmic viscosity 0.46

dL/g), which was applied on a glass plate and heated to 100-250° to give a polyimide film showing glass-transition temperature 164° and good adhesion to a Cu foil.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:498286 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1999:498286 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1999:498286 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1999:498286 CAPLUS
SOURCE: ONNA, Yuichi; Sakata, Yoshiniro; Okumura, Taomomi; Shibuya, Atsushi; Kuroki, Takashi; Okawa, Hideaki
Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
JPIN, KOKAI Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.
CODEN: JUCKAF
PANILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO.

19980203 19980203 JP 11217435 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19990810 JP 1998-21815 JP 1998-21815 237057-75-99
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture): PRP (Properties): TEM (Technical or engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses)
(poly(amic acids) and polyimides for heat-resistant adhesives)
237057-75-9 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
a-([3-aminopropyl)dimethylailyl]-a-[[3-aminopropyl]dimethylailyl]-a-[[3-aminopropyl]dimethylsilylloxy]poly(oxy(dimethylsilylene)],
3,3'-[0xybis(2,1-ethanediyloxy)]bis[31-propanamine] and
3,3'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis[6-([1,1'-biphenyi]-4-yloxy)benzenamine],
block (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME) 237057-75-9P

CRN 237057-74-8 CMF C42 H32 N2 O4

L38 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) RN 638168-42-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzonitrile, 2,2'-[[3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl){1,1'-biphenyl}-2,5-diyl)bis(oxyl)bis[6-(4-aminophenoxy)-, polymer with
5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene]bis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME) CH 1

CRN 638168-40-8 CMF C40 H24 F6 N4 O4

REFERENCE COUNT:

FORMAT

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L38 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H2B N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

- o- si- (сн₂) 3- кн₂

CM 3

CRN 4246-51-9 CMF C10 H24 N2 O3

H2N- (CH2)3-0-CH2-CH2-0-CH2-CH2-0-(CH2)3-NH2

CM 4

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

```
L38 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The dam-bars binding external terminals for the title lead frames are
AD ine dam-mars binding external terminals for the title lead frames are made of solvent-soluble fluoropolymers or polymindes. The use of the polymer dam-bar materials prevents damages on the external terminals during separation of the frames in the manufacturing ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:303782 CAPIUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:303.29 Semiconductor device lead frames having polymer dam-bars [uparashi, Kazumasa PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nitto Denko Corp, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JNCKAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese PAMILU ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                  PATENT NO.
                                                                                   KIND
                                                                                                         DATE
                                                                                                                                                   APPLICATION NO.
JP 08046126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                                                                                                  JP 1994-183731
JP 1994-183731
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                19940804
19940804
                                                                                      A2
                                                                                                          19960216
                 121162-23-0
RI: DEV (Device component use); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(polymer dam-bars for lead-frames in semiconductor devices)
121162-23-0 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofutandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4-{3-{4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenoxy|phenoxy|benzenamine (9CI) (CA INDEX
                 CH
                 CRN 121162-22-9
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
                             2
                 CM
                 CRN 2540-99-0
CMF C16 H6 O8 S
```

L38 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The title photoreceptors comprise a conductive support coated with a photosensitive layer containing a bisazo compound I [K1, K2 = ontaining coupler residue having a group with coupling ability, 1 of K1 and K2 is II [Y = divalent N-contg heterocycle which may be substituted, divalent aromatic hydrocarbon which may be substituted] X = divalent group having >2 groups selected from III and IV; R1, R2 = H, halo, (substituted) alkoy, (substituted) alk and good durability in repeated use. Thus, an Al vapor-deposited polyester film was coated with a charge-generating layer containing a hydrazone compound to give a photoreceptor.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:849478 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:215963
TITLE: F14---

1995:849478 CAPLUS 124:215963 Electrophotographic photoreceptors using novel bisazo compound

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

compound Rin, Mamoru; Tanaka, Noriko Mitsubiahi Kagaku KK, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKOXAF Patent Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 07168378 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19950704

IT 170588-35-9
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electrophotog. photoreceptor containing bisaro compound as charge-generating

agent)
RN 170588-35-9 CAPLUS
CN 11H-Benzo[a]carbazole-3-carboxamide,
1-[{3-[4-[3-[4-[(10-benzoyl-5-hydroxy-

7-oxo-7H-benzimidazo[2,1-a]benz[de]isoquinolin-4-yl}azo]-3-bromophenoxy]-5-

bromophenoxy]-3-bromophenoxy]-5-bromophenyl]azo]-N-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L38 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L38 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

The title compns. with good heat resistance and elec. and mech. characteristics contain polyimides of repeating unit I (Z = S, SC6H4S, CMe2C6H4CH2, XC6H4YC6H4X; X = O, S, CRIR2; Y = direct bond, O, S, CRIR2, CO: RI, R2 = H, halogen, Cl-5 haloalkyl) and intrinsic viscosity 0.3-5.0 dL/g, dissolved in organic solvent(a), and prepared by imidation

O.3-5.0 dL/g, dissolved in organic solvent(s), and prepared by imidation in an aprotic polar organic solvent and/or phenolic solvent. 4,4'-Bis(p-aminophenoxy)dipheny) sulfone was polymerized with di-Ph sulfone-3,3',4,4'
Letracarboxylic dianhydride in N-methylpyrolidone at 25-30' for 1 h then heated at 160' for 5 h to give a polyimide solution The polyimide had intrinsic viscosity (5 g/100 ml. N-methylpyrolidone, 25') 0.7., decomposition temperature 565', softening temperature 285', tensile atrength 12.2 kg/m2, and modulus 271 kg/m2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:458573 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 11:58573
TITLE: Soluble polyimide composition and its manufacture 1NVENTOR(S): 11:58573
INVENTOR(S): Kawashima, Yuji
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): New Japan Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan Jon Coden Jon Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 64000121	A2	19890105	JP 1988-31591	19880213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-32030 A1	19870213

121162-23-0P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of, soluble, heat-resistant)
121162-23-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4-[3-[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenoxy]phenoxy]benzenamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121162-22-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

=> fil reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL **ENTRY** SESSION 1800.87 FULL ESTIMATED COST 25.15 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL **ENTRY** SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -3.65 -47.45

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

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=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10718532.str

chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31 22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds : 2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

G2:X,Ak,H

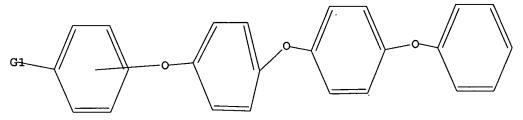
Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

STRUCTURE UPLOADED L39

=> d query

L39 STR



G1 N, X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 139

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 19:50:22 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3332 TO ITERATE

1000 ITERATIONS 30.0% PROCESSED INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

2 ANSWERS

271 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 63179 TO 70101 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 2 TO 287

2 SEA SSS SAM L39 L40

=> s 139 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 19:50:28 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 66199 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 66199 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

271 SEA SSS FUL L39

=> fil caplus

L41

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
161.33 1962.20

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
0.00 -47.45

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 12 Jan 2005 VOL 142 ISS 3 FILE LAST UPDATED: 11 Jan 2005 (20050111/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 141 L42 231 L41

=> d 142 abs ibib hitstr

```
L42 ANSWER 1 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A new ether-bridged aromatic dicarboxylic acid,
2°,5'-bis(4-carboxyphenoxy)-p-
terphenyl (1), was synthesized by the aromatic fluoro-displacement
reaction
of p-fluorobenzonitrile with 2°,5'-dihydroxy-p-terphenyl in the presence
of potassium carbonate, followed by alkaline hydrolysis. A set of new
aromatic
polyamides containing ether and laterally attached p-terphenyl units was
synthesized by the direct phosphorylation polycondensation of diacid I
with various aromatic diamines. The polymers were produced with high
yields
synthesized by the direct phosphosystems recovered with high yields
and moderately high inherent viscosities (0.44-0.79 dL/g). The polyamides derived from I and rigid diamines, such as p-phenylenediamine and benzidine, and a structurally analogous diamine,

2',5'-bis(4-aminophenoxy)-
p-terphenyl, were semicryst. and insol. in organic solvents. The other polyamides were amorphous and organosol. and could afford flexible and tough films via solution casting. These films exhibited good mech. properties, with tensile strengths of 91-108 MPa, elongations to break of 6-17h, and initial moduli of 1.95-2.43 GPa. These polyamides showed glass-transition temps. between 193 and 252 °C. Most of the polymers did not show significant weight loss before 450 °C, as revealed by thermogravimetric anal. in nitrogen or in sir.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:663458 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:332566

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of novel soluble polyamides having ether linkages and laterally attached p-terphenyl units

AUTHOR(S): Hsiao, Sheng-Huei: Chang, Yu-Min Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung University,

Taipei, Taiwan
      University,

Taipei, Taiwan

SOURCE:

Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry
(2004), 42(16), 4056-4062
CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X

DOCUMENT TYPE:

JOHN Wiley & Sons, Inc.

JOURNAL

TO69945-88-2P 769945-89-3P

RL: PRP (Properties): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
[synthesis and properties of novel soluble polyamides having ether
linkages and laterally attached p-terphenyl units)

RN 769945-88-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(1,1':4',1''-terphenyl]-2',5'-diylbis(oxy)]bis-,
polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA
                                                         CM 1
```

L42 ANSWER 1 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CN 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

769945-89-3 CAPLUS

CN
Poly(oxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1, 4phenyleneoxy[1,1':4',1''-terphenyl]-2',5'-diyloxy-1,4phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 1 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CRN 769945-73-5 CMF C32 H22 O6

```
L42 ANSWER 1 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A new ether-bridged aromatic dicarboxylic acid,
2',5'-bis(4-carboxyphenoxy)-p-
terphenyl (I), was synthesized by the aromatic fluoro-displacement
reaction
of p-fluorobenzonitrile with 2',5'-dihydroxy-p-terphenyl in the presence
of potassium carbonate, followed by alkaline hydrolysis. A set of new
aromatic
                                            polyamides containing ether and laterally attached p-terphenyl units was
synthesized by the direct phosphorylation polycondensation of diacid I
with various aromatic diamines. The polymers were produced with high
synthesized by the direct purposes, account of the various aromatic diamines. The polymers were produced with high yields and moderately high inherent viscosities (0.44-0.79 dL/g). The polyamides derived from I and rigid diamines, such as p-phenylenediamine and benzidine, and a structurally analogous diamine,

2',5'-bis(4-aminophenoxy)-
p-terphenyl, were semicryst. and insol. in organic solvents. The other polyamides were amorphous and organosol. and could afford flexible and tough films via solution casting. These films exhibited good mech. properties, with tensile strengths of 91-108 MPa, elongations to break of 6-174, and initial moduli of 1.95-2.43 GPa. These polyamides showed glass-transition temps between 193 and 252 °C. Most of the polymers did not show significant weight loss before 450 °C, as revealed by thermogravimetric anal. in nitrogen or in air.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:663458 CAPIUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:322566

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of novel soluble polyamides having ether linkages and laterally attached p-terphenyl units

AUTHOR(S): Hisiaco, Sheng-Huei; Chang, Yu-Min Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung University,

Taipei, Taiwan
   University,

Taipei, Taiwan
Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry
(2004), 42(16), 4056-4062
CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X
JOHN Wiley 4 Sons, Inc.
JOURNAT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 769945-88-2P 769945-89-3P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis and properties of novel soluble polyamides having ether
linkages and laterally attached p-terphenyl units)
RN 769945-88-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(1,1':4',1''-terphenyl)-2',5'-diylbis(oxy)]bis-,
polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA
                                             CM 1
                                            CRN 769945-73-5
CMF C32 H22 O6
```

L42 ANSWER 1 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 1 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) COoH CN 2 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 769945-89-3 CAPLUS Poly(oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy(1,1':4',1''-terphenyl-2',5'-diyloxy-1,4-phenylenearbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) PAGE 1-A PAGE 1-B REFERENCE COUNT: THIS THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 21 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L42 ANSWER 2 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The title circuit boards are thermal-resistant insulative films which are laminated with a thermal resistant polymer layer and a conductive metal layer successively. The thermal-resistant insulative film are made of aromatic tetracarboxylic acid-diamine copolymd. polymide. The aromatic tetracarboxylic acid-diamine copolymd. polyhmide. The
conductive
metal layer is made by plating. The materials give the circuit boards
durability in increased adhesion of a plated film on the insulative film
substrates in initial and cyclic heated and humid conditions.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:530431 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:97776

SUBstrates for conductor plating and plated printed
circuit boards

NVENTOR(S): Watanabe, Takuo: Matsumura, Nobuo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toray Industries, Inc., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.
CODEN: JXCXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 2004186166 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-347518 JP 2002-347518 A2 20040702 58893-56-0, 3,3',4,4'-Benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride-bis(3-aminophenoxydiphenyl)ether copolymer.181709-21-7, Pyromellitic acid dianhydride-bis(3-aminophenoxydiphenyl)ether copolymer 714282-75-4, 3,3',4,4'-Biphenyltetracarboxylic

```
copolymer

RL: PRP (Properties)

(polymide insulator, plating adhesion for; polyamide-laminated

substrates for conductor plating and plated printed circuit boards)

583-3-5-0 CAPLUS

1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with

3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
           CRN 58883-55-9
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
```

CPK 2

CRN 2421-28-5 CHF C17 H6 O7

181709-21-7 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-{oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy}}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 СН

RN 714282-75-4 CAPLUS
(N [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
1,4-benzenediamine,
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyllbis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 2 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 5,5'-carbonylbis(1,3-isobenzofurandione), 3,3'-(nxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(1-propanamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

3

Page 93

L42 ANSWER 2 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

CH 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CN 2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

RN 714282-76-5 CAPLUS
CN [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
1,4-benzenediamine,

L42 ANSWER 2 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 5

CRN 106-50-3 CMF C6 H8 N2

714282-79-8 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo(1, 2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with a-((3-aminopropyl)dimethylailyl)-e-[((3-aminopropyl)dimeth

CM 1

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

$$H_2N - (CH_2)_3 - Si - (CH_2)_3 - NH$$

CM 2

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 2 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH. 4

CRN 106-50-3 CMF C6 H8 N2

СH 5

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

714282-80-1 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
or-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-s-[[(3aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy|poly(oxy|dimethylsilylene)],
1,4-benzenediamine and 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine),
block (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

$$H_2N - (CH_2)_3 - Si - O - Si - D - O - Si - (CH_2)_3 - NH_2$$

L42 ANSWER 2 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O S12

CM 3

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

L42 ANSWER 2 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 2

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH 3

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

4

CRN 106-50-3 CMF C6 H8 N2

714282-83-4 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran}-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'-[1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl]bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

ANSWER 3 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The influence of electron beam irradiation on the properties of
fluorine-containing poly(aryl ether ketone)s (F-PEK), derived from
2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorobenzoic acid, was examined Irradiation was

ormed with an electron beam at a dose of 3.63 + 103 Gy s-1 for which the corresponding doses were 29.0, 51.0, and 94.5 MGy. Tensile strength at break increased up to a dose of 29.0 MGy and then decreased very slightly with irradiation Elongation at break was more susceptible to irradiation and decreased drastically to one tenth at a dose of 29.0 MGy. Young's

modulus

us was enhanced by the irradiation F-PEKs were changed from elastic

strong and brittle materials by irradiation Relaxation of the viscoelastic

property shifted toward higher temperature by irradiation These tensile and

viscoelastic property changes were attributed to the formation of a bulkker and more rigid structure by crosslinking. The fluorine atoms attached to the 1.4-phenylene molety in F-PEKs were surprisingly susceptible to the irradiation and were completely lost at a dose of MGV.

29.0 MGy.

The x-electron conjugated aromatic structure was concurrently developed during irradiation Further, polar functional groups such as carboxyl

group
and ester group were generated by chain scission and rearrangement. The
F-PEKS retained their good transparency and the thermal stability was
significantly improved after irradiation
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:299114 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:7770
TITLE: Influence of electron beam irradiation on properties
of fluorine-containing poly(aryl ether ketone)s
AUTHOR(S): Kimura, Kunio; Tabuchi, Yumi; Nishichi, Ai;
Yamashita,

AUTHOR(S): Yamashita,

Yuhiko; Okumura, Yasunori; Omote, Kazushi; Horita, Yosuke; Kudo, Hisaaki Faculty of Environmental Science and Technology, Okayama University, Okayama, 700-8530, Japan Journal of Applied Polymer Science (2004), 91(1), 157-166

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

157-166 CODEN: JAPNAB; ISSN: 0021-8995 John Wiley & Sons, Inc. Journal PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

696586-70-6

SPSSSE-70-6
RL: PRP (Properties)
(influence of EB irradiation on mech., thermal, and viscoelasticity properties of fluorine-containing poly(aryl ether ketone)s)
696586-70-6 CAPLUS
Poly[cxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-1,4-phenylene)carbonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxphenyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxphenyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxphenyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxphenyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-pheny

L42 ANSWER 3 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 4 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 33

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
A novel bis(ether anhydride) monomer, 2',5'-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)-pterphenyl dianhydride, was synthesized from the nitro displacement of
4-nitrophthalonitrile by the phenoxide ion of
'-dihydroxy-p-terphenyl,
followed by alkaline hydrolysis of the intermediate bis(ether dinitrile)

cyclodehydration of the resulting bis(ether diacid). A series of new poly(ether imide)s bearing laterally attached p-terphenyl groups were prepared from the bis(ether anhydride) with various aromatic diamines

conventional two-stage process that included ring-opening polyaddn. to form the poly(amic acid)a followed by thermal or chemical imidization to

form the polyyamic acids followed by thermal or chemical imidization to the poly(ether imide)s. The inherent viscosities of the poly(amic acid) precursors were in the range of 0.62-1.26 dL/g. Most of the poly(ether imide)s obtained from both routes were soluble in polar organic solvents, such as N.N-dimethylacetamide. All the poly(ether imide)s could afford transparent, flexible, and strong films with high tensile strengths. The glass transition temps of these poly(ether imide)s were recorded as between 214° and 276° by DSC. The softening temps of all the poly(ether imide) films stayed in the 207'-265° range according to thermomech anal. For all the polymers significant decomposition did not occur below 500° in a nitrogen or air atmospheric ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-39199 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:304163
Synthesis and characterization of soluble polyinides derived from 2',5'-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)-p-terphenyl dianhydride
AUTHOR(S): Haiao, Sheng-Huei; Chung, Cheng-Lin; Lee, Mei-Ling CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: University,

Taipei, Taiwan
Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry
(2004), 42(4), 1008-1017
CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
Journal
English SOURCE:

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 676372-59-1P

676372-59-1P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis and characterization of soluble polyimides derived from
 2,5'-bis13,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)-p-terphenyl dianhydride)
676372-59-1 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[{1,1':4',1''-terphenyl}-2',5'-diylbis[oxy]]bis-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 676372-42-2 CMF C34 H18 O8

ANSWER 5 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The polymers useful for super engineering plastics, are manufactured from
compds. having ring-fluorinated phenylcarbamoyl groups such as
1,4-bis(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorobenzoylaminobenzene (1) and diol compds. in
the presence of basic catalysts. Thus, condensing p-phenylenediamine

with

pentafluorobenzonitrile and polymerizing the resulting product I with
2,2-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)hexafluoropropane in the presence of K carbonate
gave a title polymer.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:902403 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:381919
TITLE: Fluoroarylamido-ether polymers with good resistance to

heat and moisture and method for manufacture Kimura, Kunio: Yamashita, Yoshihiko Nippon Shokubai Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent Japanese 1 INVENTOR (S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):
SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2003327690 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-134673 JP 2002-134673 **A2** 20031119

623711-92-2P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(fluoroarylamido-ether polymers with good resistance to heat and
moisture and method for manufacture)
623711-92-2 CAPLUS
Poly(oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-1,4-

phenylene)carbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-1,4phenylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued) PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 6 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 6 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The title substrates are prepared by laminating a thermal-resistant AB The title substrates are prepared by laminating a thermal-resistant polymer layer and a conductive metal layer successively laminated on a thermal-resistant insulative film, wherein (1) the thermal-resistant polymer layer comprises a polymer containing microparticles with its sp. surface area 40 m2/g. The thermal-resistant polymer layer comprise polymer polymer layer comprises a polymide containing microparticles with its sp. surface area 40 m2/g. SUBSTRATES high adhesion and low be

2003:872678 CAPLUS
TITLE:
TITLE:
SUBSTRATES high adhesion and low be
2003:872678 CAPLUS
139:356820
TITLE:
SUBSTRATES and printed circuit boards
Watanabe, Takuo: Mataumura, Nobuo
Tocument Type:
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
PATENT NO conductive metal layer is provided by plating of Cu-containing metal. The arrangement gives the substrates high adhesion and low bending after annealing.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:872678 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:356820
ITITLE: Substrates and printed circuit boards
INVENTOR(S): Watanabe, Tekuc; Mataumura, Nobuc
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toray Industries, Inc., Japan
SOURCE: Jph. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
CDDPN: JDCXAP. JP 2002-117228 JP 2002-117228 JP 2003318500 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20020419 A2 20031107 58883-56-0, Bis(3-aminophenoxyphenyl) ether-3,3',4,4'benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
[laminted substrates and printed circuit boards)
58883-56-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

$$_{\rm H_2N} \longrightarrow \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc _{\rm NH_2}$$

2

L42 ANSWER 7 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A highly fluorinated monomer, 1,3-bis(1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-pentafluorophenylmethoxy-2-propyl)bentene (12F-FBE), is obtained by reaction of the sodium salt of

1,3-bis(1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-hydroxy-2-propyl)benzene with pentafluorobenzyl bromide. 12F-FBE reacts with diphenols to give soluble, hydrophobic, low dielec. (2.30-2.43 at 10 GHz) polyethers. Thermal stability as measured by TGR (10 wt loss) is moderate and ranges from 445 to 464 "C in air. Glass transition temps, are between 89 and 110 "C.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:728531 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:396252

TITLE: Synthesis and characterization of new fluorine-containing polyethers

AUTHOR(S): Fitch, John W.; Bucio, Emilio: Martinez, Lymari; Macossay, Javier: Venumbaka, Sreenu R.; Dean, Norman; Stoakley, Diane; Cassidy, Patrick E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Environmental and Industrial Science, Shell Center for Polymer science and Technology, Southwest Texas State University, San Marcos, TX, 78666, USA

SOURCE: Polymer (2003), 44(21), 6431-6434 (CODE, POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

LANCUAGE: English

LT 627080-08-49

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

AGE: 627080-08-4P

a2/usu-us-us RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and characterization of new fluorine-containing polyethers) 62/080-08-4 CAPLUS Poly[oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-1,4-

phenylene)methyleneoxy[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-{trifluoromethyl}ethylidene]-1,3-

phenylene(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene)oxymethylene(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-1,4-phenylene)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 8 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN tetrone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) (Continued)

CM 1

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

СМ 2

500693-19-6 C24 H20 N2 O9 S2 . 2 C6 H15 N

500693-20-9 CAPLUS
Benzenesulfonic acid, 3,3'-oxybis{6-(4-aminophenoxy)-, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:2), polymer with '-biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

Page 97

L42 ANSWER 8 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GT

AB Titled membrane with good vapor separation efficiency and water-resistance is obtained by polymer with polyimide framework containing ammonium sulfonate, metal sulfonate, and sulfonic acid groups, and the polyimide has repeating unit represented by I, in which Ar is residue of aromatic tetracarboxylic acid, >50 mol% of X is residues of ammonium sulfonate, metal sulfonate, or

acid, >50 mol% of X is residues of ammonium sulfonate, metal sulfonate, or sulfonic acid-containing aromatic diamines. Thus, 3,3',4,4'-Biphenyl tetracarboxylic acid anhydride and 2,2'-bis[4-[4-aminophenoxy]phenyl-3-aulfonate] propenetriethylammonium were polymerized in 4-chlorophenol to obtain triethylammonium sulfonate-containing polyimide, which was used to make asym. hollow fiber membrane: the ammonium sulfonate groups in the membrane can be changed to sulfonic acid group after being heat treated with HCl, and a sulfonic acid group-containing hollow fiber membrane with selective gas permeability was obtained.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:210175 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:222714
Aromatic polyimide permselective asymmetric hollow-fiber membranes

INVENTOR[S]: Kusunoki, Yoshihiro
AFTENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ube Industries, Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JOXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Patent
Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2003080043 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2001-271422 JP 2001-271422 20010907 20010907 A2 20030318

IT 500693-20-9DP, reaction products with HCl 500693-20-9P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PRPP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(acomatic polyimide permselective asym. hollow-fiber membranes)
RN 500693-20-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 3,3'-oxybis[6-(4-aminophenoxy)-, compd. with N,N-diethylethenamine (1:2), polymer with [5,5'-biisobenzofuran]-i,1',3,3'-

L42 ANSWER 8 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

500693-19-6 C24 H20 N2 O9 S2 . 2 C6 H15 N

500693-18-5 C24 H20 N2 O9 S2

СМ

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ANSWER 9 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Two series of novel fluorinated arcmatic polyamides were prepared from 1,1-bis[4-(4-carboxy-phenoxy)phenyl]-1-phenyl-2,2,2-trifluoro ethane with various arcmatic diamines or from 1,1-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]-1-phenyl-2,2,2-trifluoro ethane with various arcmatic dicarboxylic acids with the phosphorylation poly-amidation technique. These polyamides had inherent viscosities ranging from 0.51 to 1.54 dL/g that corresponded to
viscosities ranging from 0.51 to 1.54 dL/g that corresponded to weight-average and number-average mol. wts. (by gel permeation chromatog.) of 36,200-80,000 and 17,200-64,300, resp. All polymers were highly soluble in aprotic polar solvents, such as N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone and N.N-dimethylacetamide, and some could even be dissolved in less-polar solvents like THF. The flexible and tough films cast from the polymer solns. possessed tensile strengths of 76-94 MPa and initial moduli of 1.70-2.22 GPa. Glass transition temps. (Ig's) and softening temps. of these polymmides were observed in the range of 185-268° Cby differential scanning calorimetry or thermomech. anal. Decomposition temps. (Id's) for 101 weight loss
 calorimetry of thermomech. anal. Decomposition temps. [10's] for low weight loss
all occurred above 500°C in both nitrogen and air atmospheres.
Almost all the fluorinated polyamides displayed relatively higher Tg and Td values than the corresponding non-fluorinated analogs.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:54693 CAPUUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:272045
TITLE: Syntheses and properties of novel fluorinated
                                                                                                          138:272045
Syntheses and properties of novel fluorinated polyamides based on a bis(ether-carboxylic acid) or a bis(ether amine) extended from bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)phenyl-2,2,2-trifluoro ethane Hsiao, Sheng-Huei; Chen, Wei-Tsun Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung
  AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
  University,
                                                                                                         Taipei, 104, Taiwan
Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry
(2003), 41(3), 420-431
CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
  SOURCE:
  PUBLISHER:
   DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                                                                                            Journal
   LANGUAGE:
                      UAGE: English
503622-53-5P 503622-54-6P
                     503622-53-59 503622-54-69
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (fluorinated polyamides based on bis ether carboxylic acid or bis
  ether
                    mine)
503622-53-5 CAPLWS
Benzolc acid, 4,4'-[(2,2,2-trifluoro-1-phenylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenylenexy)]bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenylenexy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                       CM 1
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L42 ANSWER 9 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 506437-69-0 CMF C34 H23 F3 O6

THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR REFERENCE COUNT: 22

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 9 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

RN 503622-54-6 CAPLUS
CN
Poly[oxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenylene(2, 2, 2-trifluoro-1-phenylethylidene)-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-

ANSWER 10 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

A new triphenylamine-containing aromatic dicarboxylic acid, N,N'-bis(4-carboxyphenyl)-M,N'-diphenyl-1,4-phenylenediamine, was synthesized by tloondensation of N,N'-diphenyl-1,4-phenylenediamine with
4-fluorobenzonitrile, followed by the alkaline hydrolysis of the rmediate
dinitrile compound A series of novel triphenylamine-based aromatic poly(amine amide)s with inherent viscosities of 0.50-1.02 dL/g were prepared from diacid and various aromatic diamines by direct phosphorylation polycondensation. All the poly(amine amide)s were amorphous in nature, evidenced by X-ray diffractograms. Most of the poly(amine amide)s were quite soluble in a variety of organic solvents and could be solution-cast into transparent, tough, and flexible films with good mech. properties. They had useful levels of thermal stability associated with glass transition temps up to 280°C, 10% weight-loss temps in excess of 575°C, and char yields at 800°C in nitrogen higher than 60%.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:3796 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:221931

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of new soluble 138:221931

Synthesis and properties of new soluble triphenylamine-based aromatic poly(amine amide)s derived from N,N'-bis(4-carboxyphenyl)-N,N'-diphenyl-1,4-phenylenediamine Liou, Guey-Sheng: Hsiao, Sheng-Huei Department of Applied Chemistry, National Chi Nan University, Nantou Hsien, 545, Taiwan Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry (2002), Volume Date 2003, 4(1), 94-105 CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
Journal DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal JAGE: English 501131-46-0P 501131-47-1P 50131-46-0 CAPUS Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(phenylimino)]bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy])bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 501131-33-5 CMF C32 H24 N2 O4

CM

FORMAT

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 10 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

501131-47-1 CAPLUS

RN 501131-47-1 CAPLUS
CN
Poly(oxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1, 4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1, 4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1, 4-phenylenearbonylimino-1, 4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

REFERENCE COUNT:

FORMAT

THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 27

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

ANSWER 12 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The film is made from a polyimide having repeating units of I [X = 0,

SO2,

CMe2, C(CF3)2]. Thus, a film was made by polymerization of 4,4'-Bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl and bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenyl)ether dianhydride to form a polyamic acid and casting to form polylmide film.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:573458 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:141453

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

137:141453
Polyimide transparent conductive film for solid or liquid crystal display Okawa, Yuichi; Sakata, Yoshihiro Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp. CODEN: JOXXAF

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: Japanese

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002216542	A2	20020802	JP 2001-12586	20010122
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-12586	20010122

181709-10-4DP, aniline-terminated 181709-10-4P
RL: INF (Industrial manufacture): PRP (Properties): TEM (Technical or engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses)
[polyimide transparent conductive film for solid or liquid crystal diaplay)
181709-10-4 CAPLUS
1.3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 11 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The liquid crystal display contains a diamine structure in the orientation
film to capture ionic impurities. A liquid crystal used in the LCD has a diffuorobenzene, dicyanobenzene, and/or monocyanocyclohexane structure.

ACCESSION NUMEER: 2002:689899 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:224248
Liquid crystal display containing diamine structure in orientation film for capturing ionic impurities

orientation film for capturing ionic impurities Kobayashi, Setsuo: Sonoda, Hidehiro: Kunimatsu, INVENTOR (S):

Noboru PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Hitachi Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent Japanese 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002258287	A2	20020911	JP 2001-61571	20010306
US 2002127354	Al.	20020912	US 2002-91215	20020305
CN 1374547	A	20021016	CN 2002-106849	20020306
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-61571 A	20010306

IT

13080-88-1 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (liquid crystal display containing diamine structure in orientation

film for

capturing ionic impurities)
13080-88-1 CAPJUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 12 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CM 2

181709-10-4 CAPLUS .

1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

58883-55-9 C24 H20 N2 O3

2

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

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As series of new aromatic polyamides having pendent naphthoxy groups were synthesized by the tri-Ph phosphite-activated polycondensation of (2-naphthoxylterephthalic acid (NOTPA) with various aromatic diamines in medium consisting of N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NOP), pyridine, and calcium chloride. The diacid monomer NOTPA was prepared from the nitro displacement of di-Me 2-nitroterephthalate with the potassium naphthoxide of B-naphthol, followed by base-induced ester hydrolysis. All the resulting polymers were noncryst. and readily soluble in aprotic polar solvents such as NMP and N.N-dimethylacetamide. Almost all the polymers could be solution-cast to tough, creasable amorphous films with good mech.

properties, the values of tensile strengths ranging from 90 to 124 MPa with initial moduli ranging from 1.72 to 2.51 GPa. Except for two examples, all the other polyamides displayed discernible glass transitions

between 189° and 248° in the differential scanning calorimetric traces. These polyamides showed insignificant decomposition below 400° in nitrogen or air.

ACCESSION NUMGER: 2002:386400 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:125474

FOLYCHEPHTHALISH POLYCHEPHTHALISH NUMBER: 137:125474

FOLYCHEPHTHALISH POLYCHEPHTHALISH NATION, 545, Taiwan University, Nantou, 546, Taiwan University, Nantou, 547, Taiwan University, Nantou, 548, T
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ANSWER 14 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A novel bis(ether anhydride) monomer, 3,6-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)benzonorbornane dianhydride, was synthesized from the nitro displacement of 4-nitrophthalonitrile with 3,6-dihydroxybenzonorbornane in the presence of potassium carbonate, followed by the alkaline hydrolysis of the intermediate bis(ether dinitrile) and the cyclodehydration of the resulting bis(ether diacid). A series of poly(ether imide)s bearing pendant norbornane groups were prepared from the bis(ether anhydride) with various aromatic diamines via a conventional two-stage process that included ring-opening polyaddn. to form the poly(amic acid)s followed by thermal imidization to the poly(ether imide)s. The inherent viscosities of the poly(amic acid) precursors were 0.81-1.81 dL/g. The poly(ether imide) with m-phenylenediamine as a diamine showed good organosoly. Most of the cast poly(ether imide) films have had high tensile strengths and moduli. The glass-transition temps. of these poly(ether imide)s, except for those from rigid p-phenylenediamine and benzidine, were recorded between 211 and 246°C by differential scanning calorimetry. The softening temps. of all the poly(ether imide)s canning calorimetry. The softening temps. of all the poly(ether imide) films stayed within 210-330° according to thermomech anal. No polymers showed significant decomposition before 500° in a nitrogen or air atmospheric A comparative study of the properties with the corresponding poly(ether imide)s without pendant substituents was also made.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:386393 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:10860

AUTHOR (S): Copy (Synthesis and properties of poly(ether imide)s based on a benzonorbornane bis(ether anhydride)

MUTHOR (S): John Miley & Sons, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: John

L42 ANSWER 13 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1
CNF C24 H20 N2 O3

REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L42 ANSWER 14 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

Page 100

CRN 444732-46-1 CMF C27 H16 OB AB A set of new aromatic polyanides containing ether and benzo-norbornane units were synthesized by the direct phosphorylation polycondensation of 3,6-bis(4-carboxy-phenoxy)benzo-norbornane with various aromatic diamines.

The polymers were produced in high yields and moderate to high inherent viscosities (0,64-1,70 dl/g). The polyamides derived from rigid diamines such as p-phenylenediamine and benzidine were semicryst, and insol, in organic solvents. The other polyanides were amorphous and organosol, and afforded flexible and tough films via solution casting. These films exhibited good mech. properties, with tensile strengths of 95-101 Mps, elongations at break of 13-25%, and initial moduli of 1.97-2.33 GPs. The amorphous polyanides showed glass-transition temps, between 176 and 212°C (by differential scanning calorimetry) and softening temps.

between 194 and 213°C (by thermomech, anal.). Most of the polymers did not show significant weight loss before 450°C in nitrogen or in air. Some properties of these polyanides were also compared with those of of of homologous counterparts without the pendent norbornane groups.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:255308 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:33626

Synthesis and properties of aromatic polyamides based on a benzo-norbornane bis(ether carboxylic acid)

AUTHOR(S): Hsiao, Sheng-Huei: Huang, Tai-Lin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung University, Taipei, Taiwan Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry (2002), 40(6), 947-957 CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X John Wiley & Sons, Inc. SOURCE: PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: AGE: English 437758-18-4P 437758-20-8P RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis of aromatic polyamides based on a benzo-norbornane bis(ether ether
carboxylic acid))
437758-18-4 CAPLUS
Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,4-methanonaphthalene-5,8-diyl)bis(oxyl)bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 437757-99-8 CMF C25 H20 O6

L42 ANSWER 16 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The maleimide resin having a repeating unit I (R1, R2 = H, alkyl, (un)substituted phenyl; m=0-5; m=20-10,000) is prepared by mixing maleic

maleic
acid- or maleic anhydride-type monomer powder (e.g., maleic anhydride)
with a diamine monomer powder (e.g., 1,3-bis(4-aminophenoxy)benzene) in a
mole ratio 1:0.5-2.0 and heating the mixture at 60-200°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:236935 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:263916

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

13e:263916
Maleimide resins having good flexibility, heat
resistance and mechanical strength for flexible
printed circuit boards and their preparation
Miyao, Kenji; Takahama, Keizo
Sumitomo Bakelite Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A2 JP 2000-280782 JP 2000-280782 JP 2002088153 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20020327 20000914

RI: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of maleimide resins having good flexibility, heat resistance

stance
and mech. strength for flexible printed circuit boards)
405219-87-6 CAPUS
2,5-Furandione, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

1.42 ANSWER 15 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

437758-20-8 CAPLUS

FORMAT

Poly[oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,4-methanonaphthalene-5,8-diylloxy-1,4-phenyleneoazbonylimino-1,4-phenylene(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
CRENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L42 ANSWER 16 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

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L42 ANSWER 17 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Polyimides are prepared by polymerization of aromatic or alicyclic diamines with

IR,1*5,3R,3*5,4R,4*5-dicyclohexyl-3,3*,4,4*-tetracarboxylic acid dianhydride (I). Thus, I was polymerized with 4,4*-diaminodiphenyl ether to polyimide showing Tg 255* and 51-weight loss temperature 479*.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:169658 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:232710

FITTLE: Preparation of heat-resistant soluble transparent polyimides

INVENTOR(S): Shiotani, Akinori: Shimazaki, Hiroshi

UNENTOR(S): Shiotani, Akinori: Shimazaki, Hiroshi

UNENTOR(S): Shiotani, Akinori: Shimazaki, Hiroshi

UNENTOR(S): Unbe Industries, Ltd., Japan

JON, KOKAI TOKKYO KOho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JUXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2002069179 A2 20020308 JP 2000-259442 20000829

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: JP 2000-259442 20000829

RI: PRP (Properties): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation) (preparation of heat-resistant soluble transparent polyimides)

RN 403607-54-5 CAPLUS

CN 15.5*-Biiaobenzofuranj-1,1*,3,3*-tetrone, dodecahydro-, (32R,3*25,58,5*5,7aR,7*s5)-, polymer with 4,4*-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 392232-02-9

CMF C16 N18 06
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R R H H

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 18 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM
This communication is focused on the controlled design of star-shaped aromatic ethers with pendent cyclopentadienyliron moieties. A trimetallic core was prepared, which was then reacted with a number of oligomeric ether complexes to give star-shaped polymers with six, nine, twelve and fifteen pendent cationic cyclopentadienyliron moieties. Cyclic voltammetric studies showed reduction of the iron centers between -0.95 and -1.41 v. Thermogravimetric anal. showed that loss of the metallic moieties occurred between 225 and 284°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:146248 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:386674

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Paper and polyaromatic ethers coordinated to redox-active cyclopentadienyliron moieties Add-El-Aziz, Alas S.; Todd, Erin K.; Afifi, Tarek H. Department of Chemistry, The University of Winnipeg, Winnipeg, MB, R38 259, Can.

SOURCE: Macromolecular Rapid Communications (2002), 23(2), 113-11

CORPOR MRCOE3; ISSN: 1022-1336

Wiley-VCR Verlag GmbH
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
Journal
Journal
Journal
ARCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(star-shaped polyarom. ethers coordinated to redox-active cyclopentadienyliron moieties)

RN 374823-05-9 374823-09-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(star-shaped polyarom. ethers coordinated to redox-active cyclopentadienyliron moieties)

N 374823-05-9 CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 374823-04-8

CMF C46 H38 C1 Fe3 04

CCI CCS

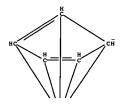
L42 ANSWER 17 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 18 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

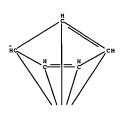
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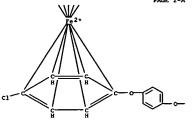
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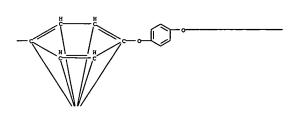
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L42 ANSWER 18 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 2-A



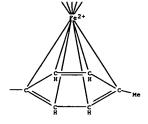
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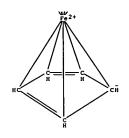


L42 ANSWER 18 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-C

PAGE 3-B





CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

L42 ANSWER 18 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

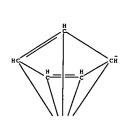


374823-09-3 CAPLUS Iron(4+), [µ4-{η6:η6:η6:η6-1-[4-[4-(4-

CM 1

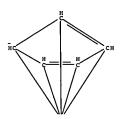
CRN 374823-08-2 CMF C63 H51 C1 Fe4 O6 CCI CCS

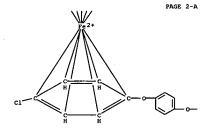
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L42 ANSWER 18 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

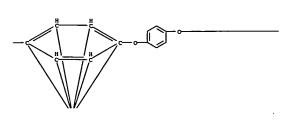
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PAGE 2-D

PAGE 2-B



PAGE 2-C

L42 ANSWER 18 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

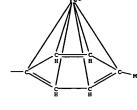
CM 2

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

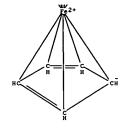
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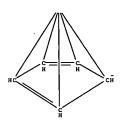
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PAGE 3-B



PAGE 3-C



L42 ANSWER 19 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB Polymerization of aromatic diamines with pyromellitic diamhydride (PMDA) and

3,3',4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydride (BPDA) was carried out and the resulting poly(amic acid)s were thermally cyclodehydrated to aromatic polyimides. The glass transition temperature (Tg), thermal stability,

thermal expansion coefficient of the polyimides were measured, and

thermal expansion coefficient of the polyimides were measured, and wide-angle x-ray diffraction data were obtained. Structure-property relationships were elucidated in terms of structure of fragments in the polymer chain. The PMDA-based polyimides generally have higher Tg than the BPDA-based analogs. The dilution of the imide content by insertion of oxyphenylene segments into the diamines resulted in significant decrease of Tg. The introduction of m- or o-phenylene units into the backbone usually resulted in a decrease of Tg. The attachment of pendant groups on the backbone led

to decrease or increase of Tg, depending on the structure of pendant groups. As evidenced by x-ray diffraction, the polyimides derived from rigid, rod-like diamines or the diamines having two or three pendant groups caused a higher crystallinity. The presence of aliphatic pendant groups caused a slight decrease of thermal stability of the polyimides. Some polyimides obtained from p- or m-phenylenediamine had low thermal expansion coefficient, below 2 + 10-5/*.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:136897 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:20843

TITLE: Structure-property study of polyimides derived from PMDA and BPDA dianhydrides with structurally

Structure-property study of polyimides derived from PMDA and BPDA dianhydrides with structurally

different

diamines Hsiao, Sheng-Huei; Chen, Yu-Jen Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: University,

Taipei, 10451, Taiwan European Polymer Journal (2002), 38(4), 815-828 CODEN: EUPJAG; ISSN: 0014-3057 Elaevier Science Ltd.

CODEN: EUPJAG; ISSN: 0014-3057

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

T 53938-99-1P 72356-19-59

RI: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(substituent and structure effects of diamines on properties of polyimides derived from PMDA and BPDA)

RN 53938-99-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H, 3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 19 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

CH 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

72356-19-5 CAPUS
[5,5'-Siisobenzőuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM

REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

L42 ANSWER 20 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

Shoji Mitui Chemicals, Inc., Japan PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent. Japanese 1 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

MO 2002012926 A1 20020214 W0 2001-JP6820 20010808
W: CN, JP, KR, US
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
PT, SE, TR

EP 1237015
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
IE, FI, CY, TR

TW 499569
US 2003064235 A1 20030403 US 2002-110166 20020409
PRIORITY APPLN: INFO:: JP 2000-241371 A 20000809

JP 2000-241372 JP 2001-103843

110281-79-3 110281-79-3D, aniline terminated 181709-10-4 181709-10-4D, aniline terminated 399506-43-5 399506-43-5D, phthalic anhydride terminated

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L42 ANSMER 20 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
399506-44-6 399506-44-6D, naphthalenedioic anhydride
terminated 199506-46-8 399506-46-9D, aniline
terminated 399506-47-9 399506-47-9D, aniline
terminated RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(optical components made of polyimide resins)
RN 110281-79-3 CAPLUS
CN [5,5'-Blisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 110281-79-3 CAPLUS [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 3,3'-[oxyloid(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2

L42 ANSWER 20 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

181709-10-4 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2 CH

181709-10-4 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

L42 ANSWER 20 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

399506-44-6 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 399506-42-4 CMF C26 H18 F6 N2 O3

399506-44-6 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-

Page 106

L42 ANSWER 20 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7 (Continued)

399506-43-5 CAPLUS [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine] [9CI] (CA INDEX NAMZ)

CRN 399506-42-4 CMF C26 H18 F6 N2 O3

399506-43-5 CAPLUS [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 399506-42-4 CMF C26 H18 F6 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 20 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) phenyleneoxy)]bis[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 399506-42-4 CMF C26 H18 F6 N2 O3

399506-46-8 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[5-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 399506-45-7 CMF C26 H18 F6 N2 O3

CM

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

399506-46-8 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Bisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-(avybie(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[5-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 399506-45-7 CMF C26 H18 F6 N2 O3

1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[5-(trifluoromethyl)benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 399506-45-7 CMF C26 H18 F6 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 20 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 20 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 2

399506-47-9 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis[5-(trifluoromethyl]benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\bigcap_{H_2N}^{\mathsf{CF3}} \bigcap_{\mathsf{NH}_2}^{\mathsf{CF3}} \bigcap_{\mathsf{NH}_2$$

2

REFERENCE COUNT:

18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

L42 ANSWER 21 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Poly(amide-imide) (PAI) could be synthesized in regular segment order

trimellitic anhydride (TMA) and various aromatic diamines. By different processes, PATh-h-t-t containing alternating (amide-amide)-(imide-imide) sequences and PATh-t containing amide-imide sequences could be obtained through direct polycondensation. Comparison of PATh-h-t-t and PATh-t, which had different sequence orders and were prepared from TMA and 12 diamines, showed that the latter had better solubility and needed less tity

diamines, snowed that the later and the quantity of solvent and salt (Cacl2) during polymerization, but both two series PAI using p-substituted diamines (e.g., p-phenylenediamine) showed poor solubility Series PAIh-h-t-t possessed larger initial modulus but smaller elongation at break than series PAIh-t-t. For the thermal properties, most of series PAIh-t had glass transition temps. higher than corresponding series PAIh-h-t-t, but these two series were similar in the 10% weight loss temps.

PAIN-h-t-t, but these two temps and the char yields at 800° in nitrogen.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:711407 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:6448

TITLE: Synthesis and characterization of two polytrimellitemideimide series with different segment order by direct polycondensation

AUTHOR(S): Yang, Chin-Ping: Wei, Chi-Shu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung

Taipei, 104, Taiwan Journal of Applied Polymer Science (2001), 82(6), 1556-1567 SOURCE:

1556-1567 CODEN: JAPNAB; ISSN: 0021-8995 John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Suns,

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 140855-50-9P 376340-29-77 376340-31-1P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis of two polytrimellitamideimide series with different

order by direct polycondensation)

RN 14855-50-9 CAPLUS

CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 СН

L42 ANSWER 21 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5 (Continued)

376348-29-7 CAPLUS
1H-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenylene]bis[2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 153404-72-9 CMF C42 H24 N2 O11

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L42 ANSWER 21 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-C

13080-88-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis of two polytrimellitamideimide series with different

segment

order by direct polycondensation) 13080-88-1 CAPUUS Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

ANSWER 21 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 376348-31-1 CAPLUS Poly(1, 3-dihydro-1, 3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5, 2-diyl)-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4

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ANSWER 22 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Two series of alicyclic polyimides composed of cisand trans-bicyclohexyl-3,3',4,4'-tetracarboxylic dianhydrides (DCDAs) and
aromatic diamines were prepared All the cis-polymers could be readily

aromatic diamines were prepared All the cis-polymers could be readily prepared by one- and two-step methods. However, a two-step method is preferably applied in the preparation of trans-polymers, because in a one-step method the trans-configuration is partially lost at higher temps. These polyimide solns. could be cast into tough and flexible films, which were characterized by inherent viscosity, GPC, DSC, and TGA measurements, and UV-vis spectroscopy. The glass transition temps. (Tg's) of the polymers were in the range of 210-270°C and the 5% weight loss temps. were around 480°C. The optical transmittances of these films were more than 80% at 350 nm for ca. 15 µm thickness of these films were more than 80% at 350 nm for ca. 15 µm thickness of these films were more than 80% at 350 nm for ca. 15 µm thickness of these films were more cis-standard trans-dicyclohexyl-3,3'.4,4'-tetracarboxylic dianhydrides

AUTHOR(S): Shiotani, Akinori; Shimazaki, Hiroshi; Matsuo, Makoto CORPORATE SOURCE: Shiotani, Akinori; Shimazaki, Hiroshi; Matsuo, Makoto Chiba Research Laboratory, UBE Industries Ltd., Ichihara City, 290-0045, Japan Macromolecular Materials and Engineering (2001), 285(7), 434-41.

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH JOURNAM CE: English

IT 376347-23-BP RE: PRP (Preparation); PREP (Preparation)

UNGE: English
376347-23-8P
RI: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(transparent polyimides derived from bicyclohexyltetracarboxylic
dianhydrides)
376347-23-8 CRPLUS
[5,5'-Blisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, dodecahydro-,
(3aR,3'aS,5R,5'S,7aR,7'aS)-rel-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 339537-60-9 CMF C16 H18 O6

Relative stereochemistry.

L42 ANSWER 22 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CN 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

REFERENCE COUNT: THIS 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

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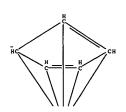
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L42 ANSWER 23 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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ANSWER 23 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Various synthesis routes were explored to prepare dendrimers coordinated to cationic cyclopentadienyl-iron. The reaction of dichloroaren cyclopentadienyl-iron (FeCP) complexes with phloroglucinol resulted in the formation of a trimetallic ether complexes with phloroglucinol resulted in The resulting complex was subsequently reacted with other arcmatic ether complexes using a convergent approach to yield organometallic dendrimers with pendant metallic moleties. The redox properties of the metallodendrimers were explored using cyclic voltammetry. The reduction potential of the Fe complex species falls within -1.2 and -1.4 V, and peripheral and inner FeCP moieties can be differentiated at low temps.

and

low sweep rates. Aromatic ether complexes were also synthesized that include other functional groups in the backbone; functionalization with carboxylic acid groups resulted in aromatic ether dendrimers soluble in basic solution

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:662385 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:20311

Synthesis and electrochemical studies of cationic organoiron dendrimers

AUTHOR(S): Abd-El-Aziz, Alas S.: Todd, Erin K.; Afifi, Tarek H. Department of Chemistry, The University of Winnipeg, Winnipeg, MB, R3B 229, Can.

FOLYMER Chemistry, 12001), 42(2), 597-598

CODEN: ACPPAY: ISSN: 0032-3934

American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry Journal; (computer optical disk)

LANGUAGE: Polymer Chemistry, PREP (Preparation): RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate: preparation of cyclopentadienyliron complex-aromatic ether

dendrimers and electrochem. redox characteristics and solubility as function

of branching)

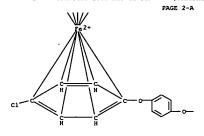
RN 374823-05-9 CAPLUS

CN Iron(3+), [u3-(n5:n6-1-[4-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenoxy]-henoxy] phenoxy] phenoxy) phenoxy)

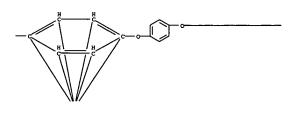
L42 ANSWER 23 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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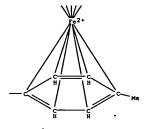
CRN 374823-04-8 CMF C46 H38 C1 Fe3 O4 CCI CCS



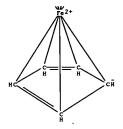
PAGE 2-B



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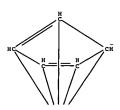
374823-09-3 CAPLUS Iron(4+), [µ4-[η6:η6:η6:η6-1-[4-[4-(4-

142 ANSWER 23 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CRN 374823-08-2 CMF C63 H51 C1 Fe4 O6 CCI CCS

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(Continued)



L42 ANSWER 23 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

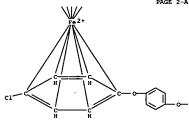
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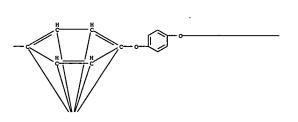
L42 ANSWER 23 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

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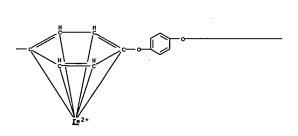
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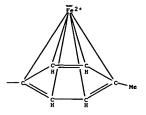


PAGE 2-C

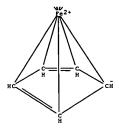


L42 ANSWER 23 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

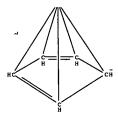
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ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A variety of homometallic (Cp*Ru+) and heterometallic (CpFe+-Cp*Ru+) oligomers with one to five metal moleties were prepared in high yields (74-901) via nucleophilic aromatic substitution reactions. For the mixed metal systems, it is shown that the arrangement of the metal moieties along the backbone can be controlled. In addition, the synthesis of heterometallic polymers is described, along with their decomplexation and thermal properties. It was found that the thermal properties and solubility of the systems are greatly dependent on the linkages within the polymer backbone

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:491284 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:227342

TITLE: Synthesis of oligomeric and polymeric ethers containing the Cp*Ru+ and CpFe+ metal moieties

2001:491284 CAPLUS

2001:491284 CAPLUS

359:227342

Synthesis of oligomeric and polymeric ethers
containing the Cp*Ru+ and CpFe+ metal moieties

De Denus, Christine R.: Hoffa, Lacey M.: Todd, Erin
K.: Abd-El-Aziz, Alaa S.

Department of Chemistry, Hobbart and William Smith
Colleges, Geneva, My, 14456, USA

Journal of Inorganic and Organometallic Polymers
(2000), 10(4), 189-208

CODEN: JOPP44; ISSN: 1053-0495

Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers
Journal
English

AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

(2000), 10(4), 189-208

PUBLISHER: CODEN: JIOPE4; ISSN: 1053-0495

PUBLISHER: Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

T 261968-52-99

RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(heterometal oligomers; synthesis of oligomeric and polymeric ethers containing the Cp*Ru+ and CpFe+ metal moieties)

RN 261968-52-9 CAPIUS

Ruthenium(3+), [µ3-[n6:n6:n6-1,4-bis[4-(4-chlorophenoxy) phenoxy) benzene]|bis[(n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl]-incn][(1,2,3,4,5-n)-1,2,3,4,5-pentamethyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl]
tris[hexafluorophosphate(1-)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 261968-51-8 CMF C50 H45 C12 Fe2 O4 Ru CCI CCS

L42 ANSWER 23 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 2

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

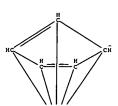
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FORMAT

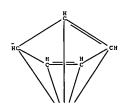
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L42 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

PAGE 1-A



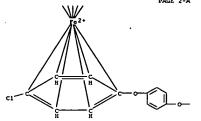
PAGE 1-C



L42 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

PAGE 2-C

(Continued)



PAGE 2-B

PAGE 3-A

PAGE 3-B

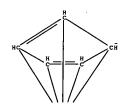
PAGE 1-C

L42 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) L42 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

CM 2

PAGE 1-A



261968-54-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (heterometal polymer; synthesis of oligomeric and polymeric ethers containing the Cp*Ru+ and Cpf++ metal moieties)
261968-54-1 CRPLUS
Ruthenium(3+), (µ3-(n6:n6:n6-1,4-bis[4-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenoxy)benzene]}bls((n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)rion)[(1,2,3,4,5-n-1,2,3,4,5-pentamethyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)-, tris[hexafluorophosphate(1-)], polymer with 1,8-octanedithiol (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1191-62-4 CMF C8 H18 S2

HS- (CH2) 8-5H

CM 2

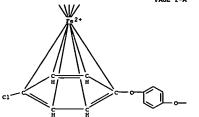
CRN 261968-52-9 CMF C50 H45 C12 Fe2 O4 Ru . 3 F6 P

CM 3

CRN 261968-51-8 CMF C50 H45 C12 Fe2 O4 Ru CCI CCS

Page 112

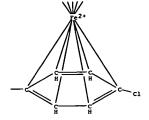
142 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 2-A



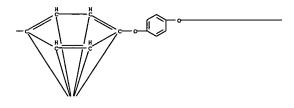
PAGE 2-B

L42 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A



PAGE 3-B

L42 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

CM 4

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

359448-89-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(triruthenium oligomer; synthesis of oligomeric and polymeric ethers containing the Cp*Ru+ and CpF++ metal moieties)
35948-89-8 CAPLUS
Ruthenium[3+), [µ3-{n6:n6:n6-1,4-bis{4-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenoxy)benzene}]}tris{(1,2,3,4,5-n)-1,2,3,4,5-pentamethyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-y]}tri-, tris{hexafluorophosphate(1-)]
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

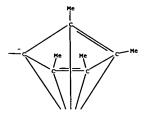
CRN 359448-88-7 CMF C60 H65 C12 O4 Ru3 CCI CCS

PAGE 1-B

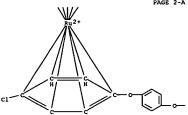
(Continued)

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 2-B

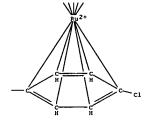


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H H H

PAGE 2-C



142 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

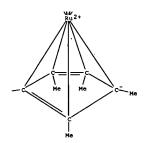
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PAGE 3-A

L42 ANSWER 24 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

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PAGE 3~1



CM

CRN 16919-18-9

CMF F6 P



REFERENCE COUNT:

4 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

Page 114

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L42 ANSWER 25 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Aromatic polyamide-polyethers containing different nos. of
p-oxyphenylene groups
and different catenated positions in the benzene rings were prepared from
terephthalic acid (TPA) or isophthalic acid (TPA) with various
aryloxy-containing dianilines by means of the phosphorylation
polycondensation
reaction. Most of the polymers were moderately to highly crystalline, as
indicated by X-ray diffraction and DSC measurements. Polyisophthalamides
were readily soluble in polar amide-type solvents such as
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone and AcNMe2. Some noncryst. polymers afforded
tough
Were readily solute in processing with processing the processing with processi
       University,
Taipei, 10451, Taiwan

SOURCE:
JOURNAL OF Polymer Research (2000), 7(4), 205-213

CODEN: JPOREP: ISSN: 1022-9760

PUBLISHER:
POlymer Society, Taipei

DOCUMENT TYPE:
JOURNAL
LANGUAGE:
T 26796-88-3P 26913-01-99 62174-26-99

161739-80-69
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and structure-property relationships of)

RN 26796-88-3 CAPMUS

CN 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                                               CM 1
                                                                 CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
                                                     ANSWER 25 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              PAGE 1-A
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161739-80-6 CAPLUS
1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) СМ 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 2 CRN 100-21-0 CMF CB H6 O4 со2н

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR Page 115

L42 ANSWER 25 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CM 2 (Continued)

26913-01-9 CAPLUS

ON Poly(oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

62174-26-9 CAPLUS Poly(oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 25 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L42 ANSWER 26 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A dicarboxylic acid (1,1-bis[4-(4-trimellitimidophenoxy)phenyl]-1phenylethane (II)) bearing two performed imide rings was prepared from the condensation of 1,1-bis(4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl)-1-phenylethane and trimellitic anhydride in a 1/2 molar ratio. A novel family of poly(amide-inide)s with inherent viscosities of 0.83-1.51 dL/g was prepared by tri-Ph phosphite-activated polycondensation from the diimidediacid II with various aromatic diamines in a medium consisting of N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (NMP), pyridine, and calclum chloride. Because the 1,1,1-triphenylethane group of II was unsymm, most of the resulting polymers showed an amorphous nature and were readily soluble in polar solvents such as NMP and N,N-dimthylacetamide. All the soluble poly(amide-imide)s afforded tough, transparent, and flexible films, which had tensile strengths ranging from 88 to 102 MPa, elongations at break from 6 to 114, and initial moduli from 2.23 to 2.71 GPa. The synthesized poly(amide-imide)s possessed glass-transition temps. from 250 to 287°C. The poly(amide)s whibited excellent thermal stabilities and had 10% weight losses from 501 to 534°C under a nitrogen atmospheric A comparative study of some corresponding poly(amide-imide)s is also presented.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:186590 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:367305

Synthesis and properties of organosoluble poly(amide-imide)s with propeller-shaped 1,1,1-triphenylethane units in the main chain Yang, Chin-Ping; Chen, Ruei-Shin; Chen, Ching-Der CORPORATE SOURCE:

University, Taipei, 104, Tsiwan AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: University, Taipei, 104, Taiwan Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry (2001), 35(6), 775-787 CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X John Wiley 4 Sons, Inc. SOURCE: CODEN: JPACEC; ISBN: 0887-624X

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

ANGUAGE: English

IT 340187-77-1 340187-87-37

RI: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(organosol. poly(amide-imide)s with propeller-shaped

1,1,1-triphenylethane units in the main chain)

RN 340187-77-1 CAPUJS

CN 1H-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-{(1-phenylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenylenexy-4,1-phenylene)bis(2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with

4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenylenexy]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM

L42 ANSWER 26 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 153404-74-1 CMF C50 H32 N2 O10

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REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 26 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-E

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

340187-87-3 CAPLUS
Poly({1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenylene(1,3-dihydro-1,4-phenylene)-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneo

ANSWER 27 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Plasma polymerization of glycidyl methacrylate (GMA) on pristine and plasma-pretreated Si(100) surfaces was carried out. The epoxide functional groups of the plasma-polymerized GMA (pp-GMA) could be served, to a large extent, by controlling the glow discharge parameters. The pp-GMA film was used as an adhesion promotion layer for the thermal imidization of fluorinated poly(amic acid) (FPAA) precursors on Si substrates. The fluorinated polyimide (FPI)/pp-GMA-Si laminates so need

or exhibited a 180° -peel adhesion strength as high as 10 N/cm. This value was much higher than the negligible adhesion strength for the

value was much higher than the negligible adhesion strength for the FPI/Si laminates obtained from thermal imidization of the FPAAs on either the pristine or the argon-plasma-treated Si surfaces. The high adhesion strengths of the FPI/pp-GPA-Si laminates were attributed to the synergistic effect of coupling the curing of the epoxide groups in the pp-GPA layer with the imidization process of the FPAAs and the fact that the plasma-deposited GPA chains were covalently tethered on the Si(100) surface. Comparison of the adhesion strengths of the FPI/pp-GPA-Si laminates to that of the polymide (PI)/pp-GPA-Si laminate, formed by thermal imidization of the poly(mic acid) precursor of poly(pyromellitic dianhydride-co-4,4'-oxydianiline) on pp-GPA-Si, suggests that the presence

presence of fluorine-containing groups, such as -CF3, in the PI chains has a

of fluorine-containing groups, such as -CF3, in the PI chains has a negligible effect on the adhesion property of the FPIs on the Si(100) wafer surface modified by the present interfacial mol. design and lamination technique. ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:146567 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:340803
TITLE: Thermal Imidization of Fluorinated Poly(amic acid)s

Si(100) Surfaces Modified by Plasma Polymerization

and

AUTHOR (S):

Deposition of Glycidyl Methacrylate
Zhang, Yan; Tan, K. L.: Liaw, B. Y.; Liaw, D. J.;
Kang, E. T.; Neoh, K. G.
Department of Physics, National University of
Singapore, 119260, Singapore
Langmuir (2001), 17(7), 2265-2274
CODEN: LANGOS; ISSN: 0743-7463
American Chemical Society
Journal CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process)

RE: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process)
 (thermal imidization of fluorinated poly(amic acid)s on Si(100) surfaces modified by plasma polymerization and deposition of glycidyl methacrylate)
176315-62-1 CAPIUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5.5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethy)|ethylidene|bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis[benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 27 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2 CH

1107-00-2 C19 H6 F6 O6

REFERENCE COUNT:

15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

FORMAT

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L42 ANSWER 28 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

331652-12-1 CAPLUS
Poly[(9-methyl-9H-carbazole-3,6-diyl)(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-

2,5-diyl)carbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl {1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl}} (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 28 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A new dicarboxylic acid monomer containing the N-methylcarbazole and imide structures, 3,6-bis(trimellitimido)-N-methylcarbazole (I), was prepared the condensation of 3,6-diamino-N-methylcarbazole (c) and trimellitic anhydride. The diamine c was synthesized in three steps starting from the methylation of carbazole, followed by nitration and catalytic hydrazine reduction A series of N-methylcarbazole-containing poly(amide-imide)s were synthesized by direct polycondensation from the diimide-diacid I with various aromatic diamines. These poly(amide-imide)s had inherent viscosities of 0.66-1.47 dL/g and were readily soluble in a variety of organic solvents, on hethyl-2-pyrrolidone and N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAc).
Transparent, flexible, and tough films of these polymers could be cast from DMAc solns., and these films exhibited excellent mech. strength. The glass-transition temps of these poly(amide-imide)s were in the range 317-362°C. All the poly (amide-imide) did not degrade noticeably below 480°C in nitrogen, and the 10% weight loss temps. and char yields at 800°C were above 520°C and 60% in nitrogen, resp., indicating high thermal stability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001.64509 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:266653
TITLE: 2001.64509 CAPLUS
CONTROL STATE OF THE STATE OF TH

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: University,

Taipei, 104, Taiwan Colloid and Polymer Science (2000), 278(11), SOURCE: 1043-1051

CODEN: CPMSB6; ISSN: 0303-402X Springer-Verlag Journal PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 331652-11-

MENT TYPE: Journal
UAGE: English
331652-11-0P 331652-12-1P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis and properties of poly(amide-imide)s containing a
N-methylcarbazole group)
331652-11-0 CAPLUS
1H-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-(9-methyl-9H-carbazole-3,6diyl)bis[2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 331651-96-8 CMF C31 H17 N3 O8

L42 ANSWER 28 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

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L42 ANSWER 29 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Resin compns. contain polyimides comprising 40-100 molt 21
polyimide sulfone and 0-60 molt 21 polyimide sulfone polysiloxane and
21 aromatic compound such as a bismaleimide. Thus, a composition

containing 100
parts 1,4-bis(4-aminophenoxy)benzene-1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-
tetramethyldisiloxane-3,3',4,4'-diphenyl sulfone tetracarboxylic acid
dianhydride copolymer, 30 parts bismaleimide prepared from
4,4'-bis(4-aminophenoxy)biphenyl and phthalic anhydride, and THF was used
to impregnate aromatic polyseter nonwoven fabrics to prepare prepregs.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:28981 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:10329

TITLE: Resin compositions having low dielectric constants
and
                                                                                     circuit laminates
Hashimoto, Takeshi
Tomoegawa Paper Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
CODEN: JKCKAF
  INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
  DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                                                                      Japanese
  FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                   PATENT NO.
                                                                                      KIND
                                                                                                            DATE
                                                                                                                                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   DATE
JP 2001006437
JP 3560501
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                                                             20010112
                                                                                                                                                     JP 1999-171688
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   19990617
                                                                                                             20040902
                                                                                                                                                     JP 1999-171688
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   19990617
                 319436-26-5P
                   RI: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polyimide resin compns. having low dielec. consts. for circuit
laminates)
                 laminates)
319436-26-5 CAPLUS
1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2,2'-{{1,1'-biphenyl}-4,4'-diylbis(oxy-4,1-phenylene)|bis-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenylenexy)|bis(benzenamine)|,5,5'-sulfonylbis(1,3-isobenzofurandione)|
and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI)
                    (CA INDEX NAME)
                  CN 1
                   CRN 139299-39-1
CMF C40 H24 N2 O6
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L42 ANSWER 29 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2 CM

CM 2

3 CM

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

L42 ANSWER 29 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 03 (Continued)

ан 4

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

189070-56-2P, Bis{(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl} ether-1,3-bis{3-aminopropyl}-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-3,3',4,4'-diphenyl sulfone tetracarboxylic acid dianhydride copolymer
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polyimide resin compns. having low dielec. consts. for circuit laminates)
189070-56-2 CAPLUS

Amanaces, 189070-56-2 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

ANSWER 30 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The polyimides (A) are prepared by reacting a diamine monomer having four
benzene rings and both amino groups on the meta positions and an aromatic
tetracarboxylic dianhydride monomer first then adding one or two
dicarboxylic acid anhydride mols. with C.tplbond.C groups as terminal
blocking agents and finally heat-treating the precursor polyamic acids

at higher temperature Thus, reacting a mixture of 73.69 g 4,4'-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl and 55.49 g 3,3',4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic acid anhydride in 302.38 g N-methylpyrrolidone at room temperature for 6 h

adding 1.24 g 2-(3,4-dicarboxyphenyl)-1-phenylacetylene anhydride and

g phthalic acid anhydride and reacting for another 12 h gave a B with logarithmic viscosity of 0.51 dL/g and finally heating B solution at 100°, 200° and 250° for 1 h resp. gave an A with addenive strength of 2.20 kg/cm and good heat resistance.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:635095 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:239048

TITLE: Thermoplastic polyminde heat-resistant adhesives containing crosslinkable acetylene terminal groups Ohkawa, Yulchi; Sakata, Yoshihiro; Okumura, Tomomi; Shibuya, Atsushi; Kuroki, Takashi; Otkawa, Hideaki Mitsui Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 34 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A2 20000912 JP 2000248252 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-101106 JP 1998-374652 19990408 A 19981228

181709-29-SDP, Bis[4-(3-aminophenoxy)phenyl]ether-1,4-bis[3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)benzene dianhydride copolymer, reaction product with dicarboxyphenyl acetylene anhydride compds, and phthalic acid anhydride 292887-32-0DP, Bis[4-(3-aminophenoxy)phenyl]ether-2,2-bis[3,4-dicarboxyphenyl]hexafluoropropane dianhydride copolymer, reaction product with dicarboxyphenyl acetylene anhydride compds, and phthalic acid anhydride 292857-37-SDP, Bis[4-(3-aminophenoxy)phenyl]ether-2,2-bis[(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)phenoxy)phenyl]eropane dianhydride copolymer, reaction product with dicarboxyphenyl acetylene anhydride compds, and phthalic acid

anhydride 292857-41-IDP, Bis[4-[3-aminophenoxy]phenyl]etherbis[3,4-dicarboxyphenyl]sulfide dianhydride copolymer, reaction product
with dicarboxyphenyl acetylene anhydride compds. and phthalic acid
anhydride 292857-66-00P, 3,3',4'-Benzophenonetetracarboxylic
dianhydride-bis[4-[3-aminophenoxy]phenyl]ether-3,3'-diaminobiphenyl
sulfone copolymer, reaction product with dicarboxyphenyl acetylene
anhydride compds. and phthalic acid anhydride
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRF (Properties); TEM (Technical or
engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(thermoplastic polyimide heat-resistant adhesives containing
slinkable

crosslinkable

acetylene terminal groups)
181709-29-5 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)}bis-, polymer with

L42 ANSWER 30 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 58883-55-9 CRF C24 H20 N2 O3 2 CM 292857-32-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene|bis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 NZ O3 CM 2 CRN 1107-00-2 CMF C19 H6 F6 O6 L42 ANSWER 30 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 292857-66-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Tsobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'sulfonylbis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 2 СМ

L42 ANSWER 30 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 292857-37-5 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy}]bis{benzenamine} (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 58883-55+9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 CM. 292857-41-1 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzo furandione, 5,5'-thiobis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (3CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 58883-55+9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 CH 2 L42 ANSWER 30 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Page 119

CRN 599-61-1 CMF C12 H12 N2 O2 S

L42 ANSWER 31 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The sheets comprise a porous substrate in the middle and 2 adhesive AB The sheets comprise a porous substrate in the middle and 2 agnesive layers
on surfaces where the sheets have modulus at 250° (M250) of <10 MPa and modulus at -80° (M-80) of <2000 MPa for lowering the heat stress of assemblies containing them. Claimed adhesives for the surfaces are stress of assemblies containing them. Claimed adhesives for the surfaces are polyimide-polysiloxanes based on the tetracarboxylic acid or anhydride compds. of bisphenol A, bisphenol S, bisphenol AF, benrophenone, di-Ph ether or/and bisphenol, and amino group-terminated di-Me polysiloxanes and other diamines. Thus, coating a varnish of a polyimide-polysiloxane having units derived from bisphenol S tetracarboxylic acid or anhydride, aminopropyldimethylsilyl-terminated dimethylsiloxane and 4,4°-di(p-aminophenoxyldiphenyl ether in N-methyl-2-pytrolidone on a release-coated Kapton H (polyimide) film to 25 µm thick, drying at 200°, transfering the resulting coated varnish layers on 2 sides of a PTFE porous film (porosity 80%) and pressing at 180° and 2 kg/cn2 gave a thermal adhesive sheet which produced a lamination bond on test circuit board with M250 5 MPa, M-80 1500 MPa, warp 6 µm, adhesion strength after a pressure cooking test 500 kg/10 mm, and chip crack count 0/10.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:529659 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:151621

TITLE: Thermal adhesive sheets with low heat stress for bonding semiconductor devices and circuit boards 2000:529659 CAPLUS
133:151621
Thermal adhesive sheets with low heat stress for bonding semiconductor devices and circuit boards Mirobe, Keizo
Nitto Denko Corp., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent
Japanese
1 INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2000212518 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19990126 A2 20000802 287385-88-3P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (adhesives; thermal adhesive sheets with low heat stress for bonding semiconductor devices and circuit boards)
287386-88-3 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with a-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily]low;[CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

L42 ANSWER 31 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

СМ 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3

L42 ANSWER 31 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3

IT 287386-91-8P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (thermal adhesive sheets with low heat stress for bonding semiconductor
devices and circuit boards)
RN 287386-91-8 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
G-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-e-[[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-e-[[(3-4minopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-eylogylogy(dimethylsilylene)] and
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

ANSWER 32 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 4-Tert-Butyl-1,2-bis(4-carboxyphenoxy)benžene (2a) and 1,2-bis(4-aminophenoxy)-4-tert-butylbenžene (2b) were synthesized through the aromatic nucleophilic substitution reaction of 4-tert-butylcatechol

p-fluorobenzonitrile or p-chloronitrobenzene in the presence of potassium carbonate in N,N-dimethylformamide. Two series of polyamides with flexible main-chain ether linkages and ortho-phenylene units were

prepared from dicarboxylic acid 2a with various aromatic diamines or from diamine

with various aromatic dicarboxylic acids via the phosphorylation reaction with tri-Ph phosphite and pyridine. The inherent viscosities of these

polyamides were in the range of 0.52-2.60 dL g-1. Almost all the polyamides were noncryst, and readily soluble in a variety of polar solvents and afforded transparent, flexible and tough films by solution casting.

They
have useful levels of thermal stability, associated with relatively high
glass transition temps. (most > 200°) and 10% weight loss temps. in
excess of 480°C in nitrogen or in air.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:398644 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:120765
TITLE: Synthesis and properties of ortho-linked polyamides
based on a bis(ether-carboxylic acid) or a bis(ether
amine) derived from 4-tert-butyleatechol
AUTHOR(S): Haie, Scheng-Hueit; Yang, Chin-Ping; Chen, Shin-Hung
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung
University,

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: University,

Taipei, Taiwan Polymer (2000), 41(17), 6537-6551 CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861 Elsevier Science Ltd. Journal English

CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861

PUBLISHER: Eisevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGGLAGE: English

T 285989-02-8P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(ortho-linked polyamides based on bis(ether-carboxylic acid) or
bis(ether amine) derived from 4-tert-butylcatechol)

RN 285989-02-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[{4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,2-phenylene]bis(oxy)]bis-,
polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CRN 187088-67-1 CMF C24 H22 O6

REFERENCE COUNT: THIS

THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR 42 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 33 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

248956-09-4 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,4-phenylene|bis(oxy)|bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

ANSWER 33 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN High molar-mass poly(ether imide)s were obtained from 1,4-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)-2-tert-butylbenzene dianhydride and aromatic amines. polymers are characterized by high solubility even in the fully imidized good film-forming ability, high transparency, a wide temperature range good film-forming ability, high transparency, a wide temperature range between
Tg and decomposition temperature, and good thermal stability together with good mech.
properties.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:185599 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:322383
TITILE: Organosoluble optically transparent poly(ether imide)s

based on a tert-butylhydroguinone bis(ether based on a tert-butylhydroquinone bis(ether anhydride) AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: University, Yang, Chin-Ping; Hsiao, Sheng-Huei; Yang, Huei-Wen Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung
University,
Taipei, 104, Taiwan

SOURCE: Macromolecular Chemistry and Physics (2000), 201(4),
409-418
CODEN: MCHPES: ISSN: 1022-1352

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
Journal
IT 176315-62-1P 248956-9-4P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(organosol. optically transparent poly(ether imide)s based on
tert-butylhydroquinone bis(ether anhydride))
RN 176315-62-1 CAPIUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1(trifluoromethyl)ethylidene)bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1phenyleneoxy]]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 1107-00-2 CMF C19 H6 F6 O6

ANSWER 34 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The polyimides comprise the backbone structure of any of various known
thermoplastic polyimides and bear crosslinkable groups in their ture. The polyimides are significantly superior in heat resistance, chemical resistance, and mech. properties to the known polyimides while retaining the intact moldability, sliding properties, low water absorption, electroperties, thermal oxidative stability, and radiation resistance which are characteristic of the known polyimide structures. Examples of the polyimides include those derived from tetracarboxylic anhydrides with diamino ether compds., aromatic diamines containing ketone, sulfone and

or/and sulfide groups, and modified with, e.g., acetylene groups.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:117108 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:152356
Aromatic polyimides containing crossli

132:152356
Aromatic polyimides containing crosslinkable groups and process for their producing Shibuya, Atsushi; Okumura, Tomomi: Oikawa, Hideaki; Sakata, Yoshihiro; Kuroki, Takashi; Okawa, Yuichi; Tamai, Shoji Mitaui Chemicals, Incorporated, Japan PCT Int. Appl., 190 pp. CODEN: PIXMO2 Patent Japanese INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO DATE DATE A1 WO 2000008090 20000217 WO 1999-JP4273 19990806 W0 2000008090 A1 20000217 W0 1999-JP4273 19990806
W: US
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
PT, SE
JP 2000344888 A2 20001212 JP 1999-224643 19990806
EP 1148078 A1 20011024 EP 1999-935094
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
LE, FI
US 6531568 B1 20030311 US 2001-762260 20010409
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1998-223362 A 19980806 JP 1998-278807 A 19980930 JP 1998-278808 A 19980930 JP 1999-90454 A 19990331 JP 1999-90455 A 19990331

181709-21-7DP, reaction products with reactive end-capping agent

mixture
RM: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PRP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
[aromatic polyimides containing crosslinkable groups and process for

WO 1999-JP4273

W 19990806

producing)
181709-21-7 CAPLUS
18,3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 34 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

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2 СН

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 36 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Title solns. contain the aromatic polyether-polyimides having tert-Bu-containing structural repeating units I (Ar2 = aromatic substituent) and organic solvents selected from NMP, DMAC, DMF, DMSO, m-cresol, pyridine, chloromethane, and

selected from NMP, DMAC, DMF, DMSO, m-cresol, pyridine, chloromethane, and chloroethane. Thus, 1,4-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)-2-tert-butylbenzene dianhydride and 1,4-bis(4-aminophenoxy)benzene were treated, dissolved in DMAC, and applied to give a colorless film showing tensile strength 102 MPA, tensile elongation 25t, and initial modulus 2.5 GPA.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 132:123825

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:123825

TITLE: Colorless and organic solvent-soluble polyether-polylmides, their organic solvent solutions and films, and bis(ether anhydrides) as raw materials Yang, Chin Ping; Siao, Sheng Hui
NATIONAL Science Committee, Taiwan
JOHN KOKAI TOKKYO KOhO, 18 pp.

CODEN: JUXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: JANGUAGE
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000038506	A2	20000208	JP 1999-198211	19990712
JP 3027383	B2	20000404		
TW 396178	B	20000701	TW 1998-87111239	19980710
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			TW 1998-87111239 A	19980710

248956-09-4P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PRPP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(colorless and organic solvent-soluble polyether-polyimides prepared

tert-Bu-containing bis(ether anhydrides) for films) 248956-09-4 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[{2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,4-phenylenelbis(oxy)|bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 248955-92-2 CMF C26 H18 O8

Page 122

263253-99-2 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-[4-nitrophenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 36 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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ANSWER 37 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The polyimide films comprise ≥1 heat-fusible polyimides selected
from 6 Markush structures give in the document. The semiconductor
devices
and the printed circuit boards using the films are also claimed. The
polyimides can be bonded at 100-200° and give semiconductor devices
with good crack and moisture resistance.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:59169 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:116122
TITLE: Heat-fusible polyimide films and semiconductor
devices
                                                                       and multilayer printed circuit boards using them
Tanigawa, Satoshi: Fujii, Hirofumi: Yoshio, Nobuhiko
Nitto Denko Corp., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 26 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                                                       Patent
Japanese
1
 LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
               PATENT NO.
                                                                                       DATE
                                                                                                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                       KIND
                                                                                                                                                                                                DATE
JP 2000026602
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                          A2
                                                                                           20000125
             255915-63-0P, Bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl] ether-bis(3-
aminopropyl)tetramethyldisiloxane-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenyl)sulfone
disnhydride-1,12-disminododecane copolymer
RL: DEV (Device component use); INF (Industrial manufacture); TEN
(Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(10w-temperature heat-fusible polyimide films for semiconductor
             ces and
printed circuit boards)
255915-63-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
1,12-dodecanediamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and
3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI)
 (CA
              INDEX NAME)
              CM 1
              CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
              CM
                         2
               CRN 2783-17-7
CMF C12 H28 N2
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ANSWER 38 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
An adhesive tape for electronic parts comprises a metal plate and, on at
least one side of the metal plate, three laminated polyimide adhesive
layers, where the metal-contacting polyimide layer has the highest Tg and
outmost layer of the polyimide has the lowest Tg. Thus a 145-µm
adhesive tape was prepared by applying on a 100-µm copper plate a first
layer (20 µm) of adhesive varnish of a polyimide prepared from
4,4'-diamino-3,2'.5,5'-tetracthyldiphenylmethane, 3,3'.4,4'diphenylsulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride, and pyromellitic anhydride in

a molar ratio of 100:25:75, a second layer of adhesive (20 µm) prepared from 4,4'-diamino-3,3',5,5'-tetraethyldiphenylmethane, 1,3-bis (3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetraethyldishenylmethane, and 3,3',4,4'-diphenylsulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride in a molar ratio o 25:25:50, and a third layer of adhesive (5 µm) prepared from 2,2-bis (4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]propane, a aminopropyldimethylsilylterminated polydimethylsiloxane, and 3,3',4,4'-diphenylsulfone terminated parts INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Oka, Osamu: Tochihira, Osamu: Komagata, Ayanori Tomoegawa Paper Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp. CODEN: JOXXAF Patent Japanese DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE JP 200008020 JP 3430020 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20000111 20030729 JP 1998-180515 JP 1998-180515 189070-56-2P
RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP
(Preparation); USES (Uses)
(pressure-sensitive adhesive tapes for electronic parts)
189070-56-2 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) and 3,3'-{1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(1-propanamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

1.42 ANSWER 37 OF 231 CAPILIS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

H2N- (CH2) 12-NH2

CM 3

CRN 2540-99-0 CMF C16 H6 O8 S

CH 4

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

L42 ANSWER 38 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 2

CMF C16 H6 O8 S

си з

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si

Me Me H₂N- (CH₂)₃-Si-O-Si-(CH₂)₃-NH₂

L42 ANSWER 40 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CM 2

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

REFERENCE COUNT:

FORMAT

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

(Continued)

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

. STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT .

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB From an Et acetate fraction of the brown alga Cystophora retroflexa several halogenated phlorotannina were isolated. Most of the compds. are derivs. of diphlorethol pentaacetate and triphlorethol-A heptaacetate. The majority were chlorinated and/or brominated. Only one iodinated substance, 2-lodophloroglucinol triacetate, was isolated. The structure of this derivative and the following compds. have been characterized previously: 2[D]-bromodiphlorethol pentaacetate, 3[Al]-bromodiphlorethol pentaacetate, 3[Al]-bromodiphlorethol pentaacetate, 3[Al]-bromodiphlorethol pentaacetate, 4[D]-chlorodiphlorethol-A heptaacetate and 4[D]-chlorobisfucopentaphlorethol-A nonadecaacetate. Ten halogenated phlorethols and two chlorinated fucophlorethols are described for the first time and characterized as their acetates: 2[B]-bromotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate, 2[B], 2[D]-dibromotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate, 2[B]-dichlorotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate (11), 3[Al]-dichlorotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate, 3[Al], 5[Al]-dichlorotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate, 3[Al], 5[Al]-dichloro-4[D]-bromotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate, 3[Al]-bromo-2[D]-chlorotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate, 3[Al]-bromo-2[D]-chlorotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate, 3[Al]-bromo-2[D]-chlorotriphlorethol-A heptaacetate, 3[Al]-bromo-2[D]-chlorotriphlorethol-B dodecaacetate (IV).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:707495 CAPLUS

DOUMENT NUMBER: 132:134417

TITLE: Halogenated phlorethols and fucophlorethols from the brown alga Cystophora retroflexa

SOURCE: Sailer, Birgit; Glombitze, Karl-Werner

CODEN: NATOEE; ISSN: 1056-9014

JONNIAGE: John Wiley 4 Sons Ltd.

JONNIAGE: Hands All School Schoo

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 256448-63-2 English

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);

(Properties): BIOL (Biological study): OCCU (Occurrence)
 (halogenated phlorethols and fucophlorethols from the brown alga
 Cystophora retroflexa)
256448-63-2 CAPLUS
1,3,5-Benzenetriol, 2-[3,5-bis(acetyloxy)-4-[3,5-bis(acetyloxy)-4-[3,5-bis(acetyloxy)-2-bromophenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]-, triacetate (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 40 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Poly(ether-imide)s that are organic solvent-soluble and easily
processable into

colorless films are prepared from a dianhydride and a diamine, wherein

the

dianhydride is a bis(ether anhydride) having tert-Bu group, i.e.
1,4-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)-2-tert-butylbenzene dianhydride (I;
preparation
given). Thus, the polymer of 1 mmol I and 1 mmol 2,5-bis(4aminophenoxy)toluene was colorless and had inherent viscosity (0.5 g/100
mL dimethylacetamide; 30°) 1.07 dL/g, glass transition temperature
232°, and 10% weight loss in air at 505°.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:705033 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:337545
TITLE: Colorless organic-soluble aromatic
poly(ether-imide);

TITLE: poly(ether-imide)s,

their organic solutions and preparation , for transparent films Yang, Chin-Ping: Hsiao, Sheng-Huei National Science Council, Taiwan U.S., 25 pp. INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT 'INFORMATION: Patent English

PATENT NO. KIND .DATE APPLICATION NO. US 5977289 US 6060575 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19991102 20000509 US 1998-135891 US 1999-300138 US 1998-135891 19980818 19990427 A3 19980818

248956-09-4P RL: IMF (Ind

248956-09-49
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (colorless organic-soluble aromatic poly(ether-imide)s based on 1,4-bis(3,4-dicatboxyphenoxy)-2-tert-butylbenzene dianhydride for transparent films)
248956-09-4 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-1,4-phenylene|bis(oxyl)|bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybia(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1

CRN 248955-92-2 CMF C26 H18 O8

Page 124

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ANSWER 41 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Title polyamic acids are obtained by treating (A) diamine mixts. of (a) aromatic diamines ENDCEHOCEMENCEHOCEMENTE [X = single bond, 0, CO, 3,
                                      CH2, CHe2, C(CF3)2), (b) ethylene glycol diamines H2N(CH2)mO(CH2CH2)on(CH2)mNH2 (n = 1-3; n = 0-3) and/or (c) methylenediamines H2N(CH2)kNH2 (k = 2-12) at molar ratio a: (b + c) 1:0.05-1:1.0 and (8) ≥1 aromatic tetracerboxylic acid diamhydrides. Thus, 2,2-bis[4-(3-aminophenoxylphenyl]propane, diethylene glycol bis[3-aminopropyl) ether (ather, and bis[3,4-dicarboxyphenyl) ether (atanhydride were polymerized to give a polyamic acid, which was cast on a glass to
were polymerized to give a polyamic acid, which was cast on a glass sheet to give a polyimide film showing glass transition temperature 146° and 90°-peel strength 2.13 kg/cm for a Cu foil after hot pressing at 280° and 5 kg/cm2 for 15 min.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:665173 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1999:665173 CAPLUS
INVENTOR(S): 131:287482
Polyamic acids, polyimides, and heat-resistant adheaives, films, powders, and solutions using them 4cheaives, films, powders, and solutions using them 5ks. Various (in the companies of the compan
    DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                                                                                                                                                          Patent
Japanese
    LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              DATE
                                      PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                                                                        KIND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     DATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      JP 1998-98623
JP 1998-25273
                                         JP 11286547
                                                                                                                                                                             A2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     19991019
   PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                 246154-33-6DP, phthalic anhydride-terminated 246154-34-7DP
                               246154-33-6DP, phthalic anhydride-terminated 246154-34-7DP,
phthalic anhydride-terminated
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture): PRP (Properties): TEN (Technical or
engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses)
(polyamic acids and polyimides for heat-resistant adhesives, films,
powders, and solns.)
246154-33-6 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(2,1-
ethanediyloxy)]bis[1-propanamine] and 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-
phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                    CH 1
                                    CRN 58883-55-9
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
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L42 ANSWER 41 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM 2

H2N- (CH2) 3-0-CH2-CH2-0-CH2-CH2-0-(CH2) 3-NH2 CH 3 CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7 246154-34-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(2,1-ethanediyloxy)]bis[1-propanamine] and 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 2 CM CRN 4246-51-9 CMF C10 H24 N2 O3 H2N- (CH2) 3-0-CH2-CH2-0-CH2-CH2-0- (CH2) 3-NH2 CM 3 CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7 L42 ANSWER 42 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A number of soluble organometallic polymers with pendent
cyclopentadienyliron
and pentamethylcyclopentadienylruthenium moieties were prepared under mild

exptl. conditions. These polyarom. materials were prepared under and amine bridges. These polymeric materials were characterized using NMR, GPC and thermogravimeric anal. Photolytic demetallation of the organometallic polymers allowed for the isolation of the purely organic polymers in good yield.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:559137 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:237397

DESIGN of iron- and ruthenium- containing polymers ADD-ED-AZIZ, Alaa S.: Todd, Erin K.: De Denus, Christine R.: Dembek, Alexa A.: Pagap, Paul J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, The University of Winnipeg, MM, R3B ZEP, Can.

SOURCE: Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division SOURCE: Division of Polymer Chemistry) (1999), 40(2), 926-927 CODEN: ACPPAY: ISSN: 0032-3934 American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

IT 261968-54-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and characterization of)
RN 261968-54-1 CAPIUS

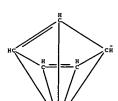
RN Ruthenlum(3+), [µ3-{n6:n6:n6-1,4-bis[4-(4-chlorophenoxylphenoxylbenzene]]bis[(n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-y1):non][(1,2,3,4,5-n)-1,2,3,4,5-pentamethyl-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-y1)-, tris[hexafluorophosphate(1-)], polymer with 1,8-octanedithiol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 1191-62-4 CMF C8 H18 S2 HS- (CH2) 8-SH CRN 261968-52-9 CMF C50 H45 C12 Fe2 O4 Ru . 3 F6 P См з CRN 261968-51-8 CMF C50 H45 C12 Fe2 O4 Ru CCI CCS

L42 ANSWER 41 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 4246-51-9 CMF C10 H24 N2 03

(Continued)

(Continued)

PAGE 2-A

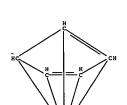


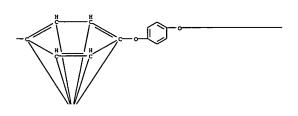
PAGE 2-B

(Continued)

PAGE 1-C

PAGE 1-A

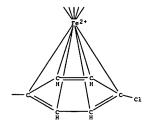




L42 ANSWER 42 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A

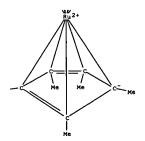
IT

L42 ANSWER 42 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

261968-52-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and polymerization with octanedithiol) 261968-52-9 CAPLUS (https://doi.org/10.1001/1 CM 1

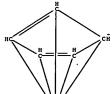
CRN 261968-51-8 CMF C50 H45 C12 Fe2 O4 Ru CCI CCS

PAGE 3-B

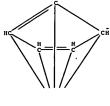


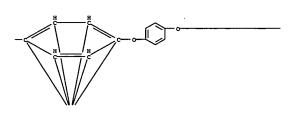
Page 126

PAGE 1-A



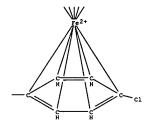
PAGE 1-C





L42 ANSWER 42 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-A

PAGE 3-B

Page 127

L42 ANSWER 42 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

PAGE 2-B

FORMAT

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L42 ANSWER 43 OF 231 CAPINS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The polyimide having excellent adhesion and heat resistance is prepared
AB The polylande having excellent adhesion and heat resistance is prepared from an aromatic diamine, a polysiloxane diamine, an aliphatic diamine, and a diamhydride. Thus 2,2-sis[(3-aminophenoxylphenyllpropane 11.4954, (3-Aminopropyl)-terminated dimethylsiloxane (BY16-871) 0.994, ethylene glycol bis(3-aminopropyl) ether 1/7625, and 3,3'',4.4'-
biphenyltetracarboxyllic diamhydride 11.2980 g were reacted to give a copolymer, showing Tg 165' and peel strength 2.78 kg/cm.

ACCESSION NUMGER: 1999:418048 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:74143
TITLE: 999:418048 CAPLUS
TITLE: 131:74143
TITLE: Polyimide prepared from aromatic, silyl and aliphatic diamines Okawa, Yuichi; Sakata, Yoshihiro; Okumura, Satomi; Shibuya, Kutoki, Takashi; oikawa, Rideaki Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
JOCUMENT TYPE: PAINGUAGE: JOCUMEN: JOCUME
   DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                       PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                                                                         KIND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    DATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            DATE
   JP 11181091
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    JP 1997-358355
JP 1997-358355
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             19971225
19971225
                                                                                                                                                                            A2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    19990706
                                229.61-65-9P 229.61-50-6P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(polyimide prepared from aromatic, silyl and aliphatic diamines)
229.61-65-9 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
0-{(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-a-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-a-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl])
3,3'-[1,2-chhanediylbis(oxyl)bis[1-propanamine] and 3,3'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy])bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                  CRN 97917-34-5
CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2
CCI PMS
 H<sub>2</sub>N- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-Si-O-Si-O-Si-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>
                                    CM
                                                            2
                                    CRN 58883-55-9
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
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L42 ANSWER 43 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 3

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

H2N- (CH2) 3-0-CH2-CH2-0- (CH2) 3-NH2

L42 ANSWER 43 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) СМ 3 CRN 2997-01-5 CMF C8 H20 N2 O2 H2N- (CH2) 3-0-CH2-CH2-0- (CH2) 3-NH2 CH 4 CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6 229161-50-6 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-{(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenylenexy)}bis-, polymer with α -[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily]-e-[([3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily])evy[cxy[dimethylsily]]-a,3,'-[1,2-ethanediylbis(cxy])bis[1-propanamine] and 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenylenexy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CH 2

JP 11097578 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

ANSWER 44 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Title device includes a tape having a circuit layer, a semiconductor
element elec. connected to the tape, external terminals (for elec.
connecting the element and a packaging substrate) on the tape, and an
adhesive film comprising a thermosetting resin and a resin with low
elasticity for bonding the tape and the element in elec. insulation. The
device is manufactured by a process including (1) laminating the tape
the adhesive film, (2) laminating the adhesive film and the semiconductor element, (3) elec. connecting the circuit on the tape and the pad layer the semiconductor element, (4) sealing the elec. connection by an elec. insulator, and (5) forming the external terminals on the tape. The adhesive film containing elastomers with low elasticity contributes to of thermal stress, i.e., takes a roll as stress buffer layer. Thus, a 80:20 mixture of an epoxy resin and an acrylic rubber as the adhesive was placed between a semiconductor element and a circuit tape then the laminate was pressed at 120° for 30 s and cured at 170° for 60 mln. Then, after the pad layer of the semiconductor element and the connecting lead on the circuit tape was connected by single-point-bondi and the contact was sealed with an epoxy resin (RC 021C), solder balls terminals) were bonded on the tape to give title device showing no terminals) were bonded on the tape to give title device showing no foaming in the adhesive layer after 168-h moisture absorption at 85° and relative humidity 85% followed by heating at 245°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:221940 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:312909

TITLE: Semiconductor device and packaging of the device using

Adhesive film containing thermosetting region and adhesive film containing thermosetting resins and resins with low elasticity
Nagai, Akira; Ogino, Masahiko: Eguchi, Shuji; Segawa,
Masanori; Ueno, Isao: Nishimura, Asao: Akiyama,
Yukiharu; Miyazaki, Chuichi
Hitachi, Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent
Japanese 1 INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: KIND APPLICATION NO.

223480-28-2
RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); POF (Polymer in formulation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (semiconductor packaging materials and process using adhesive films comprising thermosetting resins and elastomers with low elasticity) 223480-28-2 CAPLUS
5-laobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, (1-methylethylidene)di-4,1-phenylene ester, polymer with 2,2'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

19990409

A2

L42 ANSWER 44 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2 СН

L42 ANSWER 45 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CH 2

CM 3

189070-69-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and
3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl]bis[1-propanamine] (9CI)

INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

Page 129

L42 ANSWER 45 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB Title tapes have adhesive layers containing 100 parts polyimides having 30-100 molt sulfone- and/or ester-containing aromatic polyimide units and 0-70 sulfone- and/or ester-containing polyimide-siloxane units and 0.1-15 silane coupling agents at least on heat-resistant films. Thus, 3,4"-diaminobiphenyl 67, 1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane 33, and 3,3',4,4"-diphenylsulfonetetracarboxylic dianhydride 100 mmol were polymerized, imidized, dried, and dissolved in to obtain a 25% polyimide solution, 1 kg of which was mixed with 0.75 g 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane, applied on one side of a polyimide film, and dried to give an adhesive tape.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:225904 CAPIJIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:253480
TITLE: Polyimide adhesive tapes with good heat resistance for

electronic parts Oka, Osamu: Nishigatani, Takeshi Tombegawa Paper Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp. CODEN: JKKKAF INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: Patent Japanese 1

DATE PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 11092719 JP 3347651 TW 416114 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 B2 19990406 JP 1997-251775 19970917 20021120 20001221 TW 1998-87115413 JP 1997-251775

189070-56-2P, 4,4'-Bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-3,3',4,4'-diphenylaulfontetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer 199070-69-7P , 4,4'-Bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-ethylene glycol bistrimellitate dianhydride

copolymer:
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
(Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(heat-resistant polymide-polysiloxane adhesive tapes containing

ne coupling agents for electronic parts)
189070-56-2 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 45 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

СМ 3

L42 ANSWER 47 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Title adhesive tape comprises a metal plate, an adhesive layer containing an aromatic polyimide 20-100 mol% and polysulfone-polyimide 0-80 mol%, and another adhesive layer containing an aromatic polyimide 40-100 mol% and a polysulfone-polyimide-polyimide-polyimide-polydimethylsiloxane 0-60 mol%, wherein the two adhesives have different glass transition temperature Tg. Thus, on a

CRN 23266-67-3 CMF C16 F6 O6

adhesives have different glass transition temperature Tg. Thus, on copper
plate of 50 µm thickness a polyimide adhesive from copolymn. of
4,4'-diamino-3,3',5,5'-tetraethyldiphenylmethane 31.04 g,
3,3',4,4'-diphenylsulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride 8.96 g, and
pycomellitic anhydride 6.36 g (Tg 400') was coated with 20 µm
thickness, followed by a 20 µm polyimide coat from copolymn. of
4,4'-diamino-3,3',5,5'-tetraethyldiphenylmethane 7,76 g,
1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane 6.21 g,
3,3',4,4'-diphenyl sulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride 17.91 g (Tg
186') to give an adhesive tape, showing adhesion temperature of
310'.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:104711 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1999:104711 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1999:104711 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:132455

TITLE: Heat-resistant adhesive tape for electronic par
0 ka, Osmur Tochihira, Osamu; Komagata, Fuminor
Tomoegawa Faper Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.
CODE: NOXAP

1999:104711 CAPLUS
130:183455
Heat-resistant adhesive tape for electronic parts
Oka, Osamu; Tochihira, Osamu; Komagata, Fuminori
Tomoegawa Paper Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.
CODEN: JKXKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese 1

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 11035902 JP 3347026 US 6132865 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19990209 20021120 20001017 19970723 JP 1997-212442

189070-55-2P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(heat-resistant adhesive tape for electronic parts)
189070-56-2 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

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L42 ANSWER 46 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 47 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 2540-99-0 CMF C16 H6 O8 S

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O S12

ANSWER 48 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The process for manufacture of emitter, which has a conductive film and a polyimide film on a substrate, comprises the steps of: (1) forming a crevasse on the conductive film; (2) forming the polyamide acid layer on the crevasse; (3) converting the polyamide acid film to polyimide film by heating; and (4) charring near the crevasse by applying an elec. field to form an electron emitting part. The each electron emitters on an array shows same electron characteristics to form a high quality image.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:74519 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1999:74519 CAPLUS
TITLE: PROCESSION FORM A HIGH CONTROL OF THE PROCESS FOR MANUFACTURE OF IMAGE OF THE PROCESS FOR MANUFACTURE OF THE P DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE JP 11025850 A2 19990129 JP 1997-174031 JP 1997-174031 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 72356-19-5. Bis(4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyllether-3.3',4,4'biphenyltetracarboxylic acid dianhydride copolymen RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (process of manufacture of electron emitter and electron source for image forming device)
72356-19-5 CAPUS
[5,5'-Bisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 49 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
A diminde dicarboxylic acid, 1,4-bis(4-trimellitimidophenoxy)-2-tertbutylbenzene (I), was prepared by the condensation of 1,4-bis(4aminophenoxy)-2-tert-butylbenzene (BAP-tBB) with 2 equivalent amis. of
trimellitic anhydride (TMA). A series of novel poly(amide-imide)s (PAIs)
having inherent viscosities of 0.98-1.51 dL g-1 were prepared by the
tri-Ph

phosphite activated polycondensation of I with various aromatic diamines
in a medium consisting of N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (MMP), pyridine, and calcium
chloride. Most of polymers show excellent solubility in amide-type
solvents
such as NMP and N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAc) and formed tough,
trensparent, and flexible films by casting from DMAc solution These
films
had tensile strengths of 71-106 MPa, elongations at break of 5-45%, and
initial moduli of 2.1-2.9 GPa. Most PAIs necked during the tensile
testing. The glass transition temps. of these polymers were in the range
228-286° and the 10% weight loss temps. were above 475° in air
or in nitrogen.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:617567 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1998:617567 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1998:617567 CAPLUS

New poly(amide-imide) syntheses XXII. Synthesis and
properties of poly(amide-imide)s based on
1,4-bis(4-trimellitimidophenoxy)-2-t-butylbenzene and
aromatic diamines

AUTHOR(S): Yang, Chin-Ping; Hsiao, Sheng-Huei; Yang, Huei-Wen
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung Institute
of Technology, Taipei, 104, Taiwan

POLYMER JOURNAL

SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung Institute
of Technology, Taipei, 104, Taiwan

POLYMER JOURNAL

POLYMER JOURNAL

1098: Society of Polymer Science, Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

POLYMER JOURNAL

214333-49-OP

RL: PRP (Properties): SPM (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation)
(synthesis and properties of poly(amide-imide)s based on
1,4-bis(4-trimellitimidophenoxy)-2-tert-butylbenzene and aromatic
diamines)

RN 214333-49-O CAPLUS

CN 11-isonidole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-[[2-

HO₂C CO₂H

Page 131

CRN 213817-31-3 CMF C40 H28 N2 O10

CM 2 CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6 L42 ANSWER 48 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 49 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

H₂N NH

REFERENCE COUNT:

FORMAT

18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

ANSWER 50 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
In tapes which are realized by lamination, in order, of 21 metal
sheet, adhesive layer A, and adhesive layer B, the layers A and B contain
21 polyimide which consists of 40-100 molt polyimide-polysulfone
and polyester-polyimide repeating units and 0-60 molt polyimidepolysulfone-siloxane and/or polyester-polyimide-siloxane repeating units,
where each adhesive layer has different glass temperature. An adhesive
a had tape had
a layer of 1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-3,4'diaminobiphenyl-3,3',4,4'-diphenylsulfonetetracarboxylic dianhydride
copolymer and a layer of 1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3tetramethyldisiloxane-4,4'-diaminodiphenyl methane-3,3',4,4'diphenylsulfonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer on a copper
substrate.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:516338 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:203932
TITLE: Polyminde-based adhesive tapes for electronic par
INVENTOR(S): Oka, Osamu: Nishigaya, Takeshi: Tochihira, Osamu;
Komagata, Fuminori 1998:516338 CAPLUS
129:203932
Polyimide-based adhesive tapes for electronic parts
Oka, Osamu: Nishigaya, Takeshi: Tochihira, Osamu:
Komagata, Fuminori
Tomoegawa Paper Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.
CODEN: JKOKAF
Patent
Japanese
1 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE DATE JP 10212460 JP 3347632 US 6228452 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 B2 B1 19980811 20021120 20010508 JP 1997-29817 19970130

189070-56-2P, 4,4'-Bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-3,3',4,4'-diphenylsulfonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer 189070-69-7P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture): TEM (Technical or engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses) (polymide-based adhesive tapes for electronic parts) 189070-56-2 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(1-propanamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 50 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 3

CRN 1732-96-3 CMF C20 H10 O10

L42 ANSWER 50 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 2540-99-0 C16 H6 O8 CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2 189070-69-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] and
3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) INDEX NAME) 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 51 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The tapes have adhesive layers of polyimide containing 40-100 molt repeating

units containing sulfone- and/or ester groups and 0-60% repeating units units containing
containing
siloxane and sulfone or ester groups on both sides of a substrate, where
each adhesive layer has a different glass temperature A polyimide film coated with a 4,4'-Diamino-3,3',5,5'-tetraethyldiphenylmethane-3,3',4,4'diphenylsulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer on one side and a
1,3-Bia(3-aminopropy)1-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-3,3',4,4'diphenylsulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride-4,4'-oxydianiline copolymer diphenylsuirone

to

give an adhesive tape.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1198:438436 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
129:162479

FOlyimide adhesive tape for electronic parts
Oka, Osamu: Nishigaya, Takeshi
Tomoegawa Paper Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
2 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE 19980707 JP 1996-358155 TW 1997-86119347 US 1997-998019 JP 1996-358155 19961226 19971219 19971224 JP 10183079 TW 384304 US 6045886 A2 B A

IT 189070-56-2P, 4,4'-Bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-3,3',4,4'-diphenylsulfone tetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer 189070-69-7P, 4,4'-Bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-ethylene glycol bistrimellitate dianhydride copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polyimide adhesive tape for electronic parts)
RN 189070-56-2 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis|benzenamine| and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

JP 1996-349558

A 19961226

A 19961227

· CM 1

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

Page 132

СН

CH 3

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

189070-69-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and
3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

ANSWER 52 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The adhesive tapes comprise a base layer sandwiched between 2 adhesive layers, and each of the 3 layers contains polyimides composed of 40-100 mol% structure repeating units I (X = bivalent aromatic group, e.g. C6H4C6H4, C6H4CH2C6H4, C6H4CH2C6H4, C6H4CH2C6H4, C6H4CH2C6H4, C6H4CH2C6H4, C6H4CH2C6H4, C6H4CH2CH2COL) and 0-60 mol% structure repeating units I (X = RSiMe2(0SiMe2)nR: R = (CH2)moC6H4 (the CH2 group is bonded to Si); m = 1-10; Z = same as above; n = 1-20}. Among the 3 layers, the base layer shows the highest glass transition temperature (Tg). The tapes are used at a

relatively low temperature Thus, a PET film was coated with 67:33:100

relatively low temperature Thus, a PET film was coated with 67:33:100 mmol 4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane-1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane (II)-3,3',4'-d'-diphenylsulfonetetracarboxylic dianhydride (III) copolymer (Tg 180'), 100:100 mmol 4,4'-diamino-3,3',5,5'-tetraethyldiphenylmethane-III copolymer (Tg 282'), and 67:33:100 mmol 1,3-bis(1-(4-aminophenyl)-1-methylethyllbenzene-11-III copolymer (Tg 160') in this order to give an adhesive tape, which was applied to Cu plate to show adhesive strength 35-50 g/10 mm.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:436126 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1999:436126 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:137146
Heat-resistant laminated adhesive tapes containing polyimides for semiconductor devices
Oka, Osamu Okas Tokyo Koho, 25 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: ASIGNEE(S): Japan Spin. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
PATENT INFORMATION: Japansee

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 10183097 A2 19980707 JP 1996-349558

Page 133

L42 ANSWER 51 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

3 СH

L42 ANSWER 52 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN
TW 384304 B 20000311 TW 1997-86119347
US 6045886 A 20000404 US 1997-998019
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:: JP 1996-358155 A 19961227

JP 1996-349558

189070-56-2P 189070-69-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (USES) (heat-resistant laminated adhesive tapes containing polyimides for semiconductor devices)
189070-56-2 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

(Continued)

189070-69-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) and
3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(1-propanamine) (9CI)

(Continued)

INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH 2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

СН 3

CRN 1732-96-3 CMF C20 H10 O10

L42 ANSWER 53 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The title tapes comprise a support layer and 2 adhesive layers having different Tg and containing polymers having 100-40 molt polymide units derived from 4,4'-sulfonylbis(phthalic anhydride)-type or ethylene glycol bistrimellitate dianhydride-type tetracarboxylic dianhydrides and an aromatic

aromatic

diamines and 0-60 mol4 similar polyimide bearing di-Me siloxane groups.
Thus, consecutively coating a polyimide having Tg 282° and derived
from 4,4'-diamino-3,3',5,5'-tetraethyldiphenylmethane and
3,3',4,4'-diphenylsulfonetetracarboxylic acid dianhydride [I) and a
polyimide-polysiloxane having Tg 217° and derived from
4,4'-oxydianiline, 1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane
and I on the surface of a release-coated PET polyester film and heating
gave an adhesive tape.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:334824 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1998:334824 CAPLUS
TITLE: Belatively low-temperature workable polyimide-tyme.

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

129:82570
Relatively low-temperature workable polyimide-type adhesive tapes for mounting electronic parts Oka, Osamu
Tomoegawa Paper Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10140106	A2	19980526	JP 1996-302599	19961114
TW 438875	В	20010607	TW 1997-86116337	19971104
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-302599 A	19961114

189070-56-2P, 1,3-Bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-4,4'-bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-3,3',4,4'-diphenylsulfonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer 189070-69-7P, 1,3-Bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane-4,4'-bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-ethylene glycol bistrimellitate dianhydride lymer

copolymer:

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PRPP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(relatively low-temperature workable polyimide-siloxane-type adhesive

for mounting electronic parts)
189070-56-2 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 53 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 2540-99-0 CMF C16 H6 O8 S

CDM 3

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O S12

189070-69-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and
3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 53 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

3

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 54 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CRN 4649-31-4 CMF C28 H14 N2 O8

207303-58-0 CAPLUS

RN 207303-58-0 CAPLUS CN Poly[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)-1,5-naphthalenediyl(1,3-

....

dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2,5-diyl)carbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 54 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB 1,5-Bis(4-trimellitimido)naphthalene (II) was prepared by the

reaction of 1,5-naphthalenediamine and trimellitic anhydride. A series

aromatic poly(amide-imide)s (IVa-o) was synthesized by the direct polycondensation of the diimide-diacid (II) and various aromatic diamines (IIIa-o). The reaction utilized tri-Ph phosphite and pyridine as condensing agents in the presence of calcium chloride in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP). The inherent viscosities of the resulting poly(amide-imide)s were in the range of 0.55.appx.1.39 dL/g. These polymers were generally soluble in polar solvents, such as N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMQL), NMP, N,N-dimethylformamide (DMT). Flexible and tough poly(amide-imide) films were obtained by casting from a DMQL solution and had tensile strengths of 90.apprx.145 MPa, elongations to k

of 5.apprx.13 %, and initial moduli of 2.29.apprx.3.73 GPa. The glass transition temps. of some poly(amideimide)s were recorded in the range of 206.apprx.218 °C, and most of the polymers did not show discernible glass transition on their DSC traces. The 10% weight loss temps. were

glass transition on their DSC traces. The 10% weight loss temps, were above 522 °C in nitrogen and above 474 °C in air atmospheric ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:265527 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:4927 TITLE: Synthesis and properties of poly(amideimide)s based on

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of poly(amideimide)s based on 1,5-bis(4-trimellitimido)naphthalene AUTHOR(S): Yang, Chin-Ping; Hsizo, Sheng-Huei; Tsai, Ming-Ru CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung Institute of Technology, Taipei, 10451, Taiwan SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Research (1998), 5(1), 23-29 CODEN: JPOREP: ISSN: 1022-9760
PUBLISHER: Polymer Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English
IT 207303-57-9F 207303-58-0P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and properties of poly(amideimide)s based on 1,5-bis(4-trimellitimido)naphthalene)
RN 207303-57-9 CAPLUS
CN 1H-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-(1,5-naphthalenediyl)bis(2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 54 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 54 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN PAGE 2-A PAGE 2-B THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR REFERENCE COUNT: THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L42 ANSWER 55 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 1-B ∼со2н CM. 2 13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3 207341-57-9 CAPLUS Poly((1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)-1,4-phenyleneoxy-2,6-naphthalenediyloxy-1,4-phenylene(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2,5diyl)carbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4phenyleneiminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) PAGE 1-A

ANSWER 55 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The diimide-diacid, 2,6-bis(4-trimellitimidophenoxy)naphthalene (I), was
prepared by condensation of 2,6-bis(4-minophenoxy)naphthalene with
trimellitic anhydride. The aromatic poly(amide-imide)s were prepared by the direct polycondensation of I with various aromatic diamines using tri-Ph phosphite in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone/pyridine solution containing dissolved CaCl2.

The polymers had inherent viscosity 1.01-2.30 dL/g. Most were soluble in polar solvents, such as AcNMe2, and could be cast to transparent, flexible and tough films. The films had tensile strength 79-117 MPa, elongation-at-break 7-61% and initial moduli 2.2-3.0 GPa. Wide-angle x-ray diffraction revealed that some polymers are partially crystalline The Tgs were 232-300°. The polymers were stable to 450°, and their 10% weight loss temps. were 511-577° in N and 497-601° in their 101 weight loss temps, were 511-577° in N and 497-601° in air.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:243604 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:4922
New poly(amide-imide) syntheses. XXI. Synthesis and properties of aromatic poly(amide-imide)s based on 2,6-bis(4-trimellitimidophenoxy)naphthalene and aromatic diamines

AUTHOR(S): Yang, Chin-Ping: Hsiao, Sheng-Huei: Yang, Chun-Cheng Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung Institute of Technology, Tajpei, Taipei, Taiwan

Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry (1998), 36(6), 919-927
CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Begish
TYPE: Properties): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and properties of)
RN 207341-56-8 CAPLUS

CH H-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) air.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE: CH 1 CRN 153404-81-0 CMF C40 H22 N2 O10 PAGE 1-A L42 ANSWER 55 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN PAGE 1-B i c-nh PAGE 1-C

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L42 ANSWER 56 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A series of wholly aromatic polyamides containing
3,3'-dimethylbiphenyl-4,4'-
dicarboxylic acid (P-DMGA) and 3,4'-dimethylbiphenyl-4,3'-dicarboxylic
acid (Q-DMGA) was prepared by the direct polycondensation method using
tri-Ph phosphite and pyridine. Most of the polymers are readily soluble
polar aprotic solvents such as N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone,
N,N'-dimethylacetamide, DMSO, pyridine, and n-cresol and could be cast
into tough and flexible films. The solubilities of polyamides containing
P-DMGA and Q-DMGA as acid components were remarkably improved. These
were

characterized by inherent viscosity, DSC, thermogravimetric anal., and
dynamic mech. spectrometry measurements. The glass transition temps. of
these polymers were in the range of 200-300'C and the 3's weight loss
temps. were 430-470'C. Films prepared by casting from polymer solns.
exhibited good tensile properties.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:228072 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1998:228072 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1989:228072 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1989:228072 CAPLUS
AUTHOR(S): Shiotani, Akinori; Washio, Katsutoshi
Chiba, 290, Japan
Journal of Applied Polymer Science (1998), 68(5),
847-853
CODEN: JAPNAB: ISSN: 0021-8995

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
Journal of Applied Polymer Science (1998), 68(5),
847-853
CODEN: JAPNAB: ISSN: 0021-8995

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
ANGUAGE: English

IT 205188-77-82 205188-78-9P
RL: PRP (Properties): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and properties of)

RN 01,1'-Biphenyl)-4,4'-dicarboxylic acid, 3,3'-dimethyl-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 63297-02-9
CHF C16 H14 04
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L42 ANSWER 57 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The board is manufactured by (1) applying an undercoat agent containing (A) an epoxy resin, (B) a curing agent containing ether- and optionally sulfone-containing aromatic polyamine, and (C) a curing accelerator containing
2-undecylimidazole, 1-cyanoethyl-2-undecylimidazole, and/or
2,4-diamino-6-[2'-undecylimidazole-(1')]ethyl-s-triazine, (2) drying, (3) impregnating a substrate with an epoxy resin, (4) and press-laminating dried prepregs. The board shows good adhesion of an inner-layer circuit Cu foil and an undercoat layer without acid treatment.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:25699 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:148593
ITILE: Manufacture of multilayer printed circuit board INVENTOR(S): Takahashi, Yoshiyuki: Eguas, Shigeru; Iketani, Kunio PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Bakelite Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: CODEN: JUXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 10004268 A2 19980106 JP 1996-156573 19960618
SG 72708 A1 20000523 SG 1996-10689 19961022
TM 3951041 B 20000621 TM 1996-85112995 19961023
TM 3951041 B 20000621 TM 1996-85112995 19961023
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: JP 1995-284227 A 19951031

JP 1995-284229 A 19951031

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

Page 137

СН

CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 142 ANSWER 56 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

N 205188-78-9 CAPLUS

Poly(oxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl(3,3'-dimethyl(1,1'-biphenyl)-4,4'-diyl)carbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

HO Me OF

CRN 80-05-7 CMF C15 H16 02

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L42 ANSWER 58 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Dielec. method was used to study the dynamics of local motion in novel
regular polyamide-polyether-polysiloxanes containing short siloxane
spacers
and rigid aromatic amide fragments. The conditions of the internal
rotation
and the mechanism of mol. mobility are changed when oxyalkylene chains
are
are
incorporated into the central part of the rigid fragment: the correlation between the motions of the central and peripheral parts of the rigid fragment vanishes, and a new relexation transition appears, which reflects

reflects

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:777200 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1997:777200 CAPLUS

TITLE: Delectric relexation and molecular mobility of polysilarylenes with aromatic amide fragments containing oxyalkylene sequences containing oxyalkylene sequences.

AUTHOR(S): Zhukov, S. V.; Burshtein, L. L.; Borisova, T. I.; Malinovskaya, V. P.; Purkina, A. V.; Osadchev, A.
                                                                     Skorokhodov, S. S.
Institute of Macromolecular Compounds, Russian
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                                                                     of Sciences, St. Peteraburg, 199004, Russia
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A i Seriya B
(1997), 39/9), 1471-1475
CODEN: VSSBEE; ISSN: 1023-3091
MAIK Nauka
Journal
 PUBLISHER: MAJ

DOCUMENT TYPE: Joi

LANGUAGE: Rus

IT 197391-54-1 197391-55-2
            197391-54-1 197391-55-2
RL: PPP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
PROC (Process)
(dielec, relaxation and mol. mobility of polysilarylenes with aromatic amide fragments containing oxyalkylene sequences)
197391-54-1 CAPLUS
Benzoic acid, 4,4'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                                                       Russian
              CH 1
              CRN 18054-10-9
CMF C18 H22 O5 Si2
              CM
                        2
              CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
            ANSWER 59 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The mol. dynamics of amorphous polysilarylenes with amide groups and
watic
               fragments was studied by the dielec. method. The relaxation properties
             these polymers were compared to those of previously characterized polysilarylenes with ester-aromatic fragments. It is shown that there
               two types of the local mol. mobility in polyamides, which are analogous
               those known in the polyesters. The difference of the relaxation times
and

the activation energies for the dipole polarization in polysilarylenes with amide and ester groups is caused by an addnl. retardation of the kinetic elements as a result of intermol. hydrogen bond formation in polysmides.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:675510 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:307847

TITLE: Holecular mobility of polysilarylenes with aromatic amide forcemants.
                                                                     1997:675510 CAPLUS
127:307847
Molecular mobility of polysilarylenes with aromatic
amide fragments
Zhukov, S. V.; Burshtein, L. L.; Borisova, T. I.;
Malinovskaya, V. P.; Asinovskaya, D. N.; Skorokhodov,
S. S. S.
           CORPORATE SOURCE:
 PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
              CM 1
             CRN 18054-10-9
CMF C18 H22 O5 Si2
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2 CM

Page 138

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 58 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 197391-55-2 CAPLUS RN 19737-0-2 GN CN Poly(oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,4-phenylene(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-E

L42 ANSWER 59 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 197391-55-2 CAPLUS CN
Poly[oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,4phenylene(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)-1,4phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene} (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 60 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB The paper contain a heat-sensitive layer derived from aromatic isocyanates, leuco dyes, organic Sn compds., and aromatic amine compds. Stirring an

pus poly(vinyl alc.) solution containing 4,4',4''-triisocyanato-2,5-dimethoxytriphenylamine and Stann 00 7.1, din-octyl dimeleate dispersion 7.1, 3,3'-dianinodiphenylsulfone dispersion 13.3, p-benzylbisphenyl dispersion 33.4, CaCO3 dispersion 53, 16% En stearate solution 30, and

15t poly(vinyl alc.) 45 parts gave a coating solution, which was applied onto paper (50 g/m2), showing good sensitivity and image preservation.

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1997:617493 CAPLUS
127:294733 Heat-sensitive printing paper with high sensitivity, less blushing, and good image preservation Tanaka, Taku; Iwaya, Tetauro
Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
CODENT TYPE: DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE JP 09241549 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1996-57069 JP 1996-57069 19960314 19960314 A2 19970916

13080-88-1, Bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl] ether
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(heat-sensitive printing paper with high sensitivity, less blushing,
and good image preservation)
13080-88-1 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 61 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 61 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A naphthalene unit-containing bis(ether anhydride), 4,4'-(1,5naphthylenedioxy)diphthalic anhydride, was prepared in 3 steps starting

the nucleophilic nitro-displacement reaction of 1,5-dihydroxynaphthalene and 4-nitrophthalonitrile in N,N-dimethylformanide (DMT) solution in the presence of K2CO3. High-molar aromatic poly(ether imide)s were

using a 2-stage polymerization process from the bis(ether anhydride) and

comatic diamines. The intermediate poly(ether amic acid)s had inherent viscosities of 0.66-1.27 dL/g. The films of poly(ether imide)s derived from some diamines, such as p-phenylenediamine, benridine, and bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl] ether, crystallized and embrittled during

thermal imidization process. The other poly(ether imide)s were amorphous materials and could be fabricated into transparent, flexible, and tough films. These poly(ether imide) films had yield strengths of 111-125 MPa, tensile strength of 96-150 MPa, elongations to break of 10-38%, and initial moduli of 1.6-2.4 GPa. All of these polymers were insol. in

organic
solvents, except for that derived from 2,2-bis[4aminophenoxy]phenyl]propane. Their Zg's were recorded in the range of
226-265' by DSC. Thermogravimetric anal. showed that all the
polymers were stable ≤ 535' in both air and N atmospheric
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:464577 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:191148
TITLE: Synthesis and properties of poly(ether imide)s
derived

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: derived

from 4,4'-(1,5-naphthylenedioxy)diphthalic anhydride and various aromatic diamines
Hsiao, Sheng Hueir Yang, Chin Ping; Chu, Kuan Yu
Dep. Chemical Engineering, Tatung Inst. Technology,
Taipei, Taiwan
Hacromolecular Chemistry and Physics (1997), 198(7),
2153-2162
CODEN: MCHPES; ISSN: 1022-1352
Huethig & Wepf
Journal
English AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
IT 194150-65-7P
RL: PRP (Pro

194150-65-79
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and properties of poly(ether imide)s derived from (naphthylenedioxy)diphthalic anhydride and aromatic diamines) 194150-65-7 CAPLUS 1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[1,5-naphthalenediylbis(oxy)]bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 181487-22-9 CMF C26 H12 O8

L42 ANSWER 62 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Published data on crystal lattice unit cell parameters were used to

: . packing d. coeffs. (Kc) in the crystalline state for a series of /imides. The values of Kc were shown to decrease, the larger the polyimides.

cross-section thickness, and the lower the ratio of chain persistence length to chain thickness.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:411680 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:136332

TITLE:

Noiecular packing density in the crystalline state of semi-rigid chain polymers. I. Polyimides Privalko, Valery P.; Pedosenko, Alexey V. Inst. Macromol. Chem., Natl. Acad. Sci. Ukraine, AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Kiev,

253160, Ukraine
Polymer Engineering and Science (1997), 37(6),

SOURCE: 978-982 CODEN: PYESAZ; ISSN: 0032-3888

AISHER: Society of Plastics Engineers

DOENT TYPE: Journal

AUAGE: English

53563-79-4 53938-98-0

BIL DOENT TYPE: BIL DOENT TYPE

BIL DOENT TYPE

BIL DOENT TYPE

CODENT TYPE

BOOTH TYPE

BO

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

53938-99-1
RL: PRP (Properties)
(calen. of mol. packing d. of polyimides in crystalline state)
53563-77-2 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene
ester, polymer with 4,4'-{oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy}}bis[benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

53563-79-4 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CH

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 62 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 62 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CM 1 (Continued) CRN CMF 53563-78-3 C30 H24 N2 O4

2

89-32-7 C10 H2 O6

53938-99-1 CAPLUS 18,38-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM

L42 ANSWER 63 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Polyarom. ethers and thioethers with pendent cyclopentadienyliron
moieties
have been prepared in very high yield using a highly efficient and mild
methodol.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997;381913 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:135904
TITLE: Holecular design in organometallic chemistry: the
first example in the synthesis of

Nerry mign yield using a highly efficient and mild 1997:381913 CAPLUS 127:135904
Molecular design in organometallic chemistry: the first example in the synthesis of poly(cyclopentadienyliron) cations of polyaromatic ethers and thioethers Abd-El-Aziz, Alaa S.; de Denus, Christine R. Dep. Chem., Univ. Winnipeg, Winnipeg, MB, R3B 2E9, Can.

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Chem., Univ. Winnipeg, Winnipeg, MB, R3B 2E9, Can.

SOURCE:

Journal of the Chemical Society, Chemical Communications (1994), (5), 663-665

CODEN: JCCCAT; ISSN: 0022-4936

PUBLISHER:

Royal Society of Chemistry

Journal LANGUAGE:

IT 172793-93-0P 172794-17-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

[synthesis of poly(cyclopentadienyliron) cations of polyarom. ethers and thioethers)

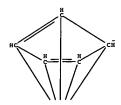
RN 172793-93-0 CAPLUS

CN Iron(3+), [u3-[n6:n6:n6-1.4-bis[4-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenoxy]benzene][tris(n5-2.4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)tri-, tris(hexafluorophosphate(1-)) (9CI) (CR INDEX NAME)

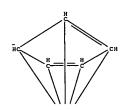
CM 1

CRN 172793-92-9 CMF C45 H35 C12 Fe3 O4 CCI CCS

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PAGE 1-C

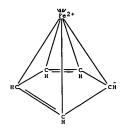


L42 ANSWER 63 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

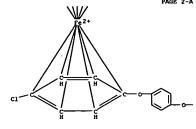
2+ c c1.

PAGE 3-B

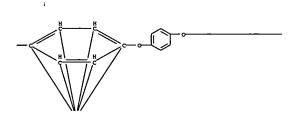
PAGE 2-C



CM 2 CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P L42 ANSWER 63 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B



L42 ANSWER 63 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)



N 172794-17-1 CAPLUS
N Iron(4+), [µ4-[η6:η6:η6-1,4-bis[4-[4-(4chlorophenoxy)phenoxy]phenoxy]benzene]]tetrakis(η5-2,4-cyclopentadienl-yi)tetra-, tetrakis[hexafluorophosphate(1-)] [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

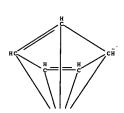
CM 1

CRN 172794-16-0

CMF C62 H48 C12 Fe4 06

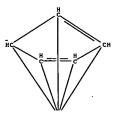
CCI CCS

PAGE 1-A

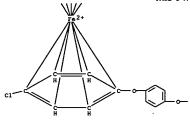


PAGE 1-D

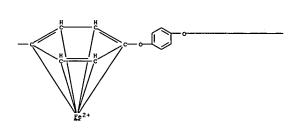
PAGE 2-B



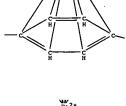
PAGE 2-A



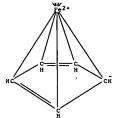
PAGE 2-C



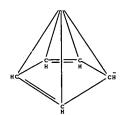
L42 ANSWER 63 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN PAGE 2-D



PAGE 3-B



PAGE 3-C



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REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 64 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The aromatic polyamide-polyimides have structural repeating units I (R = aromatic diamine). The aromatic polyamide-polyimides are manufactured by (1) polymerizing dimidodicarboxylic acid dichloride II by treating with substantially equimolar amts. of aromatic diamines, (2) polymerizing dimidodicarboxylic acid

III by treating with substantially equimolar amts. of aromatic diamines in

the presence of condensation agents, or (3) treating biphenyltetracarboxylic acid dianhydride with substantially double molar amts. of aminobenzoic acid in solvents to produce III and then treating III with substantially equimolar amts. of aromatic diamines in the

erature
474°. The arm. polyamide-polyimide was dissolved in NMP, cast on a
glass plate, and heated to give an yellowish transparent film (thickness
19 µm), which showed tensile strength 1400 kg/cm2, elongation 35%, and
initial tensile modulus 34,000 kg/cm2.
SSION NUMBER: 1997:344315 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

ANSWER 64 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
186195-12-0 CAPLUS
Poly*(1,1,1,3,3"-tetrahydro-1,1',3,3'-tetraoxo[5,5'-bi-2H-isoindole]-2,2'-diyl)-1,3-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylene) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 64 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:18169 (Continued) DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: good

Heat-resistant aromatic polyamide-polyimides with

INVENTOR (S) :

moldability and manufacture thereof
Shiotani, Akinori: Koda, Masafumi: Washio, Katsutoshi
Ube Industries, Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
CODEN: JKOKAF
Patent
Japanese
1 PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 09077872 JP 3496697 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19970325 20040216 JP 1995-233902 19950912 JP 1995-233902 19950912

CM 1

CRN 186194-92-3 CMF C30 H14 C12 N2 O6

CM 2

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

ANSWER 65 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The title products contain polyimide adhesives of 40-95 mol% I and 5-60 mol% II units (X = SO2, CO2CH2CH2CO2; Ar = divalent aromatic group; R=CI-10

II

alkylene, CH2OC6H4; n = 1-20). A polyimide soluble in many organic

alkylene, CH2OC6H4: n = 1-20). A polykinde soluble in many organic solvents and forming tough cast films was prepared from 3,4'-diaminobiphenyl 67, 1,3-bis(3-aminopropyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyldisiloxane 33, and 3,3',4,4'-diphenyl sulfone-tetracarboxylic dianhydride 100 mmol.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:317641 CAPFUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:293760

Polykindes with good solubility in organic solvents, processability and heat resistance and manufacture thereof

INVENTOR(S): Oka, Osamu; Nishigaya, Takeshi

Tomoegawa Paper Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE: JPN. KOKAI Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.

CODEN: JNCKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: PAHLIY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
*				
JP 09067438	A2	19970311	JP 1995-245148	19950831
JP 2949568	B2	19990913		
US 5723571	A	19980303	US 1996-703151	19960829
RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-245148	19950831

189070-56-2P 189070-69-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRFP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PRFP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polyimides with good solubility in organic solvents, processability

and heat resistance and manufacture thereof) L42 ANSWER 65 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
RN 189070-56-2 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis(benzenamine)| and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(1-propanamine)| (GCI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

СН 2

3 CH

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

189070-69-7 CAPLUS 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(1-propanamine) (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1

L42 ANSWER 66 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The title products contain polyimide adhesives of 40-95 mol% I and 5-60 mol% II units (X = SO2, CO2CH2CH2CO2; Ar = divalent aromatic group; R= C1-10

alkylene, CH2OC6H4; n = 1-20). A 25%-solids liquid adhesive was

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:

heat resistance and reliability
Oka, Osamu; Nishigaya, Takeshi; Yamanashi, Fumyoshi
Tomoegawa Paper Co Ltd, Japan
JDn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp.
CODEN: JKXKAF

Patent

Japanese 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE JP 09067559 JP 2992462 US 5866250 US 5959068 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19970311 19991220 19990202 19990928 A2 B2 A JP 1995-245149 19950831 US 1996-704160 US 1998-190174 JP 1995-245149 US 1996-704160 1996082B

189070-56-2P 189070-69-7P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses) (adhesive tapes and liquid adhesives for electronic parts, curable at

L42 ANSWER 65 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 (Continued)

2

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

3 СK

L42 ANSWER 66 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
relatively low temp. with good heat resistance and reliability)
RN 189070-56-2 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis(benzenamine) and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3 CM

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

189070-69-7 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,2-ethanediyl
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and
3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl]bis[1-propanamine] (9CI)

INDEX NAME)

1 СН

$$\mathsf{H}_{2^N}$$

СН 2

3 CM

CRN 1732-96-3 CMF C20 H10 O10

L42 ANSWER 67 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN JP 3604195 B2 20041222 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1995-16943 JP 1995-169434

\$8883-56-0DP, reaction products with phthalic anhydride
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture): POF (Polymer in formulation): PRP
(Properties): PREP (Preparation): USES (Uses)
(polyminde compans containing polysilylacetylenes with improved mech. properties and heat-resistance)

\$8883-56-0 CAPLUS
1,3-isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CM

L42 ANSWER 67 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Title compns. contain 100 parts polyimides having repeating units I [X = direct bond, SO2, CO, O, S, CMe2, C(GF3)2; Z1 = 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayl, 2,3,6,7-naphthalenetetrayl, Q: Z2 = direct bond, O, CO, SO2, CH2, CMe2, C(GF3)2, 4-OC6H4O, CMe2(C6H6O-4)2] and 5-50 parts Si-containing polymers having repeating units [m-SiRRic.tplbond.CC6H4C.tplbond.C6] and/or [m-SiRRic.tplbond.C6H4C.tplbond.C7] alkeyl, alkeyl, alkynyl, Ph, naphthyl; the aromatic group may be substituted with halo,

NH2, CO2H), and/or their cured products.
Si-containing polymers are also claimed. Thus, phthalic anhydride-modified 4,4-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer

4,4"-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer
(glass
transition temperature 249", melt viscosity 7800 P at 400") was
melt kneaded with 51 m-diethynylbenzene-phenylsilane copolymer
(weight-average
mel. weight 4800, number-average mol. weight 2510), pelletized, and
injection molded to
give test pieces, which showed tensile strength 1120 kg/cm2, elongation
554, and tensile modulus 330 kg/mm2.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:207097 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:200264
TITLE: Polymide compositions containing polysilylacetylene
with improved mechanical properties and

126:200264
Polyimide compositions containing polysilylacetylenes with improved mechanical properties and heat-resistance Cokawa, Juichi: Tamai, Masaji; Yamaguchi, Teruhiro Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan; Mitsui Chemicals Inc. Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A2 JP 09012881 19970114 JP 1995-169434 19950705

L42 ANSWER 68 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

$$\left[\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ \end{array}\right]_{1}$$

The compns. contain 100 parts polyimides having repeating units I [X = direct link, SO2, CO, O, S, CMc2, C(GF3)2; Z1 = 1,2,4,5-benzenetetrayl, 2,3,6,7-naphthalenetetrayl, Q; Z2 = direct link, O, CO, SO2, CH2, CMc2, C(GF3)2, 4-OC6M4O, CMc2(C6M4O-4)2] and 5-100 parts polyailoxanes. Polyimide films containing polysiloxanes are also claimed. Thus, a manic

polyamic

acid varnish prepared from 0.060 mol 4,4'-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl and
0.0576 mol pyromellitic dianhydride was mixed with 0.048 mol (EtO)481 and
HZO, coated on a glass plate, and heated at 250' for 4 h to give a
32-ym film, which showed tensile strength 10.53 kg/mm2, elongation 52%,
and tensile modulus 304 kg/mm2.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:207096 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:212884

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

120:2/2884

Polyimide compositions containing polysiloxanes with improved mechanical properties and heat-resistance, and films thereof
Ookawa, Juichi: Tamai, Masaji: Yamaguchi, Teruhiro Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
CODEN: JKXKAF
Patent

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 09012882	A2	19970114	JP 1995-169435	19950705
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995-169435	19950705

IT 58883-56-ODF, 4,4'-Bis(3-aminophenoxy) diphenyl ether-3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer, reaction products with phthalic anhydride RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (polyimide compns. containing polysiloxanes with improved mech. properties

and heat resistance)

L42 ANSWER 68 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 58883-56-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-1sobenzofutandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with

3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

L42 ANSWER 69 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 69 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The polyimides are manufactured by reacting aromatic diamines
HENCEHQCEHUCCHOCHOLHEI (x = direct bond, SO2, O, S, etc.) with
tetracarboxylic diamhydrides and imidation of the resulting polyamic

in the presence of aromatic compds. having ≥2 groups of OH, NH2, COOH, CH2COOH and/or SO3H. Stirring 4,4'-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl 36.84,

NMP

233, and pyromellitic dianhydride 20.72 g for 20 h, adding 13.81 g
m-hydroxybenzoic acid, spreading the solution on a glass plate, and
heating 1
h at 100° and 4 h at 250° gave a 32-µm film with glass
temperature 249° and linear thermal expansion coefficient 38 ppm/K at
50-150°.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
126:186555
TITLE:

Manufacture of dimension-stable polyimides based or
bis(aminonhemoxylhichemylature accessions)

1997:191861 CAPLUS
126:186555
Manufacture of dimension-stable polyimides based on bis(aminophenoxy)biphenyl-type compounds
Ookawa, Juichi; Tamai, Masaji; Yamaguchi, Teruhiro
Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
CODEN: JKCKAF
Patent
Japanese
1

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE JP 1995-169433 JP 1995-169433 JP 09012719 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19970114

IT 187540-88-19, 4,4'-Bis(3-aminophenoxy)diphenyl
ether-3,3',4,4'-Benzophenonetetracarboxylic acid copolymer
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture): PRP (Properties): PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of dimension-stable polyimides based on
bis(aminophenoxy)biphenyl-type compds.)
RN 187540-88-1 CAPLUS
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4,4'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CM.

CRN 2479-49-4 CMF C17 H10 09

L42 ANSWER 70 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The manufacture comprises (i) reacting aromatic diamines I [X = SO2, CO,

O, S,

CMe2, C(CF3)2] and tetracarboxylic dianhydrides II {Ar = IV, V, VI; Arl direct bond, O, CO, SO2, CH2, CMe2, C(CF3)2, p-Oc6H4O, p-Oc6H4CMe2C6H4O] in solvents of ≥2 mixts. selected from water-soluble ethers, water-soluble alcs., water-soluble amides, water-soluble ketones, and H2O and (ii) chemical or thermal imidization. The polyamides and the films are also claimed. Thus, reacting 0.100 mol 4,4°-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl and 0.095 mol pyromellitic dianhydride at room temperature in a mixture of THF and

0.095 mol pyromellitic dianhydride at room temperature in a mixture of THF and MeOH, applying the obtained polyamic acid varnish to a glass plate, and imidization at 250° gave a film with linear expansion coefficient at 50-150° 35 pm/K and solvent content under limit of detection. A polyimide powder obtained by stirring the varnish in the presence of isoquinoline and Ac20 at 70°, followed by heating at 50° then at 250°, exhibited Tg 250°, logarithmic viscosity 0.52, melt viscosity 8200° P, and solvent content under limit of detection.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:148185 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:157960

Manufacture of aromatic polyimides with low solvent residues and improved dimensional stability and films thereof
INVENTOR(S): Ookawa, Juichi; Tamai, Massji; Yamaguchi, Teruhiro

polyimides with low solven thereof
Ookawa, Juichi; Tamai, Masaji; Yamaguchi, Teruhiro Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent
Japanese

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: Japanese 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 08333450 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19961217 JP 1995-139436 JP 1995-139436

5883-56-ODP, reaction products with phthalic anhydride RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) [manufacture of aromatic polyimides with low solvent residues and

improved

dimensional stability for films)
58883-56-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 70 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2 CH

L42 ANSWER 71 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

186195-12-0 CAPLUS
Poly[{1,1',3,3'-tetrahydro-1,1',3,3'-tetraoxo[5,5'-bi-2H-isoindole]-2,2'-diyl)-1,3-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

186195-34-6 CAPLUS
Benzolc acid, 3,3'-(1,1',3',3'-tetrahydro-1,1',3,3'-tetraoxo[4,5'-bi-2H-isoindole]-2,2'-diyl)bis-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 147

L42 ANSWER 71 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Four new diminde-dicarboxylic acids were prepared by condensation of sa-biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydride with para- or meta-aminobenzoic acid. A series of aromatic poly(amide-imide)s containing these diimide-dicarboxylic units was prepared by three methods: (1) acid chloride
method, (2) tri-Ph phosphite method, and (3) one-pot method. A typical
polymer of the series is readily soluble in polar aprotic solvents such N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, dimethylsulfoxide, and pyridine, and could be into tough and flexible films. These were characterized by inherent viscosity, differential scanning calorimetry, and thermogravimetric anal. The glass transition temps. of these polymers were in the range of 220-290°C, and the 5% weight loss temps. were 450-500°C. Films prepared by casting from polymer solns. exhibited good tensile properties.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:73565 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:131850
TITLE: breparation of poly(amide-imide)s derived from biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydrides
AUTHOR(5): Shiotani, Akinori; Kohda, Masafumi
CORRORATE SOURCE: Chiba Res. Lab., UBE Ind. Ltd., Chiba, 290, Japan Jounnal of Applied Polymer Science (1997), 63(7), 865-873
CODEN: JAPNAB; ISSN: 0021-8995
FUBLISHER: Wiley
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 186195-11-9P 186195-12-0P 186195-34-6P
186195-44-BP
RL: PRP (Properties); SPM (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and properties of poly(amide-imide)s derived from biphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydrides)
RN 186195-11-9 CAPLUS
CN Benzoyl chloride, 3,3'-(1,1',3,3'-tetraphydro-1,1',3,3'-tetrapoxo[5,5'-bi-2H-isoindole]-2,2'-diyl|bla-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxyl]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, dimethylsulfoxide, and pyridine, and could be

CM 1

CRN 186194-92-3 CMF C30 H14 C12 N2 O6

CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1

L42 ANSWER 71 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CRN 186194-90-1 CMF C30 H16 N2 O8

186195-44-8 CAPLUS
Benzoic acid, 3,3'-(1,1',3,3'-tetrahydro-1,1',3,3'-tetraoxo[5,5'-bi-2H-isoindole]-2,2'-diy1)bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy])bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 186194-88-7 CMF C30 H16 N2 O8

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 71 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

(Continued)

FORMAT

diffusion coeffs. from CED. The method can accurately calculate gas permeability coeffs. in the polyimide films.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:643905 CAPLWS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:277217

TITLE: Method for calculation of diffusion coefficients of non-condensable gases in aromatic polyimide films
INVENTOR(S): Hirayama, Sukeaki; Kusuki, Yoshihiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ube Industries, Japan
SOURCE: ODDEN: JOKAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INDUSTATION: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 1994-331713 JP 1994-331713 JP 08210964 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19960820 72356-19-5
RL: ANT (Analyte): PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process): PRP (Properties): ANST (Analytical study): PROC (Process) (method for calcn. of diffusion coeffs. of non-condensable gases in aromatic polyimide films)
72356-19-5 CAPLUS
[5,5'-8]isobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

DATE

19941209 19941209

L42 ANSWER 72 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM
The method comprises dividing polyimide mol. structures into unit
structures; calcn. of cohesive energy and mol volume for each unit
structure; calcn. of cohesive energy d. (CED); and calcn. of gas
diffusion

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 1

2

CM

L42 ANSWER 72 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ANSWER 73 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Solvable fluorinated copolyimides based on a mixture of fluorinated and nonfluorinated diamines (comonomers) and diamhydrides of 3,3',4,4' benzophenone and 3,3', 4,4'-diphenyloxidetetracarbonic acida (intermonomers) are synthesized. Solubility of the polymers thus sined and The effect of the structure of the commonmers has been studies on the thermal stability and thermomech. properties of the film materials.

Antifriction self-lubricating materials and solid lubricants have been obtained.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:557998 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:226176
TITLE: Summer of the structure of the commonwealth of the structure of

(intermonomers) are symmetric intermation ability have been studied. The effect of the structure of the comonomers has been studied on the thermal stability and thermomech, properties of the film

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

1996:557998 CAPLUS
125:226176
Synthesis and properties of fluorine-containing
polyimides as components of solid lubricant coatings
Shelud'ko, E. V.: Golod, L. P.: Slutskii, V. I.
Inst. Bioorg. Khim. Neftekhim., AN Ukr., Kiev,

CONTROL 19

Ukraine

SOURCE:

Neftepererabotka i Neftekhimi, AN Uff., KieV, Ukraine

47-51

CODEN: NEFNBY; ISSN: 0548-1406

PUBLISHER:

Naukva Dumka

DOCUMENT TYPE:

JOURNAL

1T 182006-10-6 182006-20-8

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Usea)

(fluorine-containing polyimides as components of solid lubricant coatings)

RN 182006-10-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with 4,4'-(loxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)) bis(benzenamine) and 4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl)-1,3-benzenediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 182006-03-7 CMF C8 H8 F4 N2

3 CH

182006-20-8 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis(benzenamine) and 4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethyl)-1,3-benzenediamine (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 182006-03-7 CMF C8 H8 F4 N2

2 CM

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 74 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The title polymers are formed by reacting an aromatic tetracarboxylic acid

dianhydride with a mixture of H2NC6H4OC6H4XC6H4OC6H4NH2 (X = linking

group)
and H2N(CH2)3SiMe2O(SiMe2O)nSiMe2(CH2)3NH2 (n = 0-7) in 1:0.10-0.005

molar
ratio. A polyimide producing an adhesive atrength 2.02 kg/cm when bonded
to a Cu foil at 320°/5 kg/cm2 for 15 min was prepared from
4,4"-bis(3-aminophenoxy)biphenyl 0.096, BY16-871 0.002, pyromellitic
dianhydride 0.096, and phthalic anhydride 0.008 mol.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:509548 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:143622
TITLE: Polyimides and heat-resistant adhesives using the

producing good adhesive strength in bonding at low temperature and pressure
Ookawa, Juichi; Tamai, Masaji; Yamaguchi, Teruhiro
Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
CODEN: JXXXXAF
Patent INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Patent Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. JP 1994-281730 JP 1994-281730 KIND DATE DATE JP 08134213 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19960528

180155-41-3P 180155-42-4P

180155-41-3P 180155-42-4P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(polyimides and heat-resistant adhesives using the same producing good adhesive strength in bonding at low temperature and pressure)
180155-41-3 CAPLUS
H, 3H-Benzol(,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with o-[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily]lo-g|[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily]lo-g|[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsily]lo-g|(sydimethylsilyl)ene)] and
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CRN 58883-55-9

Page 149

L42 ANSWER 73 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

ANSWER 74 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3 CM

180155-42-4 CAPLUS [5,5'-Blisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with a-([3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]-e-[[(3-aminopropyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy|poly|coxy(dimethylsilylene)] and 4,4'-[oxybid(4,1-phenyleneoxyl)bid[benzenamine] [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 97917-34-5 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C10 H28 N2 O Si2 CCI PMS

CN 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 74 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CH 3 CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

L42 ANSWER 75 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

58883-55-9 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 53938-96-8P 58883-56-0P 110281-79-3P 181709-10-4P 181709-21-7P 181709-29-59 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of melt processible polyimides and their chemical structures)
RN 53938-96-8 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Tsobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

58883-56-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 Q3

181709-10-4 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 58883-55-9

com. available tetracarboxylic dianhydrides, various kinds of polyimides having almost the same mol. wts. were synthesized. The glass transition temperature (Tg) values and thermoplasticity were studied by focusing on the chemical structures of their repeating structure units. Tg and melt-processibility of polyimide depended on the chain length and meta-linkage contents of ether diamine, and the difference of amino substituted position in ether diamine.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:507451 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:222655 DOUMENT NUMBER: 125:222625

AUTHOR(S): Het processible polyimides and their chemical atructures

AUTHOR(S): Tamai, S.; Yamaguchi, A.; Ohta, M.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Central Res. Inst., Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals Inc., Yokohama, Japan

SOURCE: Polymer (1996), 37(16), 3683-3692

CODEN: POLWAG; ISSN: 0032-3861

FUBLISHER: Elsevier Journal
LANGUAGE: Journal
LANGUAGE: RI: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(Intermediate; preparation of melt processible polyimides and their chemical structures) structures)
105113-04-0 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis[4-(3-nitrophenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 13080-88-1P 58883-55-9P RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (monomer; preparation of melt processible polyimides and their structures) 13080-88-1 CAPLUS Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 75 OF 231 CAPIUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A series of aromatic ether diamines having different nos. of benzene

rings,
different amino-substituted positions and different moieties in their
structures was synthesized. By using these synthesized ether diamines

(Continued)

L42 ANSWER 75 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM 2

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

110281-79-3 CAPLUS (5,5'-81isobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 3,3'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 75 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 (Continued)

2

181709-21-7 CAPLUS
18,3M-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis(benzenamine) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH 2

181709-29-5 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 76 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB The dam-bars binding external terminals for the title lead frames are made ${}^{\circ}$

AB The dam-bars binding external terminals for the title lead trames are made

of solvent-soluble fluoropolymers or polyimides. The use of the polymer dam-bar materials prevents damages on the external terminals during separation of the frames in the manufacturing

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:303782 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:330329 124:330329
ITITLE: Semiconductor device lead frames having polymer dam-bars
INVENTOR(S): Iqarashi, Kazumasa
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nitto Denko Corp, Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
CODEN: JXXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patert
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION: 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 08046126 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19960216

72356-17-3
RL: DEV (Device component use); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (polymer dam-bars for lead-frames in semiconductor devices) 72336-17-3 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 75 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on 5TN CM 1 (Continued)

58883-55-9 C24 H20 N2 O3

2

CRN 17828-53-4 CMF C22 H10 O8

L42 ANSWER 76 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 77 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB In the title compns. containing (A) aromatic polyminde precursor polymers with anide bond concentration ≥1.5 mol/kg containing repeating units C(O)X[C(O)R][C(O)NHYNH (I; X = hexavalent F-free aromatic group or hexavalent organic group with chemical structures of 2-4 F-free aromatic group

bonded via ≥1 bond selected from single bonds, ether, thioether, carbonyl, methylene, sulfoxide, sulfone; COR, CORa, and CONH are ortho position from each other; R, Ra = OR1, NHR2, O- N+R3R4R5R6, OH; Rl-3 = organic group containing ethylenic unsatd. bonds at least on the parts;

- H,
Cl-6 hydrocarbon; at least a part of R and Ra are residues other than OH;
Y = F-free divalent aromatic group, F-free divalent organic group with chemical

ical structures of 2-6 aromatic groups which are bonded to each other via 21 bonds selected from ether, thioether, carbonyl, methylene, 2,2-propylene, sulfoxide, and sulfone), (8) photopolymm. initiators, and (C) solvents, Y in the aromatic polymined precursor polymers are divalent groups II (R7 = C1-4 aliphatic hydrocarbon: n = 0-3) and light absorption at

absorption at
wavelength 365 nm of the films formed after application of the compns.
followed by drying are \$1.5 per film thickness 10 μm. The
pattern formation method comprise (i) applying the photosensitive compns.
to substrates, (ii) exposing to 1-ray, (iii) removing the undeveloped
parts with developers, and (i.v.) heat treating the obtained patterns.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:294984 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:45116

Processitive argentic polymids precursor.

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

125:43116
Photosensitive aromatic polyimide precursor compositions and polyimide pattern formation method Matsuoka, Yoshio; Yokota, Kanichi; Kataoka, Yasuhiro Asahi Chemical Ind, Japan INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 34 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
A2	19960220	JP 1995-145143	19950522
B2	19981118		
		JP 1995-145143	19950522
	A2	A2 19960220	A2 19960220 JP 1995-145143 B2 19981118

178040-28-3P, Bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl] ether-3,3',4,4'-diphenyl sulfone tetracerboxylic dianhydride-2-isocyanatoethyl methacrylate copolymer RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered

L42 ANSWER 78 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & &$$

The compns. contain (A) aromatic polyamide precursor with amide bond

The Companis Contain (A) aromatic polyamide precision with amide bond concentration
≥1.5 mol/kg having a repeating unit I [X = tetravalent aromatic group containing no F, tetravalent organic group comprising 2-4 aromatic group containing no F
linked each other through ≥1 selected from direct bond, O, S, CO, CH2, SO, SO2: COR and COR1 are on the ortho position against CONH; R, R1

NHR2, O-N+R3R4R5R6, OH (R2-3 = ethylenic unsatd. group; R4-6 = H, C1-6 hydrocarbyl); R and R1 in at least a part of the repeating unit = group other than OH; Y = divalent arylene containing no F, divalent organic

comprising 2-6 aromatic group containing no F linked each other through

comprising 2-6 aromatic group containing no F linked each other through

selected from direct bond, O, S, CO, CH2, CMe2, SO, SO2] (B) photopolymn.
initiators, and (C) solvents, and (i) the amide bond concentration is
\$2.42 mol/kg and/or (ii) X = tetravalent group substituted with
aprotic electron-donating group, and/or (iii) Y = Q [A = CH2, CO, SO2, O,
S, m-OCEH4O, P-OCEH4O, D) (B has the same definition as A: K = 0, 1); m =
0, 1), Q2 (C = SO2, SO, CO; p = 0, 1, 2; Z = O. CH2, CMe2), or divalent
aromatic group substituted with aprotic electron-donating group and
absorbance of a film obtained by coating with the photoresist compns. and
drying is \$1.5/10 µm at 365 nm. A method for the polyimide
pattern formation using the above compns. is also claimed. The compns.
photolithog, process for manufacture of semiconductor devices.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
1096:248355 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1124:356223
Photoresist compositions for i-line exposure
Matauoka, Yoshio; Yokota, Kanichi; Kataoka, Yasuhiro
Asahi Chemical Ind, Japan
JDn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.
CODEN: JKXCMAF

124:336223
Photoresist compositions for i-line exposure
Matsucka, Yoshio; Yokota, Kanichi; Katacka, Yasuhiro
Asahi Chemical Ind, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese

Page 152

ANSWER 77 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
use): PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(arom. polyimide precursor photosensitive compns. and their pattern
formation methods with i-ray)
178040-23 CAPLUS
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-isocyanatoethyl ester, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benramine) and 5,5'-sulfonylbis(1,3isobenzofurandione) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 30674-80-7 CMF C7 H9 N O3

CH2-CH2-NCC

СH

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 3

CRN 2540-99-0 CMF C16 H6 O8 S

L42 ANSWER 78 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS ON STN FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 08036264	A2	19960206	JP 1995-145134	19950522
JP 2826978	B2	19981118		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1995~145134	19950522

72356-17-3DP, reaction products with diethylaminoethyl

methacrylate RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material

rial
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(photoresist compns. containing polyamic acids for i-line exposure
providing heat-resistant polyimide film)
72356-17-3 CAPUS
1.3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2540-99-0 C16 H6 O8 S

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L42 ANSWER 79 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB We investigated relations between diffusivities in polyimides and phys. parameters with mobilities of segments and examined viscoelasticity of polyimides on introducing the parameter as an index of mobilities of polymer chains. Each relaxation temperature of viscoelasticities on polyimide

films having ordered regions was almost the same as that in the amorphous states. The CF3 group as a substituent showed an effect similar to that of the CH3 group in elastic relaxation. For relations between the diffusion coeffs. and cohesive-energy demants of the CH3 group in elastic relaxation. For relations between the diffusion coeffs. and cohesive-energy demants. the relation between CED and the gas diffusivities showed a good correlation. Mobilities of segments affected strongly the gas diffusivities even in the glassy polymers such as polytmides.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:186807 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:318592

TITLE: Relation of gas permeability with structure of aromatic polyimides II

AUTHOR(S): Risayama, Y.; Yoshinaga, T.; Kusuki, Y.; Ninomiya, K.;

Sakakibara, T.; Tamari, T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chiba Laboratory, UBE Industries, Ltd., 8-1, Goi-Minamikaigan, Ichihara, Chiba, 290, Japan Journal of Hembrane Science (1996), 111(2), 183-92 CODEN: JMESDO: ISSN: 0376-7388

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Journal

LANGUAGE: English

T72356-19-5 176315-62-1

RL: PRP (Properties)

(diffusion and permeation and thermal properties of polyimides as a function of structure)

RN 72356-19-5 CAPLUS

CN [5,3'-Bilsobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 2

CH 2
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176315-62-1 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[2,2,2-trifluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl]ethylidene]bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 1107-00-2 C19 H6 F6 O6 L42 ANSWER 80 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 2 2420-87-3 C16 H6 O6 176315-62-1 CAPLUS
1,3-Tsobenzofurandione, 5,5'-{2,2,2-trifluoro-1(trifluoro-thyl)ethylidene|bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1phenyleneoxy)}bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 79 OF 231 CAPLUS -COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

L42 ANSWER 80 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB We examined the relation of gas permeabilities, diffusivities, and solubilities with the structures in various polyimide films.

Permeability

coeffs. (P) and diffusion coeffs. (D) of polyimides were measured by the use of the high-vacuum time-lag method. Glass transitions, d-spacings, and densities of polyimides were determined from the data with differential

scanning calorimetry, a wide-angle X-ray diffraction, and a d-gradient column method, resp. The films tested were made from 32 kinds of polyimides, which were synthesized from the reactions of various diamines containing biphenyl, diphenyl methane, Ph ether, di-Ph sulfone, or di-Ph sulfide structures with BPDA, 6FDA, or PMDA. The effect of ordered region

in polyimide films on gas diffusivities were also examined A number of polyimide films gave the decreased diffusivities and solubilities due to the occurrence of ordered region when they were annealed over glass transition temps. We discussed especially diffusivities and structures of amorphous states of other polyimides except for these polyimides having ordered region. Furthermore, the relation of D having large effect on permeability, with phys. parameters, such as d-spacings and fractional free vols. (Vf), was examined in amorphous state. However, we could not find good correlations between in D and d-spacing or Vf-1. These poor correlations were observed in polyimides containing polar substituents.

The results show that the gas diffusion of glassy polymers may not be interpreted only in terms of total free space or mean-segment distance.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 124:18591

TITLE: Relation of gas permeability with structure of aromatic polyimides:

Relation of gas permeability with structure of aromatic polyimides.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 124:18591

Relation of Hembrane Science (1996), 111(2), 169-82

CODEN: JMESDO: ISSN: 0376-7388

Elsevier Journal of Hembrane Science (1996), 111(2), 169-82

CODEN: JMESDO: JSSN: 0376-7388

Language: A function of perm

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

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L42 ANSWER 81 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Disclosed is a thermal recording material having, on a support, a
heat-sensitive coloring layer containing an electron-donating colorless
an isocyanate compound and an amino compound. The storage stability of the raw
         stock material as well as the color image stability of the material are excellent.
                                                1996:87455 CAPLUS
124:160499
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                                               124:160499
Thermal recording material
Kawakami, Hiroshi: Nozaki, Chiyoshi: Iwakura, Ken
Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
U.S., 7 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5, 288, 688.
CODEN: USXXXM
Patent
TITLE:
INVENTOR (S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
         PATENT NO.
                                                KIND
                                                             DATE
                                                                                     APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                 DATE
US 5464804
JP 06048041
JP 2960266
US 5288688
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                             19951107
19940222
19991006
19940222
                                                                                    US 1993-128662
JP 1992-286873
                                                                                                                                 19930930
19920930
                                                                                                                          19930324
A 19920324
                                                                                     JP 1992-286873
                                                                                                                           A 19920930
                                                                                    US 1993-36390
                                                                                                                           A2 19930324
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:160499
IT 13080-88-1, Bis(4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl)ether
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(thermal recording material)
RN 13080-88-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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L42 ANSWER 82 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A dicarboxylic acid bearing two phthalimide rings was prepared by the condensation of N-phenyl-3,3-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]phthalimidine and trimelitic anhydride. A new family of polylamide-imide)s having inherent viscosities 0.65-1.65 dL/g was prepared by the tri-Ph phosphite activated polycondensation of the dimide-diacid with various aromatic diamines in a medium consisting of N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NNP), pyridine,

and calcium chloride. All the resulting polymers showed an amorphous nature and were readily soluble in polar solvents such as NMP and N,N-dimethylacetamide. The soluble poly(amide-imide)s afforded transparent,

N,N-dimethylacetamide. The soluble poly(amide-imide)s afforded transparent, flexible, and tough films. The glass transition temps. of these polymers were in the range 249-340° and the 10% weight loss temps. were 2545° in nitrogen.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:990331 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:56877
TITLE: New poly(amide-imide)s syntheses. 17 Parameters

1995:990331 CAPLUS 124:56877 New poly(amide-imide)s syntheses, 17. Preparation and properties of poly(amide-imide)s derived from

properties of poly(amide-imide)s derived from

N-phenyl-3,3-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]phthalimidin
e, trimellitic anhydride, and various aromatic
diamines

AUTHOR(S): Yang, Chin-Ping; Lin, Jiun-Hung

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, Tatung Institute
of Technology, Taipel, Taiwan

SOURCE: Polymer International (1995), 38(4), 335-42

CODEN: PLYIEI; ISSN: 0959-8103

PUBLISHER: Wiley

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English
IT 171828-29-8P 171828-19-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and properties of poly(amide-imide)s derived from
N-phenyl-3,3-bis[4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]phthalimidine, trimellitic
anhydride, and aromatic diamines)

RN 17128-29-8 CAPIUS

CN 1H-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-[{2,3-dihydro-3-oxo-2-phenyl-14-

isoindol-1-ylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenylene)}bis[2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine]

(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 153404-79-6 CMF C56 H33 N3 O11

L42 ANSWER 82 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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2

171828-30-1 CAPLUS

ANSWER 82 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
Poly([1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4phenylene(2,3-dihydro-3-oxo-2-phenyl-1H-isoindol-1-ylidene)-1,4phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenylene(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2,5-

diyl)carbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

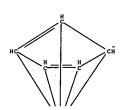
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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

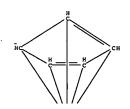
* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



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Page 155

ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Synthetic strategies for the design of oligomeric ethers with pendant
cyclopentadienyliron moieties were developed. A wide range of these
materials were prepared via nucle

mono- or di-hydroxyarom. nucleophiles and a variety of chloroarene complexes under mild exptl. conditions. The mono- and bis-(cyclopentadienyliron) arene complexes were used as building blocks for the larger systems. The crystal structures of three bis(cyclopentadienyliron) arene dications, [(ŋ5-C5H5)Fe(ŋ6-C6H5)-o-XC6H4X-(ŋ6-C6H5)Fe(ŋ5-C5H5)]2+ (x O or S) and [(ŋ5-C5H5)Fe(ŋ6-C6H5)-m-OC6H0-(ŋ6-C6H5)Fe(ŋ5-C5H5)]2+, were determined by x-ray crystal structure anal. A number of routes to

synthesis of the oligomeric species (tri-, tetra- and hexa-Fe moieties) were studied to determine the flexibility and efficiency of the proposed strategies, and these materials were fully characterized using spectroscopic and anal. techniques. To prove further the structures of these complexes, some of them were prepared using different starting materials, giving the same proposed products. Polyiron complexes

containing terminal hydroxy groups also were prepared and used as dinucleophiles.

systematic increase in the number of rings and Fe moieties allowed full characterization by monitoring the changes in the NNR spectra. Also, the possibility of preparing homo- and mixed-polyarom. ethers where the number of preparing homo and mixed-polyarom. ethers where cyclopentadienyliron moieties varied from two to thirty-five was demonstrated.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:897362 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:176417
TITLE: Continued in the NNR spectra. 124:176417

1995:99785 CARLOS
124:176417
Controlled design of oligomeric ethers with pendant cyclopentadienyliron moieties
Abd-El-Aziz, Alaa S.; de Denus, Christine R.;
Zaworotko, Michael J.; MacGillivray, Leonard R.
Dep. Chem., Univ. Winnipeg, Winnipeg, MB, R3B 2E9,
Can. AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Chem., Univ. Winnipeg, Winnipeg, MB, R3B 2E9,
Can.

Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions:
Inorganic Chemistry (1995), (20), 3375-93

CODEN: JCDTB1; ISSN: 0300-9246

PUBLISHER:
Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE:
Journal
LANGUAGE:
English
OTHER SOURCE(S):
CASREACT 124:176417

IT 172793-91-8P 172793-93-09 172794-17-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(controlled design of oligomeric ethers with pendant
cyclopentadienyliron moieties)

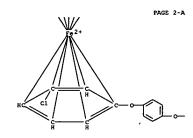
RN 172793-91-8 CAPLUS

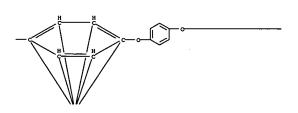
CN Iron(3+), [u3-[n6:n6:n6-1,4-bis[4-(3-chlorophenoxyl)phenoxylbenzene])tris(n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)tri-,
tris[hextRucophenoxylphenoxylbenzene])tris(n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)tri-,
tris[hextRucophenoxylphenoxylbenzene])tris(n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)tri-,
tris[hextRucophenoxylphenoxylbenzene])tris(n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)tri-,

CM 1

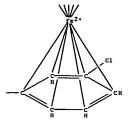
CRN 172793-90-7 CMF C45 H35 C12 Fe3 O4 CCI CCS

L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

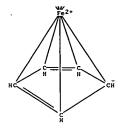




PAGE 2-C



PAGE 3-B



CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS F_

F_ F-

RN 172793-93-0 CAPLUS
CN Iron(3+), {µ3-{n6:n6:n6-1,4-bis{4-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenoxy|benzene]}tria{n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl}tri-,
tris{hexafluorophosphate{1-}} (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

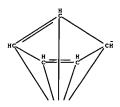
L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CH :

CRN 172793-92-9 CMF C45 H35 C12 Fe3 O4 CCI CCS

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(Continued)



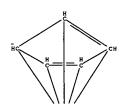
L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continu

PAGE 1-C

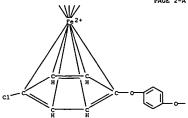
L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued

PAGE 2-B

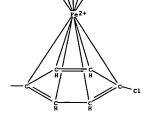


PAGE 2-A



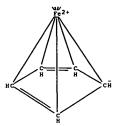
H H

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(Continued)



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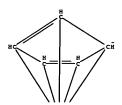
RN 172794-17-1 CAPLUS
CN Iron(4+), [µ4-{µ6:n6:n6:n6-1,4-bis[4-[4-(4-chlorophenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]benzene]|tetrakis(n5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)tetra-, tetrakis[hexafluorophosphate(1-)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

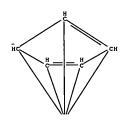
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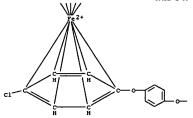
CCI CCS



PAGE 1-D

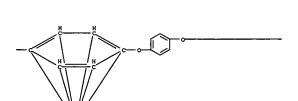


L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 2-A



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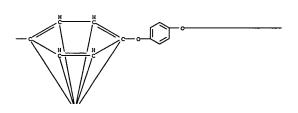
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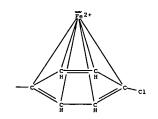


L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

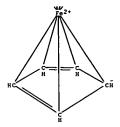
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PAGE 2-C

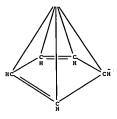




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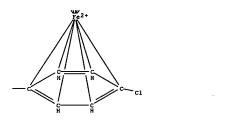
CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS



L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 172794-31-9 CAPLUS

Poly(oxy-1,4-phenylene), α-(4-chlorophenyl)-α-(4-chlorophenxy), -(η5-2,4-cyclopentadien-1-yl)iron(1+)
hexafluorophoxyhate(1-) complex (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

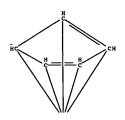
CRN 172794-30-8

CM (C17 H13 Fe O2)n C17 H13 C12 Fe O

CCI CCS, PMS

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L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

re2+2

CM 2 CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

F-5+ F-

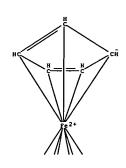
CM 1

CRN 173741-27-0

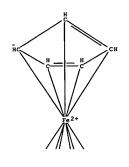
CMF C79 H61 C12 Fe5 08

CCI CCS

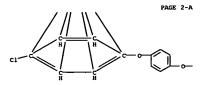
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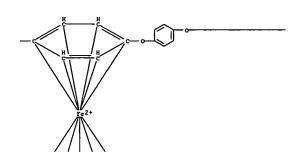
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142 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

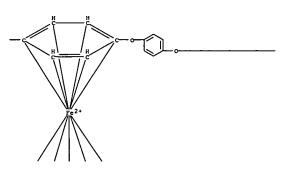


PAGE 2-B

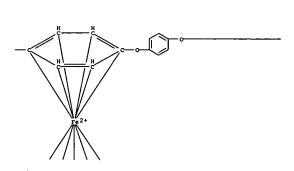


L42 ANSWER 83 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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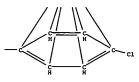
PAGE 2-D



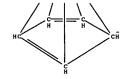
Page 159

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PAGE 2-E



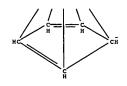
PAGE 3-B



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CRN 16919-18-9 CMF F6 P CCI CCS

i

L42 ANSWER 84 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 84 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The material comprises a support coated with a thermal coloring layer containing an electron-donating colorless dye, a thioisocyanate compound, and an anino compound The thioisocyanate compound may be a ≥2-NCS-containing aromatic thioisocyanate. The amino compound may be an aromatic derivative I (X = 1000,

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A2 JP 07205553 19950808 19940110 19940110 JP 1994-908 JP 1994-908 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S):

R SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:325798
13080-88-1, Bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl) ether
Rt: DEV (Device component use): USES (Uses)
(thermal recording material containing thioisocyanate and amino

apound;
13080-88-1 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 85 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The title photoreceptors comprise a conductive support coated with a photosensitive layer containing a bisazo compound I (KI, KZ = OH-containing coupler residue having a group with coupling ability, 1 of KI and KZ is II (Y = divalent N-contg heterocycle which may be substituted, divalent azomatic hydrocarbon which may be substituted; X = divalent group having >2 groups selected from III and IV: RI, RZ = H, halo, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) alkyxy, (substituted) alryl; the benzene rings A, B, and C may have substitutents]. The photoreceptors show high photosensitivity and and

good durability in repeated use. Thus, an Al vapor-deposited polyester film was coated with a charge-generating layer containing V and with a charge-generating layer containing V and with a charge-generating layer containing V and with a charge-transporting layer containing a hydrazone compound to give a photosceoptor.

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1995:849478 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:215563

TITLE: Electric House All Captus

Electrophotographic photoreceptors using novel bisazo

compound
Rin, Mamoru; Tanaka, Noriko
Mitsubishi Kagaku KK, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 07168378 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19950704 JP 1993-316552 JP 1993-316552 19931216 19931216

IT 170588-34-8 170893-87-5 170893-88-6
170893-93-3
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(electrophotog. photoreceptor containing bisazo compound as charge-generating

7-oxo-7H-benzimidazo[2,1-a|benz[de]isoquinolin-4-yl)azo]-2-bromophenoxy]-2-

bromophenoxy]-2-bromophenoxy]-2-bromophenyl]azo]-N-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

(Continued)

170893-87-5 CAPLUS
2-Naphthalenecarboxamide, N-(2-chlorophenyl)-3-hydroxy-4-[[3-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-hydroxy-9-(10-,11 or 12)-methyl-7-oxo-7H-benzimidazo[2,1-

a]benz[de]isoquinolin-6-yl]azo]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy

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PAGE 3-A

a]benz[de]isoquinolin-5-yl]azo]phenoxy

L42 ANSWER 85 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-A

D1-Me

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

D1-C1

L42 ANSWER 86 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C16 H6 O7

74951-98-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-{1,3-phenylenebis(oxy)}bis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 18959-92-7 CMF C22 H10 O8

2 CM

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Polyetherimides (PEI) based on dianhydrides of 3,3',4,4'diphenyloxytetracarboxylic acid and 1,3-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)benzene
that contain fragments of such thermoplastic polymers as poly(ether
sulfone) or poly(phenylene oxide) were synthesized. Thermoplastic
properties of synthesized PEI were characterized by flow temperature ff
and melt

wiscosity ηm . The PEI compns. are film-forming and can flow at temps 80-100° lower than the onset of thermal degradation. The properties obtained are outstanding for the production of PEI as fusible film

binders,
and composites can be produced without toxic solvents. Carbon
fiber-reinforced plastics (CFRP) based on PEI films were analyzed using

acoustic emission (AE). The thermomech, properties of the composites are improved by subsequent thermal treatment of the polymer at a temperature improves by the figure of the first state of the fi

Yudin, V. E.; Gubanova, G. N.; Leksovskii, A. M. Inst. Macromol. Compounds, Academy Sci. Russia, St. Petersburg, 199004, Russia Polymer Engineering and Science (1995), 35(16),

1321-4

CODEN: PYESAZ; ISSN: 0032-3888

PUBLISHER: Society of Plastics Engineers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 53938-96-8P 74951-98-7P
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);

(Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
(characterization of polyether polyimides for fusible film binders)
53938-96-8 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 1823-59-2

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$$\mathbb{R}^2$$
 \mathbb{R}^1
 \mathbb{R}^4
 \mathbb{R}^4
 \mathbb{R}^4
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 \mathbb{R}^4
 \mathbb{R}^4
 \mathbb{R}^4
 \mathbb{R}^4
 \mathbb{R}^4

A thermal recording material, comprising a support coated with a heat-sensitive layer containing an electron-donating colorless dye, an

isocyanate compound, and an amino compound, is thermally recorded followed by fixing with a chemical substance which reacts with the isocyanate

ound to allow it to not show the color developing ability substantially. The amino compound may be I (X = bond, CO, SO2, CONH, SO2NH; R1-3 = H, alkyl, aryl, alkoxy, aryloxy, sulfonyloxy, oxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, oxysulfonyl, acyl, sulfonyl, halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, CONH2, SO2NH2, CONHN12, SO2NHN12, II (Y = divalent group; R4, R5 = H, alkyl, aryl, alkoxy, acyl, sulfonyl, halo, nitro, cyano; X2 = bond, CO, SO2, CONH, SO2NH (these groups may be substituted), R1 and R2 and R4 and R5 may form a ringl). This method is capable of fixing thermal recording materials with high coloring properties. Thus, a paper support with a heat-sensitive layer containing 2-antlino-3-methyl-6-N-methyl-N-n-propylaminofluoran, 4,4',4"-triisocyanate-2,5-dimethoxytriphenylamine,

and
bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl) ether was thermally recorded and then fixed
by coating with a solution of tetraethylenepentamine.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:773122 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:242092

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

123:242092
Fixing of thermal recording materials
Kawakami, Hiroshi
Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
CODEN: JAXXAF
Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07144472	A2	19950606	JP 1993-293402	19931124
JP 3168108 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	B2	20010521	JP 1993-293402	19931124

OTHER SOURCE(S):

R SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:242092 13080-88-1, Bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy]benyl] ether RE: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (fixing of thermal recording material containing dye and isocyanate

and amino compound) RN 13080-88-1 CAPLUS

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L42 ANSWER 88 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The title recording materials, using electron-donating colorless dyes and electron-accepting compds., contain ≥1 triarylamine derivative I (Ar1-4 = aryl which may be substituted for alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl,

= aryl which may be substituted. alkoxy, alkylthio, or arylthio group: X, Y = S, O; Z = ethylene, phenylene, alkanediol). The materials provide images with good lightfastness. Thus, microcapsules containing 2-anilino-3-methyl-6-dinbutylaminofluoran and 1,2-bis[p-bis[p-methoxyphenylamino]phenoxy]ethane was coated on a paper support to give a color former sheet, which was used.

-NAr3Ar4

was coated on a paper support to give a color former sneet, which was with a color developer sheet containing Zn 3,5-bis(a-methylbenzyl)salicylate to give a pressure-sensitive copying set.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:677735 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:183582 123:183582
TITLE: Recording materials containing triarylamine compound INVENTOR(S): Yanayinhara, Nacto; Takeshima, Masanobu; Kodama, Tomohiro; Iwakura, Ken
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
SOURCE: JOCKAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: PAULY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PAULY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07089229	A2	19950404	JP 1994-17620	19940214
US 5480765	A	19960102	US 1994-239126	19940506
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-110490 A	19930512
			JP 1993-108437 A	19930510
			JP 1994-17619 A	19940214
			JP 1994-17620 A	19940214
			JP 1994-31462 A	19940301

IT 167308-83-0
RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES
(Uses)
(printing material containing triarylamine compound)
RN 167308-83-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[N,N-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 88 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

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The polyimides, useful for elec. insulating coatings of electronic parts, are represented by I $\{R1=4\text{-valent}\ residue\ of\ organic\ acid\ containing}$

mol% biphenyl ether tetracarboxylic dianhydride; R2 = bivalent residue of diamine containing ≥50 mol% X(p-C6H4O-p-C6H4NH2)2; X = CH2, O, CMe2, SO2, C(CF3)2]. Thus, 41.0 g 2,2-bis[4-[4-(aminophenoxy)phenyl]]propane and 31.0 g 3,3',4'-biphenyl ether tetracarboxylic dianhydride were treated at a room temperature for 12 h in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone to give

poly(amic acid) solution, which was cast on a glass plate, treated at 100° for 30 min, and imidized at 180° to give a cured product showing 5%-Weight-loss temperature 520°, water absorption 1.1% after.

after

30-min boiling, volume resistivity 1 + 1016 Q-cm, and flexural modulus 3.1 GPa.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:643702 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:231508
TITLE: Low-temperature-curable polyimides with exceptions. Low-temperature-curable polyimides with excellent

resistance and flexibility

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE: Tsunoda, Mayumi Toshiba Chem Prod, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07090081	A2	19950404	JP 1993-255279	19930920
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-255279	19930920

168764-96-3P
RL: INF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (10w-temperature-curable polyether-polyimides with good heat

resistance and
flexibility)
RN 168764-96-3 CAPLUS
CN 1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
5,5'-oxybis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 4,4'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

2

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 07

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JP 07029670 A2 19950131 JP 1993-171421 19930712

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-171421

IT 163488-93-5
RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(manufacture of surface heaters from alloy foils and polyimide insulating layers)
RN 163488-93-5
CAPLUS
CN HH, 3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 1,4-benzenediamine, [5,5'-biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, 4,4'-oxybis(benzenamine) and 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

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AB The thermogenic member is manufactured by coating a foil from stainless steel,

Fe-Ni alloy, Ni-Cr alloy and Cu-Ni alloy with a polyimide insulating layer
on one or both surfaces. The polyimide insulating layer is formed by coating a polyamic acid solution, which is prepared by polymerizing aromatic
tetracarboxylic dianhydride I (R = tetravalent group selected from monocyclic aromatic, condensed polycyclic aromatic, or noncondensed polycyclic
aromatic group) and mixed diamine containing 5-25 mol% aromatic diamine
II (X = bivalent group selected from S, 0, sulfone, carbonyl, and isopropylidene) and 75-95 mol% phenylenediamine and III (Y = S, 0, sulfone, carbonyl, methylene, ethylene, isopropylidene, or hexafluoroisopropylidene), drying and imidizing.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:582636 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:320159
ITITLE: Manufacture of surface thermogenic member having improved dimensional stability

1995:582636 CAPLUS
122:320159
Manufacture of surface thermogenic member having improved dimensional stability
Ootsubo, Eiji: Oota, Yasuhiko; Narimatau, Osamu;
Tagawa, Kimiteru; Takemura, Yasuo; Kabetani,

DOUGLET TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japan
DOUGLET TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japan
Japan Sapan
Japan Sepan Japan
Japan Japan
Japan Sepan Japan Japan Japan
Japan Sepan Japan Japan

L42 ANSWER 90 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 4

19930712

CRN 101-80-4 CMF C12 H12 N2 O

L42 ANSWER 91 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB The title composition comprises (A) aromatic polyimide precursor with amide bond e bond concentration of $\geq 1.5 \text{ mol/kg}$ and containing a repeating unit, OCX(COR)(CORY)CONHYNH (X = tetravalent aromatic containing no F; positions of
COR, COR', and CONH are ortho-positions each other: R, R' = OR1, NHR2,
O-N+R3R4R5R6, OH: R1-3 = organic group containing ethylenic unsatd.

R4-6 = , CI-6 hydrocarbyl: Y = divalent aromatic containing no F], (B) bonds: R4-6 = H, C1-6 hydrocarbyl: Y = divalent aromatic containing no F], (B) photopolymn.
 initiator, and (C) solvent.
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:570839 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:41400
 TITLE: Photoresist composition for i-line exposure
INVENTOR(S): Matsucks, Yoshio; Yokota, Kanichi; Kataoka, Yasuhiro PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Asahi Chemical Ind, Japan Jon. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 40 pp.
 CODEN: JICKAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: JAPANESE
TAMILIY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PAIENT INFORMATION.				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06342211	A2	19941213	JP 1993-181529	19930722
JP 2826940	B2	19981118		
US 6162580	A	20001219	US 1995-451616	19950526
US 6482569	B1	20021119	US 2000-572203	20000517
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-215732 A	19920722
			JP 1992-273222 A	19921012
			JP 1993-66725 A	19930325
			JP 1993-79504 A	19930406
			US 1993-95783 BI	19930721
			US 1995-451616 A1	19950526

166833-56-3P
RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (polyimide precursor for i-line exposure)
166833-56-3 CAPLUS
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ester, compd. with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxyl)]bis[benzenamine] polymer with
5,5'-sulfonylbis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 105-16-8 CMF C10 H19 N O2

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AB The title blends, optionally containing vinylpyrrolidone polymers for hydrophilicity, have good mech. properties (e.g., tearing resistance) and are useful for moldings, films, and fibers. A homogeneous blend was prepared from 25 parts sulfonated polyether-polyketone comprising 70 mol Author and the control of the contro

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	EP 604881	A2	19940706	EP 1993-120596	19931221
,	EP 604881	A3	19940921		
	EP 604881	B1	19971112		
	R: DE, ES, FF	, GB, I	r, se		
	ES 2111122	Т3	19980301	ES 1993-120596	19931221
	JP 06263980	A2	19940920	JP 1993-338056	19931228
	JP 3425790	B2	20030714		
	US 5510424	A	19960423	US 1995-383620	19950202
PR	IORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1992-4244526 A	19921230
				US 1993-173999 B	1 19931228

62174-26-9 161739-80-6
RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
(homogeneous blends with sulfonated aromatic polyether-polyketones)
62174-26-9 CAPLUS

Poly(oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,4-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L42 ANSWER 91 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

H₂C 0 C-O-CH2-CH2-NEt2

CM 2

CRN 72356-17-3 CMF (C24 H20 N2 O3 . C16 H6 O8 S)x CCI PMS

CH 3

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

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(Continued)

161739-80-6 CAPLUS
1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 93 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A dicarboxylic acid (I) was prepared from the condensation of
9,9-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxylphenyl] fluorene and trimellitic anhydride. A
new family of poly(amide-imide)s having inherent viscosities of 0.75-1.04
dL/g was prepared by the tri-Ph phosphite activated polycondensation from
the diimide-diacid I with various aromatic diamines in a medium
consisting of
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP), pyridine, and calcium chloride. Most of **N-Bethyl*z-pytrolicome (NRP), pytroline, and calcium criorice. Not of resulting polymers showed an amorphous nature and were readily soluble in polar solvents such as NMP and N.N-dimethylacetamide. All the soluble polyfamide-imide)s afforded transparent, flexible, and tough films. The glass transition temps of these polymers were in the range of 262-325 °C and the 10% weight loss temps. were above 525 °C in air.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:139717 CAPLUS**
DOCUMENT NUMBER:** 122:10854
**New Polyfamide-imide) syntheses. XII. Preparation and properties of polyfamide-imide)s based on the dimide-diacid condensed from 9, 9-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxylphenyl] fluorene and trimellitic anhydride

AUTHOR(S): Yang. Chin-Ping: Lin, Junn-Hung
Department Chemical Engineering, Tatung Institute Technology, Taiwan, Taiwan

SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry

(1994), 32(14), 2653-62

CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X

JOURNAL JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X

JOURNAL JANGUAGE: English

IT 159154-88-8 159154-89-9

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)

(preparation and properties of poly(amide-imide) sbased on the diminde-diacid condensed from 9,9-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]

fluorene and trimellitic anhydride)

RN 159154-88-8 CAPIUS

CN 1H-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-[9H-fluoren-9-ylidenebis[4,1-phenyleneoxy4,1-phenylene)]bis[2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 153404-75-2 CMF C55 H32 N2 O10

L42 ANSWER 93 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2,5-diyl)carbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenylene INDEX NAME.)

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L42 ANSWER 93 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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CH 2

159154-89-9 CAPLUS
Poly[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5,2-diyl)-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4phenylene-9H-fluoren-9-ylidene-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenylene(1,3-dihydro-

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CH 2 CRN 2479-46-1 CMF C18 H16 N2 O2 3 CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

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(Continued)

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The present invention provides a photosensitive composition which

comprises a

polyimide precursor having a chemical structure selected from several sp.

chemical structures and/or sp. amide bond d. and are adjusted so that the
film obtained by applying and drying the composition may exhibit a sp.

absorbance to light. The polyimide film obtained by heat-curing the

absorbance to light. The polyimide film obtained by heat-cuting the photosensitive composition exhibits excellent phys. properties and water resistance and has high adhesive strength to epoxy resins, inorg. materials, and metals.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:2166 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:201242

Photosensitive composition containing polyimide precursor

INVENTOR(S): Matsucka, Yoshio; Yokota, Kanichi; Kataoka, Yasuhiro Asahi Kasei Kogyo K.K., Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Information: Epsilos Patent Information:

PATENT INFORMATION:	-			
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
***********			*****	
EP 580108	A2	19940126	EP 1993-111557	19930719
EP 580108	A3	19940824		
EP 580108	81	19970312		
R: DE, FR, GB,	IT			
EP 718696	A2	19960626	EP 1996-104167	19930719
EP 718696	A3	19980325		
EP 718696	B1	20020116		
R: DE, FR, GB,	IT			
KR 127278	B1	19971226	KR 1993-13919	19930722
US 6162580	A	20001219	US 1995-451616	19950526
US 6482569	B1	20021119	US 2000-572203	20000517
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-215732	19920722
			EP 1993-111557	A3 19930719
			US 1993-95783	31 19930721
			119 1995-451616 1	1 19950526

IT 72356-17-3D, reaction products with isocyanateethylmethacrylate
RL: USES (Uses)
(photosensitive compns. containing, for production of polyimide
patterns)
RN 72356-17-3 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-13-obenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

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2

AB The adhesives are composed of polymers having units
m-C6840-p-C6840m-C68421 (I) and m-C6840-p-C68447-p-C68400-m-C68422 [21, Z2 =
(RNCO)ZR(COZH)Z (II), cyclic imide group III; R = C22 aliphatic,
alicyclic, monocyclic acromatic, polycondensed acromatic, or directly or
indirectly bonded noncondensed polycyclic aromatic group; Y = bivalent
C1-10

indirectly bonded noncondensed polycyclic aromatic group; Y = bivalent C1-10
hydrocarbyl, C(CF3)2, CO, S, SO, SO2, Ol or I and
m-C6H40-p-C6H40-m-C6H40-m-C6H40-m-C6H40-p-C6H40-m-C6H40-p-C6H40-m-C6H40

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06009936	A2	19940118	JP 1993-104369	1993043
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-104369	1993043

IT

155912-58-6P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, adhesives, heat-resistant)
155912-58-6 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c: 4, 5-c']difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
3, 3'-[1, 1'-biphenyl-4, 4'-diylbis(oxy)]bis(benzenamine] and
3, 3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 105112-76-3 CMF C24 H20 N2 O2

L42 ANSWER 97 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Imidodicarboxylic acids were prepared from trimellitic anhydride and
s-amino acids. Aliphatic-aromatic poly(amide-imide)s were prepared by
tri-Ph phosphite-promoted polycondensation of the imidodicarboxylic acids
with various aromatic diamines. All of the poly(amide-imide)s were
characterized by inherent viscosity, GPC, solubility, tensile strength,
wide-angle x-ray scattering, DSC, and TGA. The effects of structural
changes such as polymethylene length and diamine moieties on the
properties of poly(amide-imide)s were studied.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:410124 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:10124

Synthesis and properties of poly(amide-imide)s

from trimellitic anhydride, e-amino acids, and aromatic diamines Hsiao, Sheng-Huei: Yang, Chin-Ping; Wu, Feng-Yueh Dep. Chem. Eng., Tatung Inst. Technol., Taipei, AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Taiwan SOURCE:

Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer

Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 155759-50-

(1994), 32(8), 1481-96
CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X
JOURNAL
UAGE: English
153759-50-5P 155759-61-8P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and properties of)
155759-50-5 CAPLUS
2H-Isoindole-2-propanoic acid, 5-carboxy-1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer
with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

CH 1

CRN 61052-98-0 CMF C12 H9 N O6

CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

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L42 ANSWER 96 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3

L42 ANSWER 97 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

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155759-61-8 CAPLUS 2H-Isoindole-2-hexanoic acid, 5-carboxy-1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] {9CI} (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 29378-16-3 CMF C15 H15 N O6

2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

AB The title polyimide film, for elec. circuits and semiconductors, is prepared by thermal dehydration of polyimide precursors I and II (RI = aromatic tetravalent group: R2 = aromatic divalent group: R3 = divalent nonlinear:-structure organic group containing ≥2 arom rings). The title polyimide film has excellent low dielec. coefficient, low thermal expansion coefficient, heat resistance, and adhesion.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:337098 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:337098 CAPLUS
TITLE: Surface-protection polyimide films for electric circuits providing electric, heat, and α-ray insulation
INVENTOR(S): Togawa, Hideo: Shoji, Fusaji: Kataoka, Fumio PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jinulation Source: Jopan JOCCAP
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05275417	A2	19931022	JP 1993-11115	19930126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-16670 A	1 19920131

151233-78-2P 151233-80-6P 151233-81-7P
154955-81-4P 154955-82-5F
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, for surface-protecting film for elec. circuit)
151233-78-2 CAPLUS
1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) and [1,1':4',1''terphenyl]-4,4''-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 98 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM 2

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

СМ 3

CRN 3365-85-3 CMF C18 H16 N2

151233-81-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Tsobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,3-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-(9,10-anthracenediyl)bis[benzenamine] and 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 113837-02-8 CMF C22 H10 O6

CRN 106704-35-2 CMF C26 H20 N2

L42 ANSWER 98 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

151233-80-6 CAPLUS
1,3-Tsobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,3-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and [1,1':4',1''terphenyl]-4,4''-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 113837-02-8 CMF C22 H10 O6

L42 ANSWER 98 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

154955-81-4 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
3-(dlethoxymethylsilyl)-1-propanamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenylenexy)]bis[benzenamine] and [1,1':4',1''-terphenyl]-4,4''-diamine
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 O6

СH

CH 3

CRN 3365-85-3 CMF C18 H16 N2

CH 4

CRN 3179-76-8 CMF C8 H21 N O2 Si

154955-82-5 CAPLUS [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine], 5,5'-[1,4-phenylene)bis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and [1,1':4',1''-terphenyl]-4,4''-diamine [9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 O6

L42 ANSWER 99 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

Title acids I (R = arylene), useful for manufacture of

polyamides with improved strength, heat resistance and processability,

prepared by condensing the appropriate aromatic diamines with trimellitic anhydride (II) in a polar solvent. Thus, reaction of 1.4-bis(4-aminophenoxy)benzene with II in DMF gave I (R = 1.4-phenylene), which was polymerized with 2.2-bis(4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl) sulfone to give a

polymer

polymer

521' in

air and N, resp.

ACCESSION NUMEER: 1994:324460 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:324460 CAPLUS

INVENTOR(S): Yang, Chin Ping; Haiso, Sheng Huei; Lin, Jiun Hur

PATENT ASSIGNFE(S): National Science Capture Cap 1994:324460 CAPLUS
120:324460 LORDING
120:324460 CAPLUS
120:324460 LORDING
120:40 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

English

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE US 5268487 US 5414070 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1993-44237 US 1993-162683 US 1993-44237 19931207 19950509 19930407 A3 19930407

OTHER SOURCE(S): IT 153404-86-5F MARPAT 120:324460

CM 1

CRN 153404-71-8 CMF C37 H22 N2 O10

L42 ANSWER 98 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3 CM.

CRN 3365-85-3 CMF C18 H16 N2

CH 4

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

L42 ANSWER 99 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2 CM

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

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ANSWER 100 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Aromatic diamines are used with m- and/or p-terphenyl-3,3'',4,4''-tetracarboxylic acid diamhydride (I) in the preparation of polyimides
           show good heat resistance, low thermal expansion, high glass
 temperature, and good mech. properties and are useful in the manufacture of multilayer
          circuits. Stirring I with 3,3'-dimethyl-4,4'-diaminobiphenyl in 1:1
ACMMe2-methylpyrrolidone and heating at 60-70' gave a polyamic acid
solution which was applied on a Si wafer and heated to give a polyimide
film
having glass temperature 400°, 3% weight loss temperature 540°, dielec.
constant (25°, 10 kHz) 2.8, and Young's modulus 700 kg/rm2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:220501 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:220501
TITLE: Preparation of precursors for manufacture of
                                                  Preparation of precursors for manufacture of polyimides
Togawa, Hideo: Shoji, Fusaji; Kataoka, Fumio; Sato, Nintei
 INVENTOR (S):
                                                   Nintei
Hitachi Ltd, Japan; Hitachi Chemical Co Ltd
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.
CODEN: JKKKAF
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                                   Patent
                                                   Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
           PATENT NO.
                                                   KIND
                                                                DATE
                                                                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                       DATE
JP 05214100
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                    A2
                                                                19930824
                                                                                        JP 1992-16729
JP 1992-16729
ΙT
          154254-73-6P
           RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of heat-resistant, with low dielec. constant and high
         temperature)
154254-73-6 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
3,3'-dimethoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine and 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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CM 1 CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 06

L42 ANSWER 101 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Isomeric aminophenoxy and aminobenzoyl phthalic acids were used to
prepare
dimidodianhydrides. The polycondensation of the diimidodianhydrides
with
various diamines in AcNMe2 is used to obtain copolyimides containing
imide

units which are sym. and asym. arranged with respect to the kink atoms in
the elementary units. The copolyimide films exhibit high thermal
stability and good mech. properties. Soluble thermoplastic copolyimides
can
be obtained by using meta-isomeric aminoaryl phthalic acids.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
1994:218697 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
120:218697
Synthesis of polyimides and copolyimides based on
(aminoaryl)phthalic acids
Nosova, G. I.: Koton, M. M.: Laius, L. A.
Inst. Macromol. Compd., St.-Petersburg, 199004,
Russia
SOURCE:
Adv. Polyimide Sci. Technol., Proc. Int. Conf.
Polyimides, 4th (1993), Meeting Date 1991, 66-75.
Editor(s): Feger, Claudius; Khojasteh, Mahmoud M.:
Htoo, Maung S. Technomic: Lancaster, Pa.
CODEN: 59CAR2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
CONFerence
LANGUAGE:
Brilish
IT 153728-61-1 CAPJUS
CONFerence
English
CONFERENCE CONFERENCE
RN 153728-61-1 CAPJUS
CN 1H-Isolndole-1, 3(2H)-dione, 5,5'-oxybis[2-[4-{(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5isobenzofuranyl)oxy]phenyll-, polymer with 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1phenylencoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 129669-67-6
CMF C44 H2O NZ 013

PAGE 1-A

L42 ANSWER 100 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1
CMT C24 H20 N2 O3

H2N

CRN 119-90-4
CMF C14 H16 N2 O2

L42 ANSWER 101 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 102 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The title material comprises a leuco dye, an isocyanate compound and a specified amino compound selected from a substituted Ph or biphenyl compound. The material has excellent storage stability and color image stability. ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:204711 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1994:204711 CAPLUS
INVENTOR(SI: THE ASSIGNEE(S): THE ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: COUNTY PATENT INFORMATION: 100 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): ENGINEERY PATENT TYPE: COOPE: EPOCOPE
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English
FAMILUT ACC. NUM. COUNT: PRINT SERVICE PRINT SERVICE

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. DATE DATE EP 562824 A2
EP 562824 A3
EP 562824 B1
R: DE, ES, FR, GB
ES 2105104 T3
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19930929 19940727 19970611 EP 1993-302204 19930323 19971016

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 120:204711
IT 13080-88-1, Bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]ether
RL: USES (Uses) (thermal printing material containing, for improved stability)
RN 13080-88-1 CAPLUS
CN BENZERAMINE, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 103 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 (Continued)

151564-43-1 CAPLUS
1,3-Tsobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ

CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 O6

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 103 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The title precursors, useful for manufacture of polyimides with good heat resistance and low dielec. constant, are prepared by polycondensation of terphenyltetracas/coxylic acid disnhydrides with aromatic diamines. Thus, heating bis(4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl) ether 0.0074, p-diaminoterphenyl 0.0074, and p-terphenyl-3,3''.,4''-tetracarboxylic acid diamhydrides 0.0164 mol in 1:1 AcNNeZ-N-methylpyrrolidone mixture at 60-70° for 5 h gave a varnish having viscosity 50 P, which was applied on a Si wafer, and heated 30 min at 200° and 350°, resp., to give a film having Young's modulus 420 kg/m2, glass temperature 400°, 31-weight loss temperature 50°, and dielec constant (10 kHz, 25°) 2.7.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:135440 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1994:135440 CAPLUS
TITLE: Preparation of polyimide precursors and polyimides manufactured therefrom
INVENTOR(5): Togawa, Hideo; Shoji, Fusaji; Kataoka, Fumio; Sato, Tonobu
PATENT ASSIGNEE(5): Hitachi Ltd, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
CODEN: JOCKAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGLIGHE: Japansee
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05132554	A2	19930528	JP 1990-279072	19901019
US 5272247	A	19931221	US 1991-779986	19911021
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-279072	19901019
			JP 1991-225634	19910905

151233-78-2P 151564-43-1P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
[preparation of, films, with low dielec. constant, heat-resistant)
151233-78-2 CAPLUS
1,3-1zobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] and [1,1':4',1''terphenyl]-4,4''-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 O6

CM 2

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 103 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 104 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB 2,3-Bis(4-trimellitinidophenoxy)naphthalene (1), was readily obtained by the condensation reaction of 2,3-bis(4-aninophenoxy)naphthalene with trimellitic anhydride. A series of novel aromatic poly(amide-imide)s prepared by the direct polycondensation of I with various aromatic diamines using P(OPh)3 in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone/pyridine solution containing dissolved CaCl2. The resultant polymers have inherent viscosities 0.625-1.02 dL/g at 30° in AcNMe2. These polymers were readily soluble in various organic solvents and could be cast into transparent, tough, and flexible films. Their films showed tensile strength at break S6 MPa, elongation to break 5-94, and initial moduli \$2.35 GPa. These polymers show glass transitions 213-290° in their DSC traces. The thermal stability of the polymers was evaluated by thermogravimetric anal., which showed 101 weight loss temps. 508-565° in N and 480-525° in air. ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: 1994:135287 CAPLUS
120:135287
New poly(amide-imide)s syntheses. VIII. Preparation and properties of poly(amide-imide)s derived from 2,3-bis(4-aminophenoxy)naphthalene, trimellitic anhydride, and various aromatic diamines Yang, Chin Ping; Chen, Wen Tung
Dep. Chem. Eng., Tatung Inst. Technol., Taipei, AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Taiwan SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer Chemistry

(1994), 32(3), 435-44

CODEN: JPACEC: ISSN: 0887-624X

JOURNAL

LANGUAGE: English

IT 153213-24-2P 153213-23-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); SFN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and properties of)

RN 153213-24-2 CAPJUS

CN 18-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-{2,3-naphthalenediylbis(oxy-4,1-phenylene)|bis[2,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Chemistry

L42 ANSWER 104 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CH 1

CRN 153213-07-1 CMF C40 H22 N2 010

(Continued) PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 104 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

153213-25-3 CAPLUS
Poly (1, 3-dihydro-1, 3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5, 2-diyl)-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-2, 3-naphthalenediyloxy-1, 4-phenylene(1, 3-dihydro-1, 3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2, 5-

diyl)carbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4phenyleneiminocarbonyl (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 105 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{Ho}_2\text{C}_{\text{R}^n} < \text{Co}_2\text{H} \\ \text{HNOC} < \text{R}^n < \text{CO}_1\text{H} - \text{R}_1 \end{bmatrix}_{\text{m}} \underbrace{ \text{Ho}_2\text{C}}_{\text{R}^n} < \text{Co}_2\text{H} \\ \text{CONH} - \text{R}_12 \end{bmatrix}_{\text{n}} \quad \text{I}$$

The title material comprises a polyimidazopyrrolo resin or a polyimidazopyrroloimide resin which are obtained by dehydration alc. elimination from a poly-amino acid resin I [X = photosensitive group; R1 \sim 1 (X = photosensitive group; R1 \sim 2 (X = photosensitive group).

(2 + p)-valent organic group; R11 = tetravalent organic group; R12 = divalent

organic group; p = 1-12; m, n = mol number; m/n = 1/00 - 100/0} or its

ester.

The poly-amino acid resins are obtained by condensation of a diamino compound (H2N)2R1(NHCONCX)p (II) with a tetracarboxylic acid anhydride.

The compds. II can be produced by reacting an isocyanate compound containing
al vinyl group with a poly-amino compound The composition has improved
developability and produces films with improved solidity.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:90864 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:90864

TITLE:

INVENTOR (S):

120:90864
Photosensitive resin composition
Hagiwara, Hideo; Kaji, Makoto; Nishizawa, Hiroshi;
Suzuki, Kenji; Kojima, Yasunori
Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
Ger. Offen., 51 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
Patent PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:					
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
				-	
DE 4301446	A1	19930722	DE 1993-4301446		19930120
DE 4301446	C2	19990930			
JP 05301959	A2	19931116	JP 1992-298560		19921109
JP 3047647	B2	20000529			
US 5472823	A	19951205	US 1993-5210		19930115
US 5668248	A	19970916	US 1995-517583		19950822
US 5847071	A	19981208	US 1997-843860		19970417
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-7467	A	19920120
			JP 1992-298560	A	19921109
			US 1993-5210	A3	19930115
			US 1995-517583	A3	19950822

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 120:90864 IT 51532-46-8 151668-85-8

ANSWER 105 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
RL: USES (Uses)
(photosensitive resins prepd. from)
51532-46-8 CAPLUS
1,2-Benzenediamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

151668-85-8 CAPLUS
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy(6-amino-3,1-phenylene)iminocarbonylimino-2,1-ethanediyl} ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 106 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN JP 1992-33150

152219-81-39 152219-85-7P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as interlayer insulating films for multilayered

ted
circuit boards)
152219-81-3 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-dimethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine and 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

152219-85-7 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
3,3'-dimethyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine and 4,4'-[oxybia[4,1-

Page 174

L42 ANSWER 106 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

$$Q^{-} \xrightarrow{Me_{k}} Q^{1} \xrightarrow{Me_{m}} \xrightarrow{Me_{m}}$$

$$Q^{2} \xrightarrow{Me_{k}} \xrightarrow{Me_{k}} \xrightarrow{Me_{m}} \xrightarrow{Me_{n}}$$

AB Polyamic acids containing repeating units NHCOR1(CO2H)2CONHR2 (R1 = organic group; R2 = Q, Q1, Q2; k, m, n = 0-4; ≥1 of k, m, n is not 0), polyimides prepared by thermal dehydration of the polyamic acids, and circuit structures using the polyimides in interlayer insulating films

claimed. Thus, treating 13.0 g 3,3'-dimethyl-4,4'-diaminobineyl with 18.02 g biphenyl-3,3',4,4'-tetracarboxylic diamhydride in AcNMe2-N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone mixture at 55-65' gave a polyamic acid varnish, which was applied on a glass wafer and heated at 200' for 30 min and at 350' for 30 min to give a polyimide film showing sp. dielec. constant 2.8, glass transition temperature >400', and thermal expansion coefficient 7 ppm/°C. A multilayered printed circuit board was manufactured using the polyimide as the interlayer insulating film,

in which the insulating layer was ashed under O at 0.5 torr. No cracks nor interlayer peeling was observed

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:56370 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:56370 CAPLUS

INVENTOR(S): Polyimides for interlayer insulation films, their precursors, and circuit structures

TOGAWA, Hideo: Shoji, Fusaji: Kataoka, Fumio Hitachi Ltd, Japan

Jon. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JOCKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: Japanese 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
· JP 05230213 JP 3079740	A2 B2	19930907 20000821	JP 1992-33150	19920220
US 5536584 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	A	19960716	US 1993-11493 JP 1992-16670 A	19930129 19920131

ANSWER 106 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3

ANSWER 107 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
An imide ring-containing dicarboxylic acid, 2,7-bis[4-[Ntrimellitoy]]phenoxy]naphthalene (I), was prepared by condensation of
2,7-bis[4-aminophenoxy]naphthalene and trimellitic anhydride. A series new aromatic poly(amide-imides) containing bis(phenoxy)naphthalene moieties
having inherent viscosities of 0.8-1.57 dL/g were prepared by direct
polycondensation of I with various aromatic diamines using tri-Ph
phosphite onite
and pyridine as condensing agents in 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (II) in the
presence of CaCl2. The polymers show excellent solubility in polar presence or CaCIZ. The polymers snow excellent solubility in polar solvents such as II and most of them could be cast into transparent and tough films. Measurements of wide-angle x-ray diffraction revealed that those polymer containing p-phenylene or oxyphenylene groups are partially crystalline. crystalline *

Amorphous members exhibit glass transition temps. at 250-311*.

Thermal analyses indicated that these polymers are fairly stable, and the 10% weight loss temps. were recorded at 526-575* in nitrogen and 481-556* in air.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:671870 CAPLUS 1993:671870 CAPLUS
119:271870
New poly(amide imides) syntheses. 6. Preparation and properties of poly(amide imides) derived from 2,7-bis(4-aminophenoxy)naphthalene, trimellitic anhydride and various aromatic diamines Yang, Chin Ping; Chen, Wen Tung
Dep. Chem. Eng., Tatung Inst. Technol., Taipei, DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: Makromolekulere Chemie (1993), 194(11), 3071-80
CODEN: MACEAK; ISSN: 0025-116X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
IT 151603-05-3P 151627-04-2P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (#/ (preparation)) 151603-05-3P 151627-04-2P
RL: PRP (Properties): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and properties of)
151603-05-3 CAPUM:
151603-05-3 CAPUM:
1H-Isoindole-5-carboxylic acid, 2,2'-[2,7-naphthalenediylbis(oxy-4,1-phenylene)|bis[2,3-dihydro-1,3-dixoxo-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 151455-62-8 CMF C40 H22 N2 O10

PAGE 1-A

L42 ANSWER 107 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 107 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 1-B

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2

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

151627-04-2 CAPLUS
Poly ([1, 3-dihydro-1, 3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-5, 2-diyl)-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-2, 7
naphthalenediyloxy-1, 4-phenylene(1, 3-dihydro-1, 3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2, 5

diyl)carbonylimino-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4phenyleneiminocarbonyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

ANSWER 108 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The title precursors providing polyimides with low dielec. constant, low
thermal expansion and high heat resistance, suitable for multileyer
circuit boards have repeating units -NHCOR1(CO2H)2CONNR2- and
-NHCOR1(CO2H)2CONNR3- (R1 = tetravalent terphenyl residue; R2 = Nintei Hitachi Ltd, Japan; Hitachi Chemical Co Ltd Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp. CODEN: JKKKAF Patent Japanese PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 1991-274082 JP 1991-274082 JP 05112644 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19911022 19911022 19930507 IT 151205-08-2P 151205-13-9DP,
aminopropyldiethoxymethylsilane-terminated 151969-14-1P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of, heat-resistant, for multilayer circuit boards)
RN 151205-08-2 CAPJUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
2',5'-difluoro[1,1':4',1''-trephenyl]-4,4''-diamine and
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (GCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 151205-07-1 CMF C18 H14 F2 N2

L42 ANSWER 108 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CPI 2

CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 06

3

151205-13-9 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with

2',2'',3'',3'',5'',6',6''-octafluoro[1,1':4',1'':4'',1'''-quaterphenyl]-4,4'''-diamine and 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy}}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 151205-12-8 CMF C24 H12 F8 N2

CM 2

L42 ANSWER 108 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

СМ 3

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 108 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 O6

3

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

151969-14-1 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,3-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
2',5'-difuoro[1,1':4',1''-terphenyl]-4,4''-diamine and
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 151205-07-1 CMF C18 H14 F2 N2

ANSWER 109 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
The title precursors providing polyimides with low dielec. constant, low
thermal expansion and high heat resistance, suitable for multilayer
circuit boards, have repeating units NHCORI(CO2H)2CONHR2 and
NHCORI(CO2H)2CONHR3 (R1 = tetravalent terphenyl residue; R2 = terphenyl

quaterphenyl residue, anthracenediphenylene; R3 = divalent organic group containing ≥2 aromatic rings in bent form). A solution from bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl] ether 2.842, 4,4"-diamino-p-terphenyl

Collegating 22 although the part of the pa

1993:650771 CAPLUS
119:250771
Polyimide precursors and cured polyimides and manufacture thereof
Togawa, Hideo: Shoji, Fusaji; Kataoka, Fumio: Sato, Nintei
Hitachi Ltd, Japan: Hitachi Chemicel Co Ltd
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent
Japanese
1 INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 05112642 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19930507

151233-78-2DP, aminopropyldiethoxymethylsilane-terminated
151233-78-2P 151233-80-6P 151233-81-7P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of, heat-resistant, precursors for)
151233-78-2 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) and [1,1':4',1''-terphenyl]-4,4''-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 O6

3 СМ

151233-78-2 CAPLUS
1,3-Tsobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,4-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybig(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) and (1,1':4',1''terphenyl)-4,4''-diamine (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 106070-55-7 CMF C22 H10 06

L42 ANSWER 109 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

151233-81-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-{1,3-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-{9,10-anthracenediyl)bis[benzenamine] and 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 113837-02-8 CMF C22 H10 O6

2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

151233-80-6 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-(1,3-phenylene)bis-, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybig(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) and {1,1':4',1''-terphenyl}-4,4''-diamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 113837-02-8 CMF C22 H10 O6

L42 ANSWER 109 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

1993:450584 CAPLUS 119:50584 Aromatic polysulfone and aromatic polyamide imide blends with good heat, chemical, and scorch

resistance INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Tanaka, Juji; Watanabe, Ikue; Iwafune, Kyotoshi Zaidan Hojin Sekiyu Sangyo Kasseika Center, Japan; Cosmo Oil Co., Ltd. Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04335064	A2	19921124	JP 1991-133471	19910509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-133471	19910509

148855-50-9

REL USES (Uses)
(aromatic polysulfone blends, with good film-forming and mech.

properties | 148855-50-9 CAPLUS | CN | 5-1806enzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with | 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 552-30-7

L42 ANSWER 111 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Thermal recording materials containing electron-donating color formers, electron-accepting compds., and 21 4-R10C684XC6840R2-4 (R1-2 = aryl; X = 0, S) are claimed. The thermal recording materials show high sensitivity and provide heat and humidity- and plasticizer-resistant images.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:437572 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:37572
TITLE: Thermal

1993:437572 CAPLUS
119:37572
Thermal recording materials containing
bis(4-arylloxyphenyl) ethers or sulfides for
storage-stable images
Nakatsuka, Masakatsu: Ootsuji, Atsuo; Tanabe,
Yoshimitsu; Yamaguchi, Teruhiro
Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent

INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05058036	A2	19930309	JP 1991-219457	19910830
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-219457	19910830

L42 ANSWER 110 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C9 H4 O5 (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 112 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Thermally stable polyimides with good film-forming properties were
prepared
from 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride,
1-(tetrafluoroethoxy)-2,4-phenylenediamine, and F-containing aromatic
diamines.
Introducing an O hinge atom or an octafluorobiphenylene group in the
diamine led to increased temperature for initial thermal degradation in
air.

air.

Increasing the concentration of oxyphenylene fragments or introducing an octafluorobiphenylene fragment decreased the temperature of initial deformation to 260-300°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:255435 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:255435 TITLE: New fluorine-containing mixed polyimides AUTHOR(S): Shel'udko, E. V.; Golod, L. P.; Slutsky, V. I. CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Bioorg. Khim. Neftechhim. Kiev, Ukraine Doklady Akademii Nauk Ukrainy (1991), (11), 131-4 CODDE: BANUES; ISSN: 1024-767X

1993:255435 CAPLUS
118:255435
New fluorine-containing mixed polyimides
Shel'udko, E. V.; Golod, L. P.; Slutsky, V. I.
Inst. Bloorg. Khim. Neftekhim., Kiev, Ukraine
Doklady Akedemii Nauk Ukrainy (1991), (11), 131-4
CODEN: DANUES; ISSN: 1024-767X

DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TIPE:
LANGUAGE: Russian

IT 148058-01-9F
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and properties of)
RN 148058-01-9 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-(sybis(2,3,5,6-textfatfuoro-4,1-phenylene)oxylbis(benzenamine) and
4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethoxy)-1,3-benzenediamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 129669-76-7 CMF C24 H12 F8 N2 O3

2

CRN 61988-37-2 CMF C8 H8 F4 N2 O

3 CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

L42 ANSWER 113 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

LA2 ANSWER 113 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The title polyethers with good solubility to organic solvents have repeating units

I (n = 21). Thus, decabromodiphenyl ether 41.8, decabromobisphenol A 41.8, K2CO3 179, and 18-crown-6 ether 11.3 mmol were heated in dimethylacetamide at 80° for 24 h to give a polyether (in 544 yield) with m.p. 188.4°, Br content 71.01, and weight-average mol. weight 1600, which showed good solubility (22.5 g/dL) in pyridine, and fair soluble in C686, MePh, THF, CHC13, and xylene.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:169851 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1981:169851 CAPLUS
INVENTOR(8): Horibe, Isamu: Saito, Takayuki
Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 04288329 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19910318 19921013

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, with good solubility in organic solvents, for flame retardants) RN 146786-99-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(2,3,5,6-tetrabromo-1,4-phenylene)oxy(2,6-dibromo-1,4-phenylene)(1-methylethylidene)(3,5-dibromo-1,4-phenylene)oxy(2,3,5,6-tetrabromo-1,4-phenylene))(9C1)(CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 114 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Bifunctional monomers for heat-resistant polymers were synthesized by nucleophilic substitution of F atoms in hexafluorobenzene and decafluoroblenepyl ether. Their spectral characteristics and some properties are presented.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:125096 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:125096

TITLE: Synthesis of monomers and their derivatives containing

AUTHOR (S):

Perfluoroaromatic or polyfluoroalkoxy fragments Sheludko, E. V.; Tsypina, O. N.; Golod, L. P.; Rozhenko, A. B. Inst. Bioorg. Khim. Neftekhim., Kiev, USSR Doklady Akademii Nauk Ukrainskoi SSR (1991), (7), 112-17 CODEN: DANSEM; ISSN: 0868-8044 Journal Russian CORPORATE SOURCE:

CODEN: DANSEM; ISSN: 0868-8044

DOULMENT TYPE: JOURNEL
LANGUAGE: Russian

IT 145687-53-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and characterization of)

RN 145687-53-2 CAPIUS

CN Actendide, N,N'-(oxybis[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-4,1-phenylene)oxy-2,1-phenylene])bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT

$$_{\rm H_2N}$$

145687-51-0 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 2, 2'-[oxybis[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-4,1-phenylene)oxy]]bis-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 114 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

ΙŤ

145687-52-1F
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
145687-52-1 CAPLUS
Acctamide, N,N'-[oxybis[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-4,1-phenylene]oxy-3,1-phenylene])bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 115 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 115 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The title compns. contain 100 parts polyolefins, 0.01-1 part phenolic antioxidants and epoxides, resp., and ≤ 1 fireproofing agents selected from poly(bromostyrene), the imides I (21 = alkylene, arylene,

selected from poly(bromostyrene), the imides I (Z1 = alkylene, arylene, or sulfonyl, Z2, Z3 = brominated arylene, brominated bicycloalkylene, or brominated epoxy cycloalkylene, Q1, Q2 = arylene or brominated arylene, m = 0 or 1), Q30 (Q40)nQ5 (Q3, Q5 = brominated aryl, Q4 = brominated arylene, n = 1 or 2). Thus, a composition of polypropylene 100, N,N'-ethylenebistctrabromophthalimide) 34, Sb203 17, tetrakis[methylene-3-(3',5'-di-tert-butyl-4'-hydroxyphenyl)proplonate]methane (II) 0.3, Araldite GT7004 (III) 0.1 part had 150' oven life 61 days, compared with <1 for a similar composition containing 1.0 part Ca stearate in place of II
and III.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:195539 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1992:195539 Fire-resistant polyolefin compositions containing phenolic antioxidants and analysis.

1992:195539 CAPLUS
116:195539
Fire-resistant polyolefin compositions containing
phenolic antioxidants and epoxides
Aratake, Kazuhiko: Nakajima, Yoichi
Chisso Corp., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 50 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent
Japanese
1 INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03231946	A2	19911015	JP 1990-211805	19900810
JP 2917172	B2	19990712		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1989-264203 A	19891011
			JP 1989-320139 A1	19891208

131644-78-5 IT

RL: USES (Uses)
(fireproofing agents, propylene polymers containing phenolic antioxidants

and)
131644-78-5 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis(2,3,5,6-tetrabromo-4-(pentabromophenoxy)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 116 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A multileyer printed circuit board, comprising a plurality of alternately laminated layers of insulating layers and circuit conductor layers having a signal transmission delay time of 6.0 ns/m or less, excellent in heat resistance, adhesive, fire retardance, etc., can be produced by forming insulating layers using a fluorine-containing thermosetting resin composition

COMPOSITION NUMBER: 1992:74401 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:74401 Multilayer printed circuit board and its production Multilayer printed circuit board and its production Nagai, Akira; Nishimura, Shin: Suzuki, Masaoin Kataqiri, Junichi; Takahashi, Akio:

1992:74401 CAPLUS
116:74401 Multilayer printed circuit board and its production
Nagai, Akira: Nishimura, Shin: Suzuki, Masahiro;
Suzuki, Masao: Katagiri, Junichi; Takahashi, Akio;
Mukoh, Akio
Hitachi, Ltd., Japan
Eur. Pat. Appl., 26 pp.
CODEN: EFXXDW
Patent

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Patent English

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 449292	A2	19911002	EP 1991-105010	19910328
EP 449292	A3	19940105	21 1331 103010	13310320
EP 449292	81	19970820		
R: DE, FR, GB				
JP 03283492	A2	19911213	JP 1990-80754	19900330
JP 07120858	B4	19951220		
US 5352762	A	19941004	US 1991-676383	19910328
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-80754 A	19900330

IT

138532-96-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and reaction of, for insulators for multilayer printed

circuit

boards)
138532-96-4 CAPLUS
Cyanamide, [oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy[3-(trifluoromethyl)-4,1-phenylene]]]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

138532-97-5p
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, for insulators for multilayer printed circuit boards)
138532-97-5 CAPUJS
Cyanamide, [Oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy[3-(trifluoromethyl)-4,1-phenylene]])bia-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

L42 ANSWER 117 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

со2н

137380-15-5
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, with maleic anhydride)
137380-15-5 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[3-methyl- (9CI) (CA)

NAME)

L42 ANSWER 117 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

$$\bigvee_{0}^{\circ}\bigvee_{R1}^{\circ}-o_{(Y)}_{n}-\bigvee_{R2}^{\circ}\bigvee_{0}^{\circ}\bigvee_{R3}^{\circ}$$

AB Title compds. I [R1, R2 = C1-3 alkyl, R2 = H when n = 0; Y = (C6H4O)m, (C6H4C6H4O)m, C6H4ZC6H4O, wherein Z = S02, S, CO, CH2, Me3C; m = 1-6; n = 0, 1], are prepared 4,4'-Dibromo-3-methyldiphenyl ether (preparation given) was added to access him a second to access the component of the compone

1) was added to aqueous NH3 and CuSO4.5H2O and heated to 210° to give 4,4°-diamino-3-methyldiphenyl ether to which in acetone under N was adde maleic anhydride to give the appropriate maleamic acid. To the atirred reaction mixture in acetone was added Ac2O and fused AcONa and refluxed

TO give I (R1 = 3-Me, Ym = null, R2 = H).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:6404 CAPJUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:6404 Preparation of phenyl ether bismaleimides.

INVENTOR(6): Eidelman, Chaim: Shorr, Leonard; Hermolin, Joshua; Oren, Jakob: Adda, Michel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(8): Bromine Compounds Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Pat. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

PATENT LANGUAGE: PATENT PATEN

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE 19910918 19920819 EP 446718 EP 446718 A2 A3 EP 1991-103074 19910301 R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, JP 04235147 A2 GB, IT, 19920824 JP 1991-125697 IL 1990-93686 19910308 A 19900308 PRIORITY APPLN, INFO.:

IL 1991-97302

A 19910220

OTHER SOURCE(S): IT 137855-13-1P MARPAT 116:6404

137855-13-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and dehydrocyclization of)
137835-13-1 CAPLUS
2-Butenoic acid, 4,4'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy(3-methyl-4,1-phenylene)imino]]bis[4-oxo-, (Z,Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L42 ANSWER 118 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A process for the preparation of 4-hydroxyphenyl ethers R1(4H0)(C8103VTnC6183C(0H-4) (R1, R2 = alkyl) n = 0,17 y = 4-Pho,

p-biphenyloxy, etc.) comprises the treatment of R1(4-Br)C6H3OYnC6H3R2(Br-4) (same R1,

R2,
n, Y) with a mixture containing a basic aqueous medium, an alc., and a
Cu compound as
catalyst. The 4-hydroxyphenyl ethers thus prepared are claimed.
Bromination of PhoC6H4Me-3 gave 4-BrC6H4OC6H3BrMe-4, 3; hydrolysis of the
latter (171.0 g) in 30% aqueous NaOH (400 g) and EtOH (300 mL) in the
presence

latter (171.0 g) in 30% aqueous NaOH (400 g) and EtOH (300 mL) in the presence of CuCl (2.0 g) at 200° gave a product containing 80% 4-HoC66H4OC6H3(OH)Me-4,3. Hydrolysis of 4,4'-bis(4"-bromo-2"-methylphenoxy)biphenyl gave 4,4'-bis(4"-hydroxy-2"-methylphenoxy)biphenyl. Addnl., 4,4'-bis(4"-hydroxy-2"-methylphenoxy)diphenyl sulfone and sulfide are claimed. ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:679581 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:279581 TITLE: 115:279581 TITLE

Process for the preparation of bis(4-hydroxyphenyl) ethers, 4-hydroxybiphenyl 4-hydroxyphenyl ethers, and their homologs
Oren, Jacob; Hermolin, Joshua; Feldman, David;

INVENTOR(S): Zviely,

Michael: Zamir, Dov; Keselman, Hugo Bromine Compounds Ltd., Israel Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 446722 R: BE, CH, DE,	A1	19910918 . GB. IT. 1	EP 1991-103085	19910301
IL 93687	A1	19940412	IL 1990-93687	19900308
1L 97303 JP 04211628	A1 A2	19951031 19920803	IL 1991-97303 JP 1991-43591	19910220 19910308
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IL 1990-93687 A	19900308
			IL 1991-97303 A	19910220

OTHER SOURCE(S): IT 137379-99-8 CASREACT 115:279581; MARPAT 115:279581

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

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L42 ANSWER 120 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A process for the preparation of bis(4-aminophenyl) ethers,

4'-aminobiphenyl

4-aminophenyl ethers, and their homologs (4-H2N)R1C6H3OYnC6H3R2(NH2-4)

(R1, R2 = alkyl, R2 = H when n = 0; n = 0,1; Y = p-phenoxy,

p-biphenylyloxy, etc.) comprises the amination of bis(4-bromophenyl)

ethers, 4'-bromobiphenyl 4-bromophenyl ethers, and their homologs with
NH3
in aqueous solution in the presence of a Cu catalyst. The ethers thus prepared are claimed. Thus, bromination of PhOC6H4Me-3 gave 4-BrC6H4OC6H3BIMe-4, 3; a mixture of the latter (102.6 g), aqueous 25% NH3 (500 mL), and CuSO4.5H2O (100 g) was heated in an autoclave to 210° to give 96-98% pure 4-H2NC6H4OC6H3INH2)Me-4,3 in 88% yield. Addnl., 4,4°-bis(4°-amino-2°-methylphenoxy)benopeand and 4,4°-bis(4°-amino-2°-methylphenoxy)diphenyl sulfide were also prepared ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991-655795 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1991-655795 CAPLUS TITLE: Amino phenoxy compounds and process for their preparation
INVENTOR(S): Oren, Jacob; Hermolin, Joshua; Feldman, David; Zviely,
 INVENTOR(S):
Zviely,
                                                                                                    Michael; Zamir, Dov; Keselman, Hugo
Bromine Compounds Ltd., Israel
Eur. Pat. Appl., 20 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                                                                                     Patent
English
                      PATENT NO.
                                                                                                    KIND
                                                                                                                         DATE
                                                                                                                                                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         DATE
 EP 446719 Al 19910918 EP 1991-103075
R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL
US 5344986 A 19940906 US 1991-665908
JP 05178800 A2 19930720 JP 1991-125699
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IL 1990-93685
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          19910301
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           19910307
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            19910308
A 19900308
                                                                                                                                                                              IL 1991-97301
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            A 19910220
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 115:255795; MARPAT 115:255795

IT 137379-99-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and amination of, copper-catalyzed)
RN 137379-99-8 CAPLUS
CN Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis(4-(4-bromo-2-methylphenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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ANSWER 119 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A process for the preparation of bis(4-bromophenyl) ethers,
4'-bromobiphenyl

4-bromophenyl ethers, and their homologs (4-Br)RlC6H307nC6H3R2(Br-4) [R1,
R2 = alkyl, R2 = H when n = 0; n = 0,1; Y = p-phenoxy, p-biphenylyloxy,
etc.) comprises the bromination of di-ph ethers, biphenyl Ph ethers, and
their homologs. The bromophenyl ethers thus prepared are claimed. Thus,
bromination of PhOC6HMe-3 with bromine gave 99% pure 4-BrC6H0C6H3BrHe-
4,3 in 93% yield. Addnil, 4,4'-bis(4'-bromo-2*-methylphenoxy)diphenyls sulfide,
4,4'-bis(4'-bromo-2*-methylphenoxy)diphenylnehane and
4,4'-bis(4'-bromo-2*-methylphenoxy)benzophenone were also prepared
ACCESSION NUMEER:
1991:655796 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
115:255796
Novel brominated phenoxy compounds and processes for
their preparation
INVENTOR(5):
Oren, Jacob; Hermolin, Joshua; Feldman, David;
Zviely,
  INVENTOR(S):
Zviely,
                                                                                         Michael; Hacham, Ronny
Bromine Compounds Ltd., Israel
Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp.
CODEN: EPKXDW
Patent
English 1
  PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
  DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                   PATENT NO.
                                                                                                                DATE
                                                                                          KIND
                                                                                                                                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              DATE
 EP 446720 A2 19910918 EP 1991-103076
EP 446720 A3 19930616
R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL
IL 33684 A1 19951031 IL 1990-93684
JP 07097348 A2 19950411 JP 1991-125698
PRIORITY APPLM. INFO.:
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               19910301
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  19910308
A 19900308
                                                                                                                                                            IL 1991-97300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  A 19910220
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L42 ANSWER 121 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Data on the quality of alignment for 130 different polymers, tested as alignment layers for surface stabilized ferroelec. liquid crystal displays
(SSFLCs), are given. The thermal, mech. and elec. properties of the polymers are correlated with their ability to give good, bistable alignment in SSFLCs.
ACCESSION NUMGER: 1991:546495 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:146495
TITLE: The relationship between the physical properties of the alignment layer and the quality of SSFLC (surface stabilized ferroelectric liquid crystal) cells whyrold, Bernt O.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Autodisplay A/S, Oslo, N-0314, Norway Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals (1991), 202, 123-47
CODEN: MCLCA5; ISSN: 0026-8941
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English
TI 110281-79-3, 4,4'-Di-(m-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-3,3',4,4'-diphenyltetracarboxylic anhydride polymer
RL: RPP (Properties)
(properties of, for alignment layer of surface-stabilized ferroelec. liquid crystal cell)
RN 110281-79-3 CAPLUS
CN [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 3,3'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CM

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 122 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ANSWER 122 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Aryl diether diphthalic anhydrides were prepared by the reaction of a diphenol with 4-fluorophthalic anhydride and KF in the presence of a polar, aprotic solvent. The KF acts as an HF acceptor and obviates the need for preparing the disodium salt of the diphenol in a sep. step. The diether anhydrides of biphenol, hydroquinone, resortinol, dihydroxybenzophenone, and bisphenol A were prepared and two of these dianhydrides were used to prepare accomatic polyether-polynides via their reactions with selected diamines. These materials form creasable films having good thermal stability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:515191 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1951:515191 CAPLUS
TITLE: A novel route to aryl diether diamhydrides
AUTHOR(S): Schwartz, Willis T.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dev. Cent., Occidental Chem. Corp., Niagara Falls, NY, AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: NY, 14302, USA High Performance Polymers (1990), 2(3), 189-96 CODEN: HPPOEX: ISSN: 0954-0083 Journal SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 102715-87-7P 102715-87-79
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(films, preparation and creasability and thermal stability of)
102715-87-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenrofurandione, 5,5'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH

L42 ANSWER 123 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GT

The title bisimides I (R1, R2 = H, Me; R3 = C1-6 alkyl; Z1 = O, S, C0, C02, carbonylimino, alkylidene, Z2 = mono- or polynuclear arylidene CO2, carbonylimino, alkylidene, 22 = mono- or polynuclear arylidene
group;

a = 1-3; b = 0-2), useful in thermoplastics with good mech. properties,
are prepared Reating 3.0 mol allyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic
and 1.5 mol 4.4'-[oxybis(p-phenyleneoxy)]dianiline in 3 L xylene at
90-136' with distillation of H20 gave 97.4% bisimide (II) with viscosity
2560 mPa-s at 150'. Heating II in a mold for 3 h at 200',
3 h at 220', and 6 h at 250' gave a polymer with flexural
strength 132 N/mm2, tensile shear strength 10.5 N/mm2, and glass
temperature
238'.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
1991:62942 CAPLUS
ITTLE:
Preparation of bisimides of (meth)allyl derivatives
of norbornenedicarboxylic acid

norbornenedicarboxylic acid Stockinger, Friedrich; Kramer, Andreas Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz. Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW Patent

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE EP 357558
EP 357558
R: CH, DE, FR,
US 5070163
JP 02256662
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Al 19900307 Bl 19940202 GB, IT, LI, NL, SE A 19911203 A2 19901017 19890824 US 1989-401350 JP 1989-227288 CH 1988-3281

OTHER SOURCE(8): MARPAT 114:62942
IT 13080-80-1
RL: USES (Uses)
(condensation of, with allylnorbornene dicarboxylic anhydride)
RN: 13080-88-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 183

L42 ANSWER 123 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br Br

L42 ANSWER 125 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B $CF_2-CF_2-CF_3$

Page 184

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ANSWER 126 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A description of the relaxation of Young's modulus (i.e., a decrease with increasing temperature and time) for highly oriented polyimide fibers and polymer films is suggested and expressed by the equation E = E0(1 - T/MO ln v0/v), where T is the absolute temperature, E is Young's modulus, E0 is its value at T - 0, k is the Boltzmann constant, WO is the activation energy of the relaxation of Young's modulus, v is the rate of elastic deformation, and v0 is a constant The constant v0 = [1012-1014] Hz and WO coincides numerically with the activation energy of mech. fracture determined from the
roung's modulus and the failure strength of drawn polymers are substantially identical in nature.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:8178 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:8178
TITLE: New approach to the formula of the
                                                                                                                    New approach to the description of Young's modulus
                                                                                                                  highly oriented polymers. I. Temperature-time dependences of Young's modulus Vettegren, V. I.; Bronnikov, S. V.; Korzhavin, L. N.; Frenkel, S. Ya. A. F. Ioffe Physicotech. Inst., Leningrad, 194021, USSR
  AUTHOR (5):
                                                                                                                 USSR
Journal of Macromolecular Science, Physics (1990), B29(4), 285-302
CODEN: JMAPBR: ISSN: 0022-2348
JOURNAL
English
  CORPORATE SOURCE:
  SOURCE:
   DOCUMENT TYPE:
    LANGUAGE:
IT 53938-98-0 53938-99-1
                        RL: USES (Uses)
(fiber, temperature-time dependences of Young's modulus of highly
  oriented,
                      nted,
relaxation-based equation for)
53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] [9CI] (CA
INDEX NAME)
                       CH 1
                        CRN 53563-78-3
CMF C30 H24 N2 O4
                       CM
                                         2
                          CRN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 O6
                    ANSWER 127 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
              F(C3F60)14C2F4CONH-
                      The photosensitive layer or layers of the photoconductors contain lubricants and antioxidants, and the lubricant mols. have a structural part with a perfluoropolyoxyalkyl (or perfluoropolyoxyalkylene) group bound to another F-free structural part. Typically the lubricants have the formula R[2122m(32Ph)nH]k (R = perfluoropolyoxyalkyl, perfluoropolyoxyalkylene; Zl = single bond, CH2, CO, CONH; Z2 = C2-3 oxyalkylene; Z3 = single bond, O, CO2, CONH, NHCO, OCPH2p, CMe2; p = 1,
                       m \geq 0; \; n \geq 1; \; k=1,\; 2). The photoconductors have a high abrasion resistance and resistance to oxidation. Thus, an Al plate was
  coated with a charge-generating layer containing a nonmetal phthalocyanine, a
                      coupling agent, and a silicone resin, and then with a charge-transporting layer containing a benzothiazole I, polycarbonate, a silane coupling
 agent,
the lubricant II, and the antioxidant N,N'-diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine.
Electrophotog. tests showed a -100 V residual voltage and 12.5 lines/mm
resolution which were -105 V and 12.5 lines/mm after 5-h continuous
```

resolution which were -100 v and 12.3 lanes/max state 0 in concess

charging-photodischarging cycles. The layer thickness did not change after a 20-min continuous rubbing with polyurethane blade.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:562496 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:162496
Electrophotographic photoconductors
INVENTOR(S): Suzukl, Shigeo: Shimizu, Ryuichi; Kokado, Hiroyoshi; Hosoya, Akira; Sugawara, Toshio; Kawanishi, Tsuneaki; Tsunoda, Atsushi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): JIKKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

Japanese

L42 ANSWER 126 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 CH 2 ANSWER 127 OF 231 CAPLUS PATENT NO. KIND COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DATE APPLICATION NO JP 02059760 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 129418-75-3 129418-76-4
RL: USES (Uses)
(lubricant, electrophotog, photoconductors containing antioxidants 129418-75-3 CAPLUS $\begin{array}{lll} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$ tetrafluoro-3-oxo-3-[[4-[4-[4-[(4-phenoxyphenoxy)carbonyl]amino]phenox y]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenyl]amino]propyl]-m-[tetrafluoro(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) PAGE 1-A 4 (D1-F)

PAGE 1-B

(Continued) DATE

(Continued)

129418-76-4 CAPLUS Poly(oxy[trifluoro(trifluoromethyl)-1,2-ethanediyl]}, α -[1,1,2,2-

tetrafluoro-3-oxo-3-[{4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-phenoxybenzoy]]amino]phenoxy]phenoxy] phenoxy]phenyl]amino[propyl]-m-[tetrafluoro(trifluoromethyl)ethoxy]-[9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

L42 ANSWER 127 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

4 (D1-F)

PAGE 1-B

$$-\frac{0}{c-c_{F_2}-c_{F_2}} - \frac{1}{c-(c_{3F_6})} - \frac{1}{n} oet$$

L42 ANSWER 128 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 129669-67-6 CMF C44 H20 N2 O13

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 128 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CI

AB Reaction of aromatic dicarboxylic acid dianhydrides with 4-(4'-aminophenoxy)or 4-(3'-aminophenoxy)phthalic acid gave imidodianhydrides (I) (Z = 0, CO), which were polymerized with various aromatic diamines to give copolytimides containing repeating units with sym. and asym. distributed imide rings. Physicomech. properties (viscosity, tensile strength, elongation at break.

CORLAINING Aspessors, Transparence of the control of the obtained polyimides were compared.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:553161 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:153161
TITLE: Synthesis and properties of copolyimides of a given structure
AUTHOR(S): Nosova, G. I.; Koton, M. M.; Laius, L. A.;
Bolotnikova, L. S.; Fedorova, G. N.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., USSR
OUNCE: Vysokomol. Soedin., USSR
Vysokomolekulysnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie Soedshcheniya (1990), 32(3), 211-15
CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 129669-77-8P

CODEM: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian

IT 129669-77-8P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and properties of)
RN 12969-77-8 CAPLUS
CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 5,5'-oxybis[2-[4-[(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyi)oxyjphenyl]-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis[2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-4,1-phenylene)oxy]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 129669-76-7 CMF C24 H12 F8 N2 O3

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L42 ANSWER 129 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB In an electrophotog, member comprising a support, a photoconductive
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AB In an electrophotog, member comprising a support, a photoconouctive layer, and a surface layer, the surface layer includes or has attached thereto a lubricating agent having perfluoropolyoxyalkyl or perfluoropolyoxyalkylene groups to form an organic surface-protective lubricating layer, and fixing groups. The member has excellent moisture resistance, wear resistance, and cleaning properties; hence it has a long service life and high reliability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:506344 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:106344
TITLE: Electrophotographic member with surface layer containing lubricant with perfluoropolyoxyalkyl or

INVENTOR (S):

1990:506344 CAPLUS
113:106344
Electrophotographic member with surface layer containing lubricant with perfluoropolyoxyalkyl or perfluoropolyoxyalkylene groups
Ishikawa, Fuminori; Tamahashi, Kunihiro; Onuma, Shigeharu; Wakagi, Masatoshi; Hanazono, Masanobu; Shoji, Mitsuyoshi; Nakakawaji, Takayuki; Ito, Yutaka; Komatsuzaki, Shigeki; et al.
Hitachi, Ltd., Japan; Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd. Eur. Pat. Appl., 29 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
Patent
English
1

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 356933	A2	19900307	EP 1989-115713	19890825
EP 356933	A3	19901205		
R: CH, DE, FR,	GB, LI	, NL, SE		
JP 02062551	A2	19900302	JP 1988-212582	19880829
JP 06100842	B4	19941212		
JP 02103555	A2	19900416	JP 1988-255989	19881013
JP 02186358	A2	19900720	JP 1989-4950	19890113
JP 07120059	84	19951220		
US 5073466	A	19911217	US 1989-394657	19890816
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1988-212582 A	19880829
			JP 1988-255989 A	19881013
			JP 1989-4950 A	19890113

128691-14-5

RE: USES (Uses)
(electrophotog. plate with surface layer containing lubricating agent

phenoxybenzoyl)amino]phenoxy)phenoxy)phenoxy]phenyl]amino]carbonyl)ethoxy](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 129 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 130 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The relationships between chemical structure and phys. and mech.

properties

of a series of polyimides are investigated. The properties of polyimides

based on anhydrides that have 0, 1, or 2 phenoxy linkages, and diamines

that have either 1, 2, or 3 phenoxy linkages are explored; diamines

incorporating sulfone groups are also examined Softening temps. of the

polyimides decrease with increasing number of phenoxy linkages, and with

the transition from para to meta linkages, but increase with phenoxy and sulfone linkages. The polyamic acids based on 1,3-bis-(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)benzene exhibit amorphous structure with random coil packing; their structure remains unchanged in the imidized state. Time-dependent mech. properties of the polymers are examined The possibility of thermal crosslinking is examined via rheol., solvent vapor sorption, and mass spectrometry measurements. The data suggest degradative crosslinking is a 2-stage process. The 1st stage proceeds through formation of free radicals by decarboxylation of unreacted amic acid groups and by degradation of terminal anhydride groups. The 2nd acid groups and by degradation of terminal anhydride groups. The 2nd stage

proceeds through degradation of the main chains followed by random recombination. The study suggests the sulfone linkage is more susceptible
to scission than the phenoxy linkage.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:424838 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:24838

MITTLE: Mechanism of crosslinking of fusible poly(ether imides) upon heating

AUTHOR(S): Koton, M. M.; Panov, Yu. N.; Svetlichnii, V. M.; Shibaev, L. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Macromol. Compd., Leningrad, USSR
Polyimides: Mater., Chem. Charact., Proc. Int. Conf. Polyimides, 3rd (1989), Meeting Date 1988, 403-17.

Editor(s): Feger, Claudius; Rhojastch, Mahmoud M.; MCGrath, James E. Elsevier: Amsterdam, Neth.

CODEN: 5SSAMS

Conference CODEN: 56SXAS
Conference
LANGUAGE: English
T 53938-96-8F 53938-99-1P 72356-18-4P
74951-98-7P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(reparation and structure-property relationships of)
RN 53938-96-8 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 130 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM 2

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H.3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

СМ 2

89-32-7 C10 H2 O6

72356-18-4 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis{benzenamine} (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 130 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

СМ 2

1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2

ANSWER 131 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STM

Polyimides with good long-term heat stability, forming processability, mech. and elec. properties, and solvent and heat resistance are prepared from tetracarboxylic dianhydrides, diamines, and dicarboxylic anhydrides, the dianhydride/diamine molar ratio being 0.9-1.0 and the anhydride/diamine molar ratio being 0.001-1.0. Bis(4-[3-(4-aminophenoxylbenzoyl]phenpyl]) ether 1.0, pyromellitic dianhydride 0.95, and phthalic anhydride [I] 0.2 mol were used to prepare a polyimide [I] and the content of the conten (glass temperature 227': logarithmic viscosity 0.55 dL/g at 35' and 0.5 g/100 mL 90:10 p-chlorophenol-PhOH) having good thermal stability, vs. poor without I.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:99525 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:99525

1990:99525 CAPLUS
112:99525
Process for preparing polyimides with melt
processability
Ohta, Masahiro: Iiyama, Katsuaki: Kawashima, Saburo;
Tamai, Shoji: Oikawa, Hideaki; Yamaguchi, Akihiro
Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan
Eur. Pat. Appl.. 43 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
Patent
English
1 INVENTOR (5):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

raion.												
PA'	TENT NO.			KIN	•	DATE			API	PLICATION NO.		DATE
										1989-301875		
### US US US US US US US U	R: CH	, DE,	FR,	GB,	IT.	LI,	NL,	SE				
JP	0121582	5		A2		1989	0829		JP	1988-40706		19880225
JP	0505161	6		В4		1993	0803					
JP	0122142	8		A2		1989	0904		JΡ	1988-44619		19880229
JP	0505161	7		B4		1993	0803					
JP	0122142	9		AZ		1989	0904			1988-45780 1988-45781		
JP	0122143	0		A2		1999	0904			1988-45781		
JP	0216082	9		A2		1990	1020		JP	1988-315086		19881215
JP	0216083	``		22		1990	0620		.TD	1989-315097		19881215
.10	2564637	•		82		1996	1218		o.	1988-315087		- 15001215
.70	0216083	1		B2		1990	0620		.tp	1988-315088		19881215
JP	2565556	•		B2		1996	1218		٠.			
JP	0216312	4		A2		1990	0622		JP	1988-316122		19881216
JР	2558338			B2		1996	1127					
US	4937316			A		1990	0626		US	1989-313732		19890222
AU	8930734			A1		1989	1123		ΑU	1989-30734		19890224
	604402			В2		1990	1213					
PRIORITY	Y APPLN.	INFO	.:						JP	1988-40706	A	19880225
									JP	1988-44619	A	19880229
									JP	1988-45780	A	19880301
									.70	1988-45781		19880301
									٠.	1500 15701	-	13000301
									JP	1988-315086	A	19881215
									JP	1988-315087	A	19881215
									JP	1988-315088	A	19881215

L42 ANSWER 131 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

125321-62-2 CAPLUS [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with hexahydro-1,3-isobenzofurandione and 4,4'-[oxybia(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 77496-18-5 CMF C36 H28 N2 O5

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

Page 188

L42 ANSWER 131 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN JP 1988-316122

125321-47-3P 125321-62-2P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of moldable, heat-resistant)
125321-47-3 CAPIMS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
1,3-isobenzofurandione and 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 77496-18-5 CMF C36 H28 N2 O5

PAGE 1-B

CH 2

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

CM 3

CRN 85-44-9 CMF C8 H4:03

L42 ANSWER 131 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

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L42 ANSWER 132 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Complex studies of heating-induced changes of the phys. properties of fusible polylether imides) (PEI) differing in the chemical structure of diamine fragment were performed. The PEI crosslinked on heating. The reaction is caused by free radical formation due to the decarboxylation of uncyclized groups, the decomposition of the terminal anhydride groups, and (in the second stage) the degradation of the main chains. The free radicals are recombined forming a three-dimensional network.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:57393 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:57393
TITLE: Evidence of crosslinking of fusible poly(ether inides)

On heating
AUTHOR(S): Koton, M. M.: Panov, Yu. N.: Svetlichnyi, V. M.: Bolotnikova, L. S.: Kulichikhin, S. G.: Shibaev, L. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Macromol. Comp., Leningrad, 199004, USSR Acta Polymerica (1989), 40(9), 598-602
CODEN: ACPODY; ISSN: 0323-7648

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English
T7 74951-98-7
RL: USES (Uses)
   (crosslinking of fusible, on heating, mechanism of, phys. properties in relation to)
RN 74951-98-7 CAPLUS

N. 1.3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'=[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis-, polymer with 4,4'=(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1
CRN 18959-92-7
CMF C22 H10 08
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L42 ANSWER 133 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The title laminates are prepared by spreading solns. of polyamic acids from aromatic tetracarboxylic acids and the diamines Z(C6H4-p-ZC6H4NH2-p)2 residue (2 = 0, CO, S, SO2, CH2, CMe2, C(CF3)2; not necessarily identical) containing
>1% organic compds. having solubility parameter (SP) 9.0-11.0 on water form thin films, transferring the films to substrates, and cyclization. A

5% 14.5:25.5 3,3',4,4'-biphenyltetracarboxylic

dianhydride-(CF3)2C(C6H4-pOC6H4NH2-p)2 copolymer solution in 1:1 AcNMe2-PhcOMe (SP 10.6) was
spread on
water to give a thin film; vs. gelation without PhcOMe. The film was
transferred to an Al foil and cyclized by heat to give a uniform

laminate.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
1989:634580 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
111:234580
TITLE:
Manufacture of uniform laminates from thin polyimit
films 1989:634580 CAPLUS 111:234580 Manufacture of uniform laminates from thin polyimide films films
Masutani, Noboru: Fujimura, Yasuo: Sakai, Isoji;
Matsumoto, Tsunetaka
Nitto Denko Corp., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent
Japanese
1 INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 01063071 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19890309 72356-19-5P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(ultrathin films for laminates, preparation of, by Langmuir method)
72356-19-5 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Blisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 132 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 133 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 2420-87-3
CMF C16 H6 O6

cm 2 Page 189

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

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L42 ANSWER 134 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Graphite fiber-reinforced polyimides prepared from aromatic diamines
containing
flexible ether groups had better toughness properties than com. available
PMR-15. Improvements in the toughness of the polyimide resins were
flexible ether groups had better toughness properties than com. available PNR-15. Improvements in the toughness of the polyimide resins were offset by a slight reduction in use temperature and slightly lower flexural and short beam ahear properties at elevated temps.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:498222 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:98222 TITLE: Graphite/polyimide composites with improved toughness AUTHOR(S): Delvigs, Peter CORPORATE SOURCE: Lewis Res. Cent., Natl. Aeronaut. and Sp. Adm., Cleveland, OH, 44135, USA
SOURCE: POUPEr Composites (1989), 10(2), 134-9
CODEN: PCOMDI; ISSN: 0272-8397
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 12231-87-7DP, reaction products with monomethyl norbornenyldicarboxylate
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and curing and toughness of graphite fiber-reinforced)
RN 122331-67-7 CAPLUS
CN 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 4,4'-carbonylbis-, ar,ar'-dimethyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                     CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
                                                                2
                                     CM
                                      CRN 36928-64-0
CMF C19 H14 O9
CCI IDS
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L42 ANSWER 135 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

The title compns. with good heat resistance and elec. and mech. characteristics contain polyimides of repeating unit I (Z = S, SC6H4S, CMe2C6H4CNe2, XC6H4YC6H4X; X = O, S, CRIR2; Y =direct bond, O. S, SO2, CRIR2, CO: Rl, R2 = H, halogen, Cl-5 haloalkyl) and intrinsic viscosity 0.3-5.0 dL/g, dissolved in organic solvent(s), and prepared by imidation

0.3-5.0 dL/g, dissolved in organic solvent(s), and prepared by imidation in an aprotic polar organic solvent and/or phenolic solvent. 4,4'-Bis(p-aminophenoxy)diphenyl sulfone was polymerized with di-Ph sulfone-3,3',4,4'tetracarboxylic dianhydride in N-methylpyrolidone at 25-30° for 1 h then heated at 160° for 5 h to give a polyimide solution The polyimide had intrinsic viscosity (5 g/100 ml N-methylpyrolidone, 25') 0.7., decomposition temperature 565', softening temperature 285', tensile strength 12.2 kg/mm2, and modulus 271 kg/mm2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:458573 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 11:8573
TITLE: Soluble polyimide composition and its manufacture INVENTOR(S): Ikeda, Tsuyoshi; Sanami, Hiroshi; Nakazawa, Mikiro; Kawashima, Yuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): New Japan Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan COUREN: JONEN: JONEN:

CM 3

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 64000121 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19890105 JP 1988-31591 JP 1987-32030

72356-17-3P

72356-17-3P
RE: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of, soluble, heat-resistant)
72356-17-3 CREUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

Page 190

1.42 ANSWER 134 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 67-56-1 CMF C H4 0

нзс-он

L42 ANSWER 135 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

CRN 2540-99-0 CMF C16 H6 O8 S

L42 ANSWER 136 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

CH. 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

AB At temps. corresponding to melt-processing temps., the polymerher-polymindes I (Z = 0-p-C6H4SOZC6H4-p-O, 0-p-C6H4OC6H4-p-O, S-p-C6H4SOZC6H4-p-S) underwent crosslinking by a radical mechanism. The composition of volatile products from heating of the polymers indicated probable formation of free radicals both at chain ends and along the polymer chain. The most thermally stable polymer was I (Z = S-p-C6H4SOZC6H4-p-S). A 1350° the viscosity of I melts increased sharply with time after a certain induction period. The change in elasticity and paramagnetic center concentration at this temperature occurred in a manner typical for lst-order reactions.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:115755 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:15755
TITLE: Crosslinking of molten poly(ether imides) during thermal processing
AUTHOR(S): Koton, M. M.; Frenkel, S. Ya.; Panov, Yu. N.; Bolotnikova, L. S.; Svetichnyi, V. M.; Shibaev, L. A.; Kulichikhin, S. G.; Krupnova, E. E.; Reutov, A. S.; Ushakova, I. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1988), 30(11), 2425-30
COODEN YSSARF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Russian
T. 74951-98-7
RL: USES (Uses)

CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOLLMENT TYPE: Journal

A74951-98-7

RL: USES (Uses)

(crosslinking of melts of, at thermal-processing temps., mechanism of)

RN 74951-98-7 CAPLUS

CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy)}bis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 18959-92-7 CMF C22 H10 O8

L42 ANSWER 137 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The compliance coeffs. (y) of repeating units of 3
polyoxyphenylene-polypyscomellitimides were calculated to test an x-ray
diffraction method for determining the title consts. Good correlation

calculated y and experiment was achieved. The relation between

calculated y and experiment was achieved. The relation between conformation
and mol. structure of the polymer chains, consisting of rodlike moieties separated by joint groups, was discussed. For the chains with ABB-ABB sequence, the most extended conformation was not planar.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:76377 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:76377
TITLE: X-ray diffraction method for determination of the deformational force constants of atomic groups (for polyimides having oxygen linkages in the diamine component)
AUTHOR(S): Ginzburg, B. M.; Magdalev, E. T.
Inst. Mashinoved. im. Blagonravova, Leningrad, USSR Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1988), 30(9), 2007-11 CODENT TYPE: Journal IANGUAGE: TOWN VYSOKOMOLEKULYARNYE SOEDINGRAF, ISSN: 0507-5475
JOURNAL TYPE: Journal IANGUAGE: RUSSIAN PROBLEM PROB

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 137 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c'|difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

AB Title polyimides containing repeating units I (Z = SC6H4S, X1C6H4YC6H4X2; X1-2

= 0, S: Y = direct bond, O, S, SO2, CO) are prepared by treating di-Ph sulfone-3, 3', 4, 4'-tetracarboxylic acid derivs. with Z(C6H4NH2-4)2. Thus, a solution of 4, 4'-bis(p-mainophenoxy) diphenyl sulfone in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone was treated with di-Ph sulfone-3, 3', 4, 4'-tetracarboxylic dianhydride at 25-30° for 1 h and the mixture was heated at 160° for 5 h to give a polyimide with intrinsic viscosity 0.79 dL/g, 108-weight-loss temperature 565°, softening point 285°, tensile strength 12.2 kg/mm2, and modulus 271 kg/mm2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:58229 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:58329

TITLE: Solvent-soluble aromatic polyimides and their manufacture immunfacture immunfacture

INVENTOR(S): Ikeda, Tsuyoshi; Mami, Hiroshi; Nakazawa, Mikiro; Kawashima, Yuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JOCKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: PAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63199239	A2	19880817	JP 1987-32029	19870213
JP 05062893	B4	19930909	JP 1967-32029	198/0213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-32029	19870213

IT

72356-17-3P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, solvent-soluble)
72356-17-3 CAPIUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 139 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Polymers containing the units [-C6H4-p-N(Ph)C6H4-p-Z-] [Z = S, SXO, SXS, OXO

(X = arylene); d.p. 3-500} become elec. conductive when doped. Heating PhN(C6H4Br-p)2 40.3, S(C6H4ONa-p)2 24.8, and N-phenylpyrrolidone 500

Parts 250* for 5 h gave 70% polymer with intrinsic viscosity (DMF, 25*) 0.7 dL/g and decomposition temperature >360*.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:5618 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1008:56818 CAPLUS
INVENTOR(S): Conductive polymers containing triphenylamine units
NMAERMANN, Herbert: Heinz, Gerhard
BASF A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
GOURCE: GER. Offen., 3 pp.
CODEN: GMXXEX
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: PATENT ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3610648	A1	19871001	DE 1986-3610648	19860329
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1986-3610648	19860329

112492-64-5P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (heat-resistant, manufacture of) 112492-64-5 CAPLUS

RN 112492-64-5 CAPLUS
CN
Poly[oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СH 2

ANSMER 140 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The α- and β-transition temps., dielec. loss (tg δ) in the transition region, and the activation energy of relaxation were determined for a series of 14 O- and S-containing polyimides with multiring aromatic fragments. The temperature dependencies of tg δ and elec. capacity were measured at 120-570 K. The results were discussed in terms of correlations with the mol. atructure of chain fragments. A correlation was observed between the structure-dependent changes of the α- and β-transition temps.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:6748 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1988:6748 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:6748 Delectric relaxation in oxygen- and sulfur-containing

aromatic polyimides containing many aromatic rings

aromatic polyimides containing many aromatic rings Borisova, T. I.; Malinovakaya, V. P.; Krupnova, E. AUTHOR(S): E.;

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Svetlichnyi, V. M.: Koton, M. M.
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie
Soobshcheniya (1987), 29(9), 713-18
CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
Journal
Russian
7

CM

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

СЖ 2

L42 ANSWER 140 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

74951-98-7 CAPLUS

1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-{1,3-phenylenebis(oxy)}bis-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

CH 1

CRN 18959-92-7 CMF C22 H10 O8

CH. 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 141 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN RL: USES (Uses) (Continued)

(alignment control films, for liq.-crystal displays) 110281+79-3 CAPLUS

110281-79-3 CAPLUS (5,5'-Bisobenzofuran)-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

L42 ANSWER 141 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

In the title devices, which have a chiral smectic C liquid crystal layer sandwiched between a pair of substrates, ≥ 1 of which are provided with transparent electrodes, orientation films prepared from low-temperature-treated soluble polyimide solns. are placed on ≥ 1 of the substrates. The polyimides may contain repeating units I (X = SO2, O,

CH2, S, CMe2C(CF3)2; Y = tetracarboxylic dianhydride residue] and optionally II (Arl = alkyl, aryl; Ar2 = alkylene, (alkyl)phenylene). The devices exhibit good memory and high-contrast images. Thus, a solution

devices exhibit good memory and high-contrast images. Thus, a solution of

4, 4'-di (m-aminophenoxy) diphenyl ether-3, 3', 4, 4'-diphenyltetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer was applied to electrode-equipped substrates and heated at 80' to give 200-A polyimide films, which were rubbed with a cloth. A display cell prepared using 2 of the above elements and C6H130-p-C6H40CO[p-C6H4] 2OCHMeC6H13 liquid crystals exhibited good memory and a contrast ratio of 450.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:545007 CAPLUS
DCCUMENT NUMBER: 1097:145007
TITLE: Ferroelectric liquid-crystal devices
Yokokura, Hisao; Kondo, Katsumi; Hanawa, Yasuo; Era, Susumu; Iwasaki, Kishiro; Nakada, Tadao; Isogai, Masator Kitamura, Teruo; Kobi, Akio; Shindo, Yasuhiko Hitachi, Ltd., Japan
DCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: John COUNT: 17PE: John COUNT: 17PE: John COUNT: Japan
DCUMENT TYPE: Japan
DCUMENT TYPE: Japan
DCUMENT TYPE: Japan
DCUMENT TYPE: Japan
JAPANENT INFORMATION: Japan
JAPANENT JAPAN JAPAN

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 62028713	A2	19870206	JP 1985-167597	19850731
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1985-167597	19850731

110281-79-3

L42 ANSWER 142 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The following diamines were shown to inhibit the oxidation of PhEt and PhCHMe2: (4-H2NC6H4)2X (X=0, 3-Oc6H40, 4-Oc6H40C6H40-4), 4-H2NC6H4NH2, benzidine, 4-PhOc6H4NH2, and 1. Rate consts. and activation parameters for the reactions of these diamines with peroxy radicals were determined

In general, the activation energies were 24 ± 3 kJ/mol.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:195716 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:195716

Diamines of polyphenyl oxides as inhibitors of liquid-phase oxidation of hydrocarbons

AUTHOR(S): Nikolaevskii, A. N.; Kucherenko, V. N.; Enal'ev, V.

D.; Kopeikin, V. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Control (So. Univ., Donetsk, USSR Kinetika i Kataliz (1986), 27(5), 1241-4

CODEN: KNNTA4; ISSN: 0453-8811

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

CODEM: ARRIVAT, ADMINIST, ADMINIST, ADMINIST, ADMINIST, ADMINIST, ADMINIST, ADMINIST, ADMINISTRATION OF ADMINISTRATION O

ANSWER 143 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Title compds. (D-02MC6H40-p-C6H4)2Z (Z = direct bond, Cl-10 hydrocarbon, C(cF3)2, CO, S, SO, SO2, O), useful as intermediates for heat resistant polyamides and polyimides, was prepared by condensation of (4-HOC6H4)2Z

polyanides and polylindes, was prepared by Condensation of (4-NGCOH)28

1,3-C6H4(NO2)2 (1) in aprotic polar solvents in the presence of bases.

Thus, heating 4,4'-dihydroxybiphenyl, I, and K2CO3 in DMT at 145-150' for 16 h gave 99.51 4,4'-bis(3-nitrophenoxy)biphenyl.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:84146 CAPILUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:84146

Bis(3-nitrophenoxy) compounds

Yoshikawa, Yukihiro; Yamaquchi, Keisaburo; Sugimoto, Kenichi; Tanabe, Yoshimitsu; Yamaquchi, Teruhiro

Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan

JDN. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INCORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 61194050	A2	19860828	JP 1985-32567	19850222
JP 07010812 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	B4	19950208	JP 1985-32567	19850222

IT

105113-04-0P, 4,4'-Bis(3-nitrophenoxy)diphenyl ether
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as intermediate for polyamides and polyimides)
105113-04-0 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis[4-(3-nitrophenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 145 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The amidation kinetics of 1,3-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)benzene
dianhydride
(I) [18959-92-7] and 3,3',4,4'-tetracarboxybenzophenone dianhydride [II]
[2421-28-5] with aniline [62-53-3] and its Me, PhO, Br, NO2, and MeO
derivs. and the title diamines was studied by IR spectroscopy in AcNMe2

derivs. and the title diamines was studied by IR spectroscopy in AcNNe2

298 K. The cyclization kinetics of o-carboxyamides from I and the above mono- and diamines was studied by NNR in AcNNe2 at 433 K. The effect of amine substituents on the rate of amidation was described by means of the Garmett equations with parameter p = -3.6 and -3.4 for I and II, resp.
There was a weak dependence of the rate of cyclization of o-carboxyamides on the structure of amines. The parameter p for cyclization of model o-carboxyamides was -0.2.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:67704 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1987:67704 CAPLUS

AUTHOR(S): Svetlichnyl, V. M.; Antonov, N. G.; Chernitaa, B. V.; Endsov, V. M.; Kol'tsov, A. I.; Kudryavtsev, V. V.; Koton, M. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1986), 28(11), 2412-18

CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Russian

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 144 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

$$\begin{array}{c} H_2N \\ \\ HO \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} F \\ \\ F \\ \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} NH_2 \\ \\ OH \end{array}$$

AB Bis(3-amino-4-hydroxyphenoxy)perfluoroarylenes I (n = 1, 2) are used as monomers in producing polybenzoxazoles with increased thermal and hydrolytic stability.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:67818 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:67818

TITLE: Bis(3-amino-4-hydroxyphenoxy)perfluoroarylenes as monomers for producing polybenzoxazoles with higher thermal and hydrolytic stability
INVENTOR(S): Ignatenko, N. M.; Malichenko, B. F.; Yazlovitskii, A. V.

v. Institute of Physical-Organic Chemistry and Coal Chemistry, Kiev, USSR U.S.S.R. From: Otkrytiya, Izobret. 1986, (36), 280. CODEN: URXXAF Patent Russian PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE SU 1983-3655549 SU 1983-3655549 SU 1205518 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A1 19860930

106691-92-3D, polymers
RL: USES (Uses)
(thermal and hydrolytic stability of)
106691-92-3 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4,4'-[oxybis[(2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-4,1-phenylene)oxy]]bis[2-amino-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 145 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

13080-88-1 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (polymerization of, with tetracarboxylic acid dianhydrides, kinetics

13080-88-1 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 146 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The dependencies of the modulus (E) of elasticity on temperature (T) and time (v) were determined for 30 oriented polymers, 27 of which were polyimide fibers; and the formula $E=E0[1-\{kT/N0\}\ln(\tau/\tau0)]$, where E0 is E at $\tau \to 0$ K, is the Boltzmann constant, W0 is the activation energy of E relaxation, and $\tau 0$ is a constant, was proposed based on the data obtained. The $\tau 0$ in this formula varied from .apprx.10-12 to .apprx.10-14 s, and the W0 was practically equal in value to the activation energy of fracture as determined from the Zhurkov equation linking temperature-time conditions with breaking strength. This suggested that nature of temperature-time dependencies of $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ and breaking strength are the same. ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: 1987:19804 CAPLUS
106:19804
Temperature-time dependence of the modulus of elasticity of oriented polymers
Bronnikov, 5. V.; Vettegren, V. I.; Korzhavin, L. N.;
Frenkel, 5. Ya.
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1986),
28(9), 1963-70
CODEN: VYSARF; ISSN: 0507-5475
JOURNAL AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L42 ANSWER 147 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Title compds. I [Z = 1,4-phenylene, (4-C6H4)2Z1, Q, Q1, Q2; Z1 = bond, C1-10 hydrocarbondyl, C(CF3)2, CO, S, S(O), S(O)Z, O; R, R1, R2 = H, Me] are prepared by condensation of 1,3-(COX)2C6H8 with HOZOH in a dipolar solvent in the presence of a base, and reduction of the resulting bis (nitrophenoxy) derivs. II. The condensation may be accelerated by the presence of N(CHZCHZO)CHZCHZO)RR4[3 (n = 0, 1; R4 = alkyl). Thus, a mixture of (4-HOC6H4)2, 1,3-(COX)2C6H4, and K2CO3 in DMF was heated at 145-150° for 16 h to give 99.54 II [Z = (4-C6H4)2] of 91.04 purity, which was reduced by N2H4-FeCl3 in MeOCHZCHZOH at 70-80° to give 854 I [Z = (4-C6H4)2] of 99.64 purity. ABS: use of N((CHCHZO)2Me)3 accelerant in the condensation step gave 99.54 of 97.51-pure nitro compound in only 2 h. Twelve other I were also prepared I may be used as monomers for high temperature-stable polymers (no data).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:608599 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:208599
TITLE: Bis(3-aminophenoxy) aromatics
YOSHIKAWA, YUKINITO: Yamaguchi, Keizaburo; Sugimoto, Kenichi; Tanabe, Yoshimitsu; Yamaguchi, Akihiro
FATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Misui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan
EUR, Patent English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PAMENT INFORMATION:

СМ 2 CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	TENT NO.	KIN	D DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EΡ	192480	A1	19860827	EP 1986-301210	19860220
EΡ	192480	B1	19941123		
	R: CH,	DE, FR, GB,	IT, LI, NL		
JΡ	61194055	A2	19860828	JP 1985-32568	19850222
JΡ	06000727	B4	19940105		
JΡ	61271259	A2	19861201	JP 1985-113237	19850528
JΡ	06053710	B4	19940720		
JΡ	62004253	A2	19870110	JP 1985-140408	19850628
JΡ	06000728	B4	19940105		
JΡ	62045563	A2	19870227	JP 1985-183039	19850822
JΡ	07010814	B4	19950208		
JΡ	62063551	A2	19870320	JP 1985-203557	19850917
JΡ	06000729	B4	19940105		
JP	62070347	A2	19870331	JP 1985-210266	19850925
JΡ	06037444	B4	19940518		
JP	62148455	A2	19870702	JP 1985-289334	19851224
JΡ	06037445	B4	19940518		

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L42 ANSWER 146 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2 CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42	ANSWER 147	OF 231	CAPLUS	COPYRIGHT	2005	ACS on STN	(Con	tinued)
	AU 8653785		A1	19860904	AU	1986-53785		19860220
	AU 566103		B2	19871008				
	CA 1256451		A1	19890627	CA	1986-502460		19860221
	US 5077436		A	19911231	US	1986-831547		19860221
PRIO	RITY APPLN.	INFO.:			JP	1985-32568	A	19850222
					JP	1985-113237	А	19850528
					JP	1985-140408	А	19850628
					JP	1985-183039	A	19850822
					JP	1985-203557	A	19850917
					JP	1985-210266	А	19850925
					JP	1985-289334	А	19851224

S8883-55-9P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, via substitution reaction of dinitrobenzene)
58883-55-9
Senzenamine, 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

AB Epoxy resins crosslinked with 4 new arcmatic diamine hardeners and reinforced with graphite fibers gave composites that had improved moisture resistance, high hot wet glass temps., and good mech. properties compared to those of composites crosslinked with 4,4'-diaminodiphenyl sulfone [80-08-0]. The new hardeners also had the potential for improving the Mode I interlaminar fracture toughness of the brittle composites.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:461395 CAPILUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:61395

TITLE: composites cured with flexibilized arcmatic diamines Delvigs, Peter

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lewis Res. Cent., Natl. Aeronaut. Space Adm., Cleveland, OH, 44135, USA

SOURCE: Polymer Composites (1986), 7(2), 101-5

CODEN: PCOMDI; ISSN: 0272-8397

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 13080-88-1

CODEN: PCONDI: ISSN: 02/2-8337

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGLAGE: English

IT 1300-88-1

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(crosalinking agents, for epoxy resins, preparation of)

RN 1300-88-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 150 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Crystallite size along the chain axis of oriented crystalline polymers
such as

polyamides and polyimides was greater than the large lattice spacing, as determined by small- and wide-angle x-ray diffraction. This discrepancy, as well as dependence of the widening of meridional reflections on the order of reflection, was attributed to the coherence between neighboring crystallites in polymer microfibrils. Diffraction calcus. confirmed this attribution.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:461179 CAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

AUTHOR (S):

1986:461179 CAPLUS
105:61179
Diffraction of x-rays on the linear system of coherently arranged crystallites in polymer microfibril
Azriel, A. E.: Vasil'ev, V. A.: Kazaryan, L. G. Nauchno-Proizvod. Ob'edin. "Plastmassy", Moscow, Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1986), 28(4), 810-16. 1 plate
CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475
Journal
Russian CORPORATE SOURCE: . USSR

DOCUMENT TYPE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian

IT \$1938-98-0
RL: PRP (Properties)
(crystallite size of oriented, fibrillar morphol. in relation to)

RN \$1939-98-0 CAPAUS
CN 1H, 3H-Benzo(1, 2-c:4, 5-c')difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
4, 4'-[1, 4-phenylenebis(oxy-4, 1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

Page 196

L42 ANSWER 149 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The temperature-time dependence of viscous and viscoelastic properties of 4,4'-(m-phenylenedioxy)diphthalic anhydride-4,4'-[sulfonylbis(p-phenylenexy)]dianiline copolymer (I) [74951-99-6] were studied. The rheol. properties of 1 at 290-350' and 10-2-3 a-1 shear rates, and thermomech. properties (tensile strength, elastic modulus, softening temperature, and glass transition temperature) were determined Optimal melt viscosity at 4320' was attained for I with 1.03:1 dianhydride-diamine ratio.

The viscosity increased at >320' due to crosslinking.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:61214 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1986:61214 CAPLUS

Viscous and viscoelastic properties of molten polyimides

Viscous and viscoelastic properties of molten polyimides
Koton, M. M.; Bolotnikova, L. S.; Svetlichnyi, I. F.;
Davydova, I. F.; Kiselev, B. A.; Kudryavtsev, V. V.;
Mmatsakanov, S. S.; Panov, Yu. N.; Perov, B. V.;
Frenkel, S. Ya.
USSR AUTHOR (S) .

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: USSR Plasticheskie Massy (1986), (4), 11-13 CODEN: PIMSAI; ISSN: 0554-2901 JOURNAL RUSSIAN

CODEN: PLASAI; ISSN: 0554-2901
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 13080-88-1D, polymides
RL: PRP (Properties)
(viacous and viacoelastic properties of, temperature-time dependence

13080-88-1 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 150 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

A method for passivating a p-n junction of a semiconductor device (e.g., thyristor) involves the following steps: (1) carrying out the reaction between an organic acid dianhydride and I (X = 0, SO2, CH2), CCMe)2, or AB

5-95 molt to prepare a polyimide silicone resin: (2) purifying the resin

bу a repptn. method; (3) coating the exposed portions of the p-n junction with a varnish containing the purified resin; and (4) heat treating at 100-300°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:416489 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:16489 Passivation of a semiconductor device Yokoyama, Takashi; Suzuki, Hiroshi Hitachi, Ltd., Japan Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JADNAD CODEN: JADNAD

1986:416489 CAPLUS 105:16489 Passivation of a semiconductor device Yokoyama, Takashi: Suzuki, Hiroshi Hitachi, Ltd., Japan Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JAXXAD

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 60058582	B4	19851220	JP 1977-142791	19771130
JP 54075988	A2	19790618		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1977-142791 A	19771130

IT

102772-38-3 102792-46-1
RL: USES (Uses)
(asmiconductor junctions passivated with)
102772-38-3 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] and 3,3'-{1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl}bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

$$\mathsf{H}_{2}\mathsf{N}$$

CM 2

L42 ANSWER 151 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

3 CM

CRN 3711-01-1 CMF C14 H4 O6

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

L42 ANSWER 151 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 2469-55-8 CMP C10 H28 N2 O S12

CH 3

102792-46-1 CAPLUS

1H.3H-Naphtho[2,3-c:6,7-c']difuran-1,3,6,8-tetrone, polymer with
5,5'-carbonylbia[1,3-isobenzofurandione], 4,4'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy]bia[benzenamine] and 3,3'-[1,1,3,3-tetraphenyl-1,3-disiloxanediy]bia[1-propanamine] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 78524-48-8 CMF C30 H36 N2 O Si2

C24 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 152 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Polyether-polyimides prepared from para-linked polycyclic tetracarboxylic acids or derivs. and para-linked polycyclic diamines have high crystallinity and solvent resistance. Thus, a 9:8.82:0.18
4,4"-bis(4-aminophenoxy)biphenyl-1,4-bis(3,4-dicarboxyphenoxy)benzene diambydride-phthalic ambydride coptoymer had glass temperature 230", m.p. 364", decomposition temperature 320" in N, and was insol. in N-methylpyrrolione but soluble in m-cresol and o-chlorophenol.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:407049 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:7049
TITLE: Crystalline polyether-polyimides and polyamic acid precursors Talkkoshi, Tohru; Anderson, Patricia Pike General Electric Co., USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 173882	A2	19860312	EP 1985-110020	19850808
EP 173882	A3	19880601	•	
EP 173882	B1	19901128		
R: DE, FR, GB	, IT, NI			
US 4599396	A	19860708	US 1984-647286	19840904
CA 1241793	A1	19880906	CA 1985-485902	19850628
AU 8545282	A1	19860313	AU 1985-45282	19850723
AU 572320	B2	19880505		
JP 61083230	A2	19860426	JP 1985-193277	19850903
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1984-647286 A	19840904

IT

102715-87-7P 102715-91-3P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(crystalline and solvent-resistant, manufacture of)
102715-87-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 17828-53-4 CMF C22 H10 O8

L42 ANSWER 152 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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102715-91-3 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(oxy)]bis-,
polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 26177-82-2 CMF C28 H14 O8

CH 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 153 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

1 СМ

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

89-32-7 C10 H2 O6

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSTER 153 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB IR spectroscopy and x-ray diffraction were used to study the structure of aromatic polyamic acids (FRA) in DMT solns. for the preparation of polypyromellitimides, polyester polyamides polyamide polyamides polyamides, and polyester polyamide polyimides. Anomalies occurring in IR absorption

increasing concentration and transition of the polymer into the

increasing concentration and transition of the postular p

AUTHOR(S): Mikhailova, N. V.; Baklagina, Yu. G.; Sidorovich, V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1985),
27(6), 1254-61
CODEN: VYSARF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 53563-79-4 CAPUS
(mol. ordering of, in solution, cyclization effect on)
RN 53563-79-4 CAPUS
CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM. 2

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

L42 ANSWER 153 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

ANSWER 154 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Enzyme-catalyzed copolym. of phenols with 1-5 Cl (4-chlorophenol
[106-48-9]; 2,4- [120-83-2] and 2,6-dichlorophenol [87-65-0];
4-bromo-2-chlorophenol [8964-36-5]; 2,3,6- [933-75-5] and
2,4,5-trichlorophenol [88-06-2]; 2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenol [935-95-5];
and pentachlorophenol [87-86-5]) and syringic acid [530-57-4] was
studied with an extracellular laccase [80498-15-3] of the fungus
Rhizoctonia praticola. This reaction is of interest since it presents a
model for explaining the incorporation of anthropogenic compds. into

Rhizoctonia praticola. This reaction is of interest since it presents a model for explaining the incorporation of anthropogenic compds. into humic substances. When the laccase was incubated together with the halogenated phenols and syringic acid, 2 types of hybrid products were found: phenols covalently bound to an orthoquinone product of syringic acid resulting in the formation of quinonoid oligomers, and phenols covalently bound to decarboxylated products of syringic acid resulting in the formation of phenolic oligomers. Mass spectra of hybrid oligomers gave typical Cl isotopic patterns which coincided with their resp. chlorophenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol monomer. Thus, all hybrid products contained only 1 halogenated phenol and syringic acid. ALTROCAGE: Lab. Soil Microbiol. Pennsylvania State Univ., University Park, PA, 16802, USA Pesticide Biochemistry and Physiology (1985), 23(2), 261-72 CODEN PEBPS; ISSN: 0048-3575

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGIAGE: English OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 103:21659

IT 96158-56-46 96158-57-59-665 96158-57-5 96158-57-6 96158-56-66 96158-66-6 96158

96158-57-5 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 154 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

96158-64-4 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[2,6-dimethoxy-4-[2,3,6-trichlorophenoxy]phenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxy- [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

96158-65-5 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-[2,6-dimethoxy-4-[2,3,6-trichlorophenoxy]phenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy

96158-66-6 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[2,6-dimethoxy-4-[2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy]phenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxybenoxy] (CA INDEX NAME)

Page 199

L42 ANSWER 154 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

96158-58-6 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-[4-4],4-dichlorophenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxyphen

96158-59-7 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-(2,6-dichlorophenoxy)-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\bigcap_{\text{C1}} \bigcap_{\text{OMe}} \bigcap_{\text{OMe}$$

96158-60-0 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-(2,6-dichlorophenoxy)-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxyl-2,6-dimeth

L42 ANSWER 154 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

96158-67-7 CAPLUS Phenol, 4-[4-[4-[2,6-dimethoxy-4-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy]phenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxy- (961) (CA INDEX

96158-70-2 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[2,6-dimethoxy-4-(2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenoxy)phenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy

96158-73-5 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[2,6-dimethoxy-4-(pentachlorophenoxy)phenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy] -2,6-dimethoxy- [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

96158-74-6 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-2,6-dimethoxy-4-[pentachlorophenoxy]phenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxypheno

142 ANSWER 154 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

96183-00-5 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-(4-chlorophenoxy)-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenoxyphenox

96857-30-6 CAPLUS

CN Phenol,
4-[4-[2,6-dimethoxy-4-(2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenoxy)phenoxy]-2,6dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy]-2,6-dimethoxyphenoxy

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{C1} \\ \text{C1} \\ \text{C1} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{OHe} \\ \text{OMe} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ \text{OMe} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ \text{OH} \\ \text{OH} \\ \end{array}$$

ANSWER 156 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Orientation layers for liquid crystal display devices are prepared by the thermal cyclization of polyhydrazidic-amidic acids prepared by the

of a diamine and dihydrazide with a tetracarboxylic acid anhydride.

of a Chamane and Canyacture.

Thus,
a solution containing isophthalic acid dihydrazide 0.095,
p-phenylenediamine
0.005, pyromellitic acid dianhydride 0.1 mol, and N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone
was stirred 3 h at 5° to give a polymer solution with 12% solids.

This solution was thinned with N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone to give 7% solids

then printed by an offset printing press on the electrode plate of a

then printed by an offset printing press on the electrode plate of a liquid crystal display device followed by heating at 250° for 1 h to give orientation layers with a thickness of 1000, 2000, or 3000 Å thickness. When this plate was used in a liquid crystal display device, overall, the partially reflected image-pattern was not visible to the naked eye at a reference angle of 30°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:41034 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:14034

TITLE: Orientation layers for liquid crystal display devices Yokokura, Hisao; Kitamura, Teruo; Ito, Ren; Nakano, Fumio; Morishita, Hirosada; Sato, Mikio; Kando, Yashuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 50 pp.

CODEN: GWXXEX

LANGUAGE: German

German 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
DE 3128393	Al	19830210	DE 1981-3128393	19810717	
DE 3128393	C2	19830519			
PRIORITY APPLA. INFO. :			DE 1981-3128393	19810717	

ΙT

13080-88-1D, polymers, cyclized RL: USES (Uses) (mol. orientation layers containing, for electrooptical display

devices)
RN 13080-88-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 155 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Dissociation consts. pKl and pKZ of 4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane,

3,3'-dimethyl-4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane, 4,4'-diaminodiphenyloxide,
4,4'-bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenyloxide, and 4,4'-bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenylsulfone in acetone and Me Et ketone were determined

using electromotive force measurements with cells with glass electrode

and by

potentiometric titrns. All amines are weak bases. The effects of the
structure of the diamine and of the nature of the solvent on acid-basic
properties are discussed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:162749 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:162749

Determination of thermodynamic dissociation constants
in ketone media

AUTHOR(S): Tanganov, B. B.; Shulunova, K. N.; Batlaev, K. E.;
Mognonov, D. M.; Iryneev, A. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Irkutak. Gos. Univ., Irkutak, USSR

Deposited Doc. (1982), SPSTL 645 Khp-D82, 6 pp.
Avail.: SPSTL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Report

Avail: SYSTL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Report
LANGUAGE: Russian

IT 1080-88-1
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)
(ionization of, in ketones)
RN 1030-88-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy}]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 157 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN The thermal stability of aromatic polyimides of different structure, intramol. interaction energy, and chain rigidity was studied in Ar and air
at 5*/min heating rate; the initial degradation temperature was
determined by
differential thermogravimetry and DTA. The thermal stability was
determined by
the weakest chemical bonds which were identical for all specimens

the weakest chemical bonds which were identical for all specimens regardless of their chemical nature. The thermal stability increased .apprx.5% by increasing the chain rigidity. The initial degradation temperature was increasing the chain rigidity. The initial degradation computed independent of the intramol. interaction energy and varied by 31° in Az and 11° in air depending on chemical structure of the polyimides.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:161611 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:161611
Interrelation of chemical structure and thermal stability of polyarimides

AUTHOR(S): Prokopchuk, N. R.; Batura, L. N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Fiz. - org. Khim., Minsk, USSR

Vestia Akademin Navuk BSSR, Seryya Khimichnykh Navuk (1983), (1), 85-9

CODEN: VBSKAK; ISSN: 0002-3590

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: IT 53938-99-1 RL: PRP (Properties)

(thermal stability of)
53938-99-1 CAPUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 158 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Diamines containing 1-20 mol% diaminosiloxanes and 80-99 mol% aromatic
diamines
react with tetracarboxylic acid diamhydrides to prepare polyamic acids

for coating materials. Thus, 2,2-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]propane 5.4190,
H2N(CH2)3SiMe2COSIMe2(CH2)3NH2 0.3728, N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone 107.7, and N-bentyl-2-pyrrolidone 5.7 g were stirred under N at <5°, mixed with 6.6093 g pyromellitic dianhydride, stirred 3 h at the ice-bath temperature and 3 h at 25°, heated at 70° until the solution viscosity was .apprx.1100 cP, filtered, coated on a Si wafer, dried, and cured to form

uniform coating free of pinholes.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:145169 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:145169
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 98:145169
Coating solutions for formation of thin films
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan: Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd.
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
CODEN: JOCKAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Patent
LANGUAGE: 74011 Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 57168943	A2	19821018	JP 1981-54409	19810413
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1981-54409	19810413

IT

RES214-61-5 85214-62-6
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(coatings, on silicon wafers)
85214-60-4 CAPLUS
H. 3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine),
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'-[1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

$$\mathsf{H}_2\mathsf{N}$$

CM 2

CRN 13080-86-9 CMF C27 H26 N2 O2

L42 ANSWER 158 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

85214-61-5 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4, 5-c']difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
5, 5'-carbonylbis[1, 3-isobenzofurandione], 4, 4'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4, 1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine],
4,4'-[oxybis(4, 1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] and 4, 4'-(1, 1, 3, 3-tetramethyl-1, 3-disloxanediyl)bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

СМ 1

CRN 85214-57-9 CMF C16 H24 N2 O Si2

Page 201

L42 ANSWER 158 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

13080-88-1 C24 H20 N2 O3

СМ

13080-86-9 C27 H26 N2 O2

2421-28-5 C17 H6 O7

5 CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

85214-62-6 CAPLUS

1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with

4,4'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine],

4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] and 3,3'-(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis[1-propanamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CH

CRN 13080-86-9 CMF C27 H26 N2 O2

3 CM

CRN 2469-55-8 CMF C10 H28 N2 O Si2

L42 ANSWER 159 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB NRR was used to study mol. mobility at 77-623K in partially crystalline aromatic aromatic
polyimide fibers having a high degree of chain orientation in the
crystalline
region. The mol. mobility was mainly due to the torsional vibration of Ph
groups at 30-40' amplitude. The transition of the polymer from a
glassy to high elastic state was accompanied by the appearance of
segmental and rotational mobility.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:108731 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:108731 CAPLUS
TITLE: NMR study of molecular mobility in polymide fibers
of

of Various chemical structure

AUTHOR(S): Goryainov, G. I.; Kol'tsov, A. I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin. Leningrad, USSR

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyanye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie

Soobshcheniya (1982), 24(12), 910-13

CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483

JOURNAI

IT 53938-99-0 53938-99-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(fibers, mol. mobility of, temperature and structure effect on, NMR

spectra

tra
in relation to)
53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 158 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CH 4

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

L42 ANSWER 159 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

(Continued)

AB Poly(p-phenylene oxides) of d.p. 2-101, bearing ≥1 halogen substituent on each ring, optionally having addnl. Cl-3 alkyl substituents, and terminated with an alkoxy, haloalkoxy, hydroxyalkoxy, halohydroxyalkoxy, polyoxyalkylenoxy, alkenyloxy, haloalkenyloxy, aralkoxy, haloaralkoxy, acyloxy, haloacyloxy, benzoyloxy, halohenzoyloxy, arryloyloxy, enthacryloyloxy, or epoxyalkoxy group are useful as flame retardants for organic polymers. Thus, high-impact polystytene [9003-53-6] 100, I [84372-95-3] 5, and Sb203 2 parts were compounded 6 min at 200° and formed into a test specimen with flame-resistance rating [UL 94 (0.125-m)] V-2 (self-extinguishing time average 5.2 s, total

Tacting (UL 94 (U.125-b)) V-2 (Bell-extinguishing time average 5.2 s,

glow time 0 s, and dripping) and showing no change during 12-h

irradiation in

a fadeometer, compared with burning (no flame resistance) and yellowing,

resp., when I was replaced by decabromodiphenyl ether.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:55078 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:55078

FITIE: Plame retardants

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Daiichi Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

JON. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JOCKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 57126829 JP 63008977 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19820806 19880225 JP 1981-13553 19810130 JP 1981-13553 19810130

84372-96-3

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (fireproofing agents, for polymers)
84372-96-3 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,3-dibromo-2-[3,5-dibromo-4-[3,5-dibromo-4-(2,3-dibromo-2-methylpropoxy)phenoxy)phenoxy)-5-(2,4,6-tribromophenoxy)- (9CI) (CI NAME)

L42 ANSWER 161 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The phonon theory-based equation of durability relating the activation energy of mech. degradation and structure-sensitive coefficient of the Zhurkov's tow's long-term strength equation to the Young's modulus and the Grueneisen constant was exptl. verified for oriented fibers from aromatic CONSTANT WAS EXPT. Verified for oriented libers from element constant was exptl. Verified for oriented libers from polyamides, polyamide-polyhydrarides, linear aromatic polyimides, and polyacrylonitrile.

Degradation-causing heat fluctuations were determined ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:617857 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:217857
TITLE: Relation between strength and elastic properties of polymers
AUTHOR(S): Vettegren, V. I.; Kusov, A. A.; Korzhavin, L. N.; Frenkel, S. Ya.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fiz.-Tekh. Inst. im. Ioffe, Leningrad, USSR Vysokomlekulyarnye Soedieniya, Seriya A (1982), 24(9), 1958-67
COODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal 53938-98-0 53938-99-1 53938-98-0 53938-99-1
RI: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
PROC (Process)
(fibers, mech. degradation of, elasticity in relation to)
53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2 CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

CM 1

Page 203

L42 ANSWER 161 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

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L42 ANSWER 162 OF 231 CAPIUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The existence of a linear relation between the energy (E) of intermol.

interaction and the conformational parameters (K) was demonstrated for a
series of highly oriented fibers from 10 aromatic polymides differing in
their chemical structure. E Was calculated from exptl. determined
energy of mech. degradation and overall activation energy of thermal degradation
             (P., 1980-1), and K represented a function of the identity period along
the polymer chain and the control length of the chain fragment within t
identity period (P., 1977). Polyimides consisting of aromatic units
             e.g., copolymers of pyromellitic dianhydride and 2,7-diaminofluorene, and having conformation of gently turned quasi-coils, had K ≤ 3% resulting in the most dense packing and high E (40-46 kcal/mol). Polyimides with O atoms in the diamine segments, e.g., 4,4'-oxybis[aniline]-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer [25038-81-7],
             a strongly coiled conformation, K in the range 7.6-10.9 %, and E in the range 3-11 kcal/mol. Polymindes with 0 or CO bonding the phthalic anhydride units occupied the intermediate position (K = 4.0-5.0 %, E = 33-34 kcal/mol).
                                                              1982:617840 CAPLUS
97:217840
 ACCESSION NUMBER:
                                                              97:217840
Correlation of chemical structure, macromolecule geometry and intermolecular interactions in oriented polyarimides
Prokopchuk, N. R.
Inst. Fiz.-Org. Khim., Minsk, USSR
Doklady Akademii Nauk BSSR (1982), 26(9), 815-18
CODEN: DBLRAC; ISSN: 0002-354X
JOURNAI
RUSSIAN
 TITLE:
 AUTHOR (S) :
 CORPORATE SOURCE:
 DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
IT 53938-99-1
             RL: USES (Uses)
(fiber, chemical structure, intermol. interaction and macromol.
CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
                         2
                       89-32-7
```

L42 ANSWER 163 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Correlations are established between energy (E) of mol. interactions and mech. properties of fully drawn polyimide fibers. The tensile strength increased from 39 to 210 kg/mm2 as E increased from 8 to 46 kcal/mol, according to an empirical equation. Similar equations were derived for Young's modulus, elongation at break, and d.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:593837 ,CAPLUS 99:183837

TITLE: 593837 Correlation of intermolecular interaction energy and mechanical properties of oriented polyimides Prokopchuk, N. R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: 5048CE: Khim., Minsk, USSR Vestsi Akademii Navuk 8SSR, Seryya SOURCE: Fizika-Tekhnichnykh Navuk (1982), (3), 30-6 CODEN: VABFAF; ISSN: 0002-3566 Journal Russian DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 83448-15-1 RE: USES (Uses)
(fiber, interaction energy of, properties in relation to)
8448-15-1 CAPLUS
1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenylenexy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 CM 2 CRN 89-05-4 CMF C10 H6 O8

L42 ANSWER 162 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CHF C10 H2 O6

(Continued)

L42 ANSWER 164 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A quant. correlation was found between the glass transition temperature (Tg) and m.p., and between the chain rigidity (expressed as equivalent rigidity $\{1-t\}$) (1-f)
and intermol. interactin energy (Eii) for 10 aromatic polyimides with
different chain rigidities. Rigid-chain polyimides {(1-f) = 0.67-0.75}
exhibited Eii .apprx.33-46 kcal/mol and Tg close to m.p. Flexible
polyimides [(1-f) = 0.34-0.67] had Eii .apprx.8-11 kcal/mol and Tg «
m.p. Tg Of the samples was more affected by Eii and (1-f) than was their
m.p.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:563781 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:163381 DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: Correlation of intermolecular interaction energy and Correlation or intermolecular interaction energy armacromolecule rigidity with the glass transition temperature and melting point of poly(aryl imide)s Prokopchuk, N. R.

Inst. Fiz.-Org. Khim., Minsk, USSR
Doklady Akademii Nauk BSSR (1982), 26(8), 723-6
CODEN: DBLRAC; ISSN: 0002-354X
Journal AUTHOR (5): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: Russian 83448-15-1 83448-16-2 RL: PRF (Properties)
(glass transition temperature and m.p. of, intermol. interaction
energy and gy and
chain rigidity in relation to)
83448-15-1 CAPIUS
1,2,4,5-Benzenetetracarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 1 СМ CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

HO2C со2н

CRN 89-05-4 CMF C10 H6 O8

RN 83448-16-2 CAPLUS

со2н

HO2C

ANSWER 164 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 1,2,5-Benzeneterracarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-{1,4-Chenyleneoxyl]bis/lbenzenapine()9C1 (CA INDEX

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 а

L42 ANSWER 165 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
(arom. polyamide-polyethers contg., moldable at low temp.)
RN 83046-50-4 CAPLUS
CN Benzamide, N,N'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenylene)}bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 165 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN GI

AB Poly(ether amides) having I (R, R1, R2, R3 = H, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy,

Cl. Br; R4, R5 = H, Me, Et, CF3, CCl3; Z = p-phenylene, m-phenylene, oxydiphenylene, sulfonyldiphenylene, biphenylylene, naphthylene) as a repeating unit (100 parts) and 0.5-20 parts amide compds. II (R, R1 = C1-20 alkyl or aryl: Z = CH2, CMe2, O, S, SO2, CO) are blended to give compns. having low melt viscosity and moldability at low temps. Thus, a mixture of a 10% cyclohexane solution of 1:1 terephthaloyl dichloride-isophthaloyl dichloride and a 20% cyclohexane solution of 2,2-bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl]propane was polymerized in the presence of

101 aqueous NaOH to provide a I (R-R6 = H; Z = m-C6H4, m-C6H4) [62532-20-1]

having reduced viscosity 0.94 dL/g (0.2 g/dL, DMF). A mixture of the I (100

having reduced viscosity 0.94 dL/g (0.2 g/dL, DMF). A mixture of the control of t

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE DATE PATENT NO. KIND APPLICATION NO. JP 57057717 JP 58036017 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19820407 19830806 JP 1980-133218 19800924

83048-50-4 RL: USES (Uses)

ANSWER 166 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
An evaluation of the effect of the chemical constitution of the diamines

dianhydrides on the acylation rate constant and the isomer composition

dishlydrides on the acylation rate constant and the isomer composition of the corresponding polyamic acid indicated that because the charge transport energy depends on the chemical constitution, the parameter e0, the energy of the lower free shell, and the parameters suf, the energy of the lower free shell, and fir, the limiting d. of electrons in the CO carbon atom, can be used as an index of the reactivity of amines and aromatic anhydrides, resp. The relation between the electron affinity of the diamhydrides and the ionization potential of the diamines and the reactivity of the compds. is confirmed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:52743 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:52743 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1982:52743 CAPLUS
Study of the reactivity of anhydride and amino groups in polyacylation of aromatic diamines with tetracarboxylic acid anhydrides
AUTHOR(S): Kudryavtsev, V. V.; Koton, M. M.; Svetlichnyi, V. M.; Zubkov, V. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Place Under Cooper Cooper Place Under Cooper Coope

13080-88-1
RL: PRP (Properties)
(ionization potential of, rate of polyacylation by dianhydrides in relation to)
13080-88-1 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Mol. orientation-controlling films for liquid crystal display devices are prepared by using a polyimide-siloxane copolymer having structural units

the formulas I and II (Z = tetracarboxylic dianhydride moiety; Z1 = C6H4O-p-C6H4Z3-p-C6H4OC6H4; Z2 = alkylene, phenylene, alkylphenylene; R = alkyl, aryl; Z3 = O, CH2, SO2, S, CO). Thus, 4,4'-bis(m-aminophenoxy)diphenyl sulfone 95, HZM(CH2)3SiPh2OSiPh2(CH2)3MH2 5, and benzophenone-3,3'',4'-tetracarboxylic dianhydride 100 mol-parts were copolymd. in N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone to give a 15% copolymer solution

copolymd. In N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone to give a 15% copolymer solution whose viscosity at 25° was 10,000 cP. Electrode plates were then coated with the solution, heated at 250°, and the polymer surface was rubbed to give electrode plates for display cells. The display devices prepared by using the electrode plates exhibited an excellent moisture resistance. ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:578696 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:178696 CAPLUS PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Liquid crystal display devices FATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. COOPEN: JOXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 56036624	A2	19810409	JP 1979-111673	19790903
JP 59049565	84	19841204		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1979-111673 A	19790903

79497-22-6
RL: USES (Uses)
(mol. orientation controlling films of, for liquid crystal display devices)
179497-22-6
RL: USES (Uses)
179497-22-6
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CRN 58293-13-3 CMF C36 H32 N2 O Si2

L42 ANSWER 168 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB In fabricating a semiconductor device (e.g., a thyristor or p-n-p
transistor) by covering at least the exposed portion of a p-n junction(s)
with a silicone resin which can be hardened by using an organic metal

catalyst and hardening in presence of H2O, a polyimide resin powder is mixed with the silicone resin to suppress increase of leakage current caused by the catalyst. ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:525020 CAPLUS

Under the country of APPLICATION NO. 19810416 19861121 JP 56040249 JP 61054248 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1979-116180 19790912

JP 1979-116180

A 19790912

53938-99-1 78992-90-2
RL: USES (Uses)
(semiconductor junction passivation by silicon and)
53938-99-1 CAPIUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

Page 206

CP4 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH 3

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 168 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

78992-90-2 CAPLUS
4H,6H-[2]Benzoxepino(6,5,4-def)[2]benzoxepin-4,6,10,12-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 24821-26-9 CMF C16 H6 O6

2

Tetraethers I (R = OH, Br) were prepared The O-arylation of 4-MeoC6H4OH

AB Tetractners I (R = OH, Br) were prepared The O-arylation of 4-mexchatch

1,4-Br2C6H4 and subsequent demethylation gave II (R1 = OH). The latter

reacted with NaOH and 4-BrC6H4OMe, and the product was demethylated to

yield I (R = OH). II (R1 = Br) condensed with 4-(MeoC6H4O)C6H4ONa, and

the product was demethylated to give I (R = Br).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:480345 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:80345

TITLE: Polyethers. 2. Preparation of e,e'
disubstituted poly(aryl ethers)

AUTHOR(S): Tashiro, Masashi: Yoshiya, Haruo: Fukata, Gouki

Res. Inst. Ind. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka, 812,

Japan

SOURCE: Organic Preparations and Procedures International

(1981), 13(2), 87-92

CODEN: OPPIAK; ISSN: 0030-4948

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

Journal English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 78563-44-7P

/BD6J-44-7P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and demethylation of) 78563-44-7 CAPLUS Benzene, 1-[4-(4-bromophenoxy)phenoxy]-4-[4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)phenoxy]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT

78563-46-9P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
78563-46-9 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-(4-bromophenoxy)phenoxy]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 170 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

The mol. orientation-controlling films of liquid crystal display devices

prepared by using a thermal cyclization product of a condensation polymerization product of I (Z = SO2, O, CO, CH2, S), 4,4'-diamino-3-carbamoyldiphenyl ether, and a tetracarboxylic dianhydride. Thus, a 4,4'-bis(m-aminophenoxyldiphenyl aufone-4,4'-diamino-3-carbamoyldiphenyl ether-3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer aplution ether-3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic diannydriue copolinic solution

was coated on transparent electrode plates and heated at 250°.

Various types of liquid crystal compns. exhibited excellent mol. orientation
in the display cells prepared by using the electrode plates.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:471089 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:71089

TITLE: Molecular orientation-controlling films for liquid crystal display devices

Hitachi, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: JAN. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

Japanese 1

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE

JP 56009723	A2	19810131	JP 1979-84022		19790704
JP 60040607	B4	19850911			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1979-84022 A	Ł	19790704

IT 78524-43-3
RL: USES (Uses)
(mol. orientation controlling films of, for liquid crystal display devices)
RN 78524-43-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzamide, 2-amino-5-(4-aminophenoxy)-, polymer with
1H.3H-benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, 5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 40763-98-2 CMF C13 H13 N3 O2

L42 ANSWER 170 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3 CM

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 171 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Polyimides of the general formula I [Z = p-C6H4,p-C6H4C6H4-p, p-C6H4-p-C6H4C6H4-p; Z1 = II (Z2 = 0, S0Z, CH2, C0), III: n = p.d.] are used to form mol. orientation-controlling layers of liquid crystal

used to form mod. Outcomed and display devices. The polyimides have good transparency and heat resistance. Thus, a liquid crystal display cell was constructed by using p-phenylenediamine-4,4'-bis(p-aminophenoxy)diphenyl ether-pyromellitic dianhydride-3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer

as the mol. orientation-controlling layer. Various types of liquid crystal compns. exhibited excellent mol. alignment in the cell.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:452750 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:5750

TITLE: Molecular orientation-controlling films for liquid crystal display devices

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: JONAN CODEN: JONAN P.

CODEN: JONAN P.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 55166622	A2	19801225	JP 1979-11889	19790206
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1979-11889 A	19790206

77967-31-8 IT RL: USES (Uses)

{coatings, mol. orientation-controlling, for liquid crystal display
devices) CAPLUS

1H.3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with

L42 ANSWER 171 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 171 OF 231 CAPAUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
1,4-benzenediamine, 5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and
4,4'-(coxybia(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] 9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

3 CM

CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

ANSWER 172 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

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 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{AB}}$ Liquid crystal display device mol. orientation-controlling films are made of made of a polyimide of the general formula I (Z = tetracarboxylic acid dianhydride moiety; 21 = 0, CO, CH2, S). The polyimide film does not exhibit degradation

dation
(by heat) during sealing of the display cell; hence the liquid crystal

exhibit excellent orientation in the cell. Thus, a liquid crystal

exhibit excellent orientation in the cell. Thus, a liquid crystal display cell was prepared by using 4,4'-bis[p-aminophenoxy]diphenyl ether-pyromellitic dianhydride-3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride copolymer as the mol. orientation-controlling film. Bisphenol-, Schiff's base-, ester-, as well as cyclohexane-type liquid crystals showed excellent orientation in the cell.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:46016 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 55:16016
TITLE: Liquid crystal display devices
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan
JDn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
CODEN: JUXXAF

95:16016 Liquid crystal display devices Hitachi, Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: Japanese 1

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 55163513 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1979-70121 JP 1979-70121 A2 19801219

58883-56-0 77945-52-9

RE: USES (Uses)
(mol. orientation controlling layers of, for liquid crystal display devices)
58883-56-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

77945-52-9 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4, 5-c']difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
5,5'-carbonylbis[1, 3-isobenzofurandione] and 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] | 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH 2

CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

CM 3

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The glass transition temperature (Tg) was calculated for 48 aromatic
polyimides using
the equation of A. Askadakii and G. Slonimskii (1975) and a correlation
was established between the Tg and chain flexibility and internal
interactions. The critical chain flexibility was 0.67. Above this

value, the Tg of the polyamides was determined wholly by intermol. interaction

the Tg of the polyan forces of adjacent chains. ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: of

1981:175723 CAPLUS 94:175723 Chemical structure and glass transition temperature

polyarimides Korzhavin, L. N.; Bronnikov, S. V.; Frenkel, S. Ya. Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1981), 23(2), 366-74 CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475 Journal AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

RANGUAGE: Russian
IT 53938-98-0 53938-99-1 77496-19-6

77496-21-0 77496-23-2 77496-25-4

77496-55-3 77496-59-4 77496-50-7

RL: RRP (Properties)

(glass transition temperature of, chain flexibility and intermol.

interaction

raction
in relation to)
53938-98-0 Captus
11,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 172 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6 (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

53938-99-1 CAPLUS 1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

89-32-7 C10 H2 O6

77496-19-6 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c'|difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 77496-18-5 CMF C36 H28 N2 O5

PAGE 1-B

77496-21-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis[oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1phenyleneoxy]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-A

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

77496-25-4 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 77496-24-3 CMF C54 H40 N2 OB

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

77496-23-2 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1phenyleneoxy]}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 77496-22-1 CMF C48 H36 N2 O7

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

77496-55-0 CAPLUS
Carbonic acid, 1.4-phenylene bis(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxyl]bis(benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 77496-52-7 CMF C24 H10 O12

77496-56-1 CAPLUS
Carbonic acid, 1,4-phenylene bis(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenylenebxy)|bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 77496-52-7 CMF C24 H10 O12

2 CH

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

PAGE 1-B

(Continued)

77496-58-3 CAPLUS
Carbonic acid, 1,4-phenylene bis(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)
ester, polymer with 4,4'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

PAGE 1-A

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

77496-57-2 CAPLUS
Carbonic acid, 1,4-phenylene bis(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 77496-52-7 CMF C24 H10 O12

2 CH

PAGE 1-A

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

PAGE 1-B

77496-59-4 CAPLUS
Carbonic acid, 1,4-phenylene bis(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofurany1)
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

77496-60-7 CAPLUS
Carbonic acid, 1,4-phenylene bis(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-5-isobenzofuranyl)
ester, polymer with 4,4'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 77496-52-7 CMF C24 H10 O12

CM 2

CRN 77496-24-3 CMF C54 H40 N2 08

L42 ANSWER 174 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Thermomech. spectroscopy is used to determine the durability of aromatic polyimides as a fraction of their mol. and supermol. structure. The method was also used to determine the activation energy of mech. degradation and the structure-sensitive coefficient of polyimides fibers in the temperature range significantly higher than the glass transition temperature ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:85531 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:85531 CAPLUS TITLE: Working capacity regions of poly(arylenimide) fibers AUTHOR(S): Prokopchuk, N. R.; Bronnikov, S. V.; Korzhavin, L. N.; Frenkel. S. Va.

Frenkel, S. Ya.
Inst. Fiz.-Org. Khim., Minsk, USSR
Vestsi Akademii Navuk BSSR, Seryya Khimichnykh Navuk
(1980), (6), 75-82
CODEN: VBSKAK; ISSN: 0002-3590
Journal
Russian

CORPORATE SOURCE:

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L42 ANSWER 173 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 175 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The polymers are prepared by the copolymn. of trimellitic acid anhydride
(I) (or the acid or acid chloride) or a mixture of I and isophthalic acid

(or the acid or acid chloride) or a mixture of I and isophthalic acid with

(4-(H2N)C6H4)20 (II) and (4-(3-(H2N)C6H40)C6H4)2SO2 (III), with

1,3-(4-(H2N)C6H40)2C6H4)2C0, or with 3 similar monomer mixts. The

copolymers are suitable for injection molding and have good heat
resistance. Thus, a copolymer (7529e-49-2) prepared from I 3.5,

II 2.28, and III 1.22 mol lost 1% of its weight at 412 in N and was
injection molded to prepare a molding with flexural strength 1050 kg/cm2,
flexural modulus 33,000 kg/cm2, Izod impact strength (1/4 in.) 15 kg

cmc/cm, and heat deformation temperature 228*.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1981:48259

TITLE:

TITLE:

TITLE:

TINVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

AVA, TOShihiko: Sasaqawa, Takashi; Kadoi, Sho

TORAY Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

Potent

LANGUAGE:

PATENT INFORMATION:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 17422	A1	19801015	EP 1980-300932	19800325
EP 17422	B1	19831130		
R: DE, FR, GB,	NL			
JP 55129421	A2	19801007	JP 1979-35503	19790328
US 4299945	Α	19811110	US 1980-133854	19800325
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1979-35503 A	19790328

76298-49-2F
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of moldable, heat-resistant)
76298-49-2 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with
4,4'-oxybis(benzenamine) and 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

$$\bigcup_{H_2N} \bigcap_{i=1}^n \bigcap_{i=1}^n \bigcap_{i=1}^n \bigcup_{i=1}^n \bigcap_{i=1}^n \bigcap_{i=$$

3

CRN 101-80-4 CMF C12 H12 N2 O

L42 ANSWER 176 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7

L42 ANSWER 176 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB A heat-resistant paste useful in photoforming high-d. hybrid and printed circuits consists of 21 heat-resistant photoresist selected from polyimides, polyamide-polyimides, and poly(amido acid), solvents for the above photoresists, and 21 elec. conductive particle additive selected from metals, metal oxides, metal nitrides, metal carbides, C,

B. Thus, a polyimide (prepared from 4,4'-di(m-aminophenoxy)diphenyl

r
and 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride) 100,
tetramethylolmethane tetraacrylate 30, and benzozoin iso-Pr ether 4 parts
were dissolved in N-methylpyrrolidone 430 and PhNe 70 parts, and a 1:1 Ag
(7000 Å)-Pd (0.5 \(\mu \)) mixture 550 parts was added to form a paste. The
paste was coated on a glass support, dried, imagewise exposed 5 min with

a 3-kW Hg lamp to form a predetd. pattern, washed with N-methylpyrrolidone, and baked 30 min at 150° to form an elec. conductive pattern (20 lines/mm resolution). The real stivity was 5 + 10-4 D-cm, and did not change much on heating. Adhesion to support was also satisfactory.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:577304 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1980:577304 CAPLUS

SOURCE: 177304 Heat-resistant pastes for photoforming electronic circuits
Ohmura, Kaoru, Watanabe, Takeshi; Kimura, Takeo
Asaĥi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
Jon. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JOCKAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent INFORMATION: 1

Japanese 1

Japanese 1

Japanese 1

JAPATENT INFORMATION: 1

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 55009539 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19800123

58883-56-0
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(photoresist compns. containing, heat-sensitive, for printed elec.

circuit fabrication)
58883-56-0 CAPUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

1.42 ANSMER 177 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The reactivity of analogs of O23(p-C6H4OC6H4NH2-p)2 (I) [13080-89-2] and the properties of polyimides based on these diamines are a function of their structure. The rate consts. of acylation of the diamines with 4,4'-carbonyldiphthalic anhydride [2421-28-5] were used to determine the effect of the oxyphenylene group on the reactivity of the NH2 group. The acylation rate consts. of 4,4'-sulfonyldianiline [80-08-0] and I were 0.0021 and 0.48 L/mol-s, resp. An effect of the screening character of the sulfonylphenylene fragment on the softening temperature and stress-strain properties of polyimides prepared from different tetracarboxylic acids was established.

established.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:

1980:532859 CAPLUS
93:132859
Polyimides with ether-sulfone groups in the amino component
Koton, M. M.; Svetlichnyi, V. M.; Kudryavtsev, V. V.; Smirnova, V. E.; Maricheva, T. A.; Aleksandrova, E. P.; Mironov, G. S.; Ustin AUTHOR (S):

A. CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1980), 22(5), 1058-62 CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475 Journal Russian

CODEN: VYSAGF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOCUMENT TYPE: JOURNAL
LANGUAGE: Russian

IT 13080-88-1
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(acylation of, by carbonyldiphthalic anhydride, kinetics of)

RN 13080-88-1 CAPIUS
CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

53938-96-8 53938-99-1 72356-18-4
74951-98-7
RL: USES (Uses)
(film, physicomech. properties of)
53938-96-8 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy}]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 177 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

53938-99-1 CAPLUS 1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

72356-18-4 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 177 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 177 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

74951-98-7 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-[1,3-phenylenebis(oxy)]bis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 18959-92-7 CMF C22 H10 O8

2 CM

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 178 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{AB}}$. The displacement of maximum in the large angle x-ray diffractograms of films

s and fibers from polyimides of the general formula I (m=1, 2, 3 and 4) used in measurement of the elasticity modulus (EC) of the crystal lattice on longitudinal extension of samples is related to the existence of crystallog, or mesomorphic modifications with different chain conformations in the polymer mol. The projection of the repeating unit

I on the texture axis (c') and Ec changed significantly on transition

from measurement of one reflex to another which was related to the crystallog.

modification of the sample on uniaxial extension. The low c' and Ec
values were related to chains with coiled conformations. The maximum
corresponding to different modifications overlapped due to a proximity of
c' values, and the c' and Ec values depended on the contribution of each
conformation to the intensity of a composite maximum
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:198938 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:198938
TITLE: Conformational polymorphism of aromatic polymindes
and

its effect on the x-ray measurements of elastic

moduli

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

of crystal lattices
Ginzburg, B. M.; Magdalev, E. T.; Volosatov, V. N.;
Tuichiev, Sh.
Tadzh. Gos. Univ., Dushanbe, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1980),
22(3), 520-5
CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475

COURM: VYSARF; ISSN: 0507-5475

JOURNET TYPE: JOURNET
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 33938-98-0 53938-99-1
RL: USES (Uses) (conformational polymorphism of crystalline, x-ray measurement of elastic

stic
moduli in relation to)
53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1M, 3M-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy])bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 179 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A polyimide solution was mixed with 5-2000 phr metal or metal oxide to
give a
composition with excellent heat resistance and adhesive properties.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 54149759	A2	19791124	JP 1978-58036	19780516
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1978~58036 A	19780516

S8883-56-0
RL: USES (Uses)
{elec. conductors, containing silver and palladium, heat-resistant)
58883-56-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 179 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

AB The relationship between chemical structure and thermooxidative stability of 16 oxyphenylene group-containing polyimides, e.g. I [25038-81-7], was examined by thermogravimetric anal. The thermal transformations of poly(amic acids) II (2 = p-C6H4 [72979-61-4] and m-C6H4 [9043-11-2]) to the corresponding polyimides were examined at 20-800° by thermogravimetric anal. DTA, and vacuum thermodegrdn. anal.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:147437 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:147437 Investigation of thermal and thermooxidative degradation of some polyimides containing oxyphenylene

oxyphenylene

oxyphenylene

groups in the main chain

AUTHOR(S):
Sazanov, Yu. N.; Florinskii, F. S.; Koton, M. M.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Inst. Macromol. Comp., Leningrad, USSR
SOURCE:
CODEN: EURJAG; ISSN: 0014-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE:
JOURNAL
LANGUAGE:
English
IT 53938-96-8 53938-97-9 53938-98-0
S1938-90-1
RL: PRP (Properties)
(thermal properties of)
RN 53938-96-8 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzoturandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSMER 180 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
RN 53938-98-0 CAPLUS
R1 H,3M-Benzo(1,2-c-4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebia(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bia[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

89-32-7 C10 H2 O6

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

œ 2

1823-59-2 C16 H6 O7

RN 53938-97-9 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

СМ

L42 ANSWER 180 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The flexibility is calculated theor. for chains of a large number of
polyimides
and several polyamic acids containing hinge atoms. High flexibility was
observed
for most of the polyimides. In an equivalent freely jointed chain, the
Kuhn
                        segment contained 5-6 linear bonds and the persistence length varied mainly in the range 10\text{-}20~\text{Å}. The dependence of persistence length on the number of hinge atoms was similar for the dianhydride and diamine fragments of the polymide. For the polyamic acids, the exptl. values
fragments of the polyimide. For the polyamic acids, the exptl. values for unperturbed dimensions of the mol. coils could be accounted for only by assuming a predominantly meta addition of the amide groups.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:147327 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:147327 Theoretical analysis of the flexibility of polyimides and polyamic acids

AUTHOR(S): Sirshtein, T. N.; Goryunov, A. N.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1979), 21(9), 1990-8
CODEN: VYSARF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 53363-77-2 53563-79-6 53938-99-1
72356-12-8 72356-13-9 72356-14-0
72356-12-8 72356-13-9 72356-14-0
72356-13-1 72356-16-2 72356-17-3
72356-18-4 72358-19-5
RI: USES (Uses) (persistence length and Kuhn fragment of, calcn. of)
RN 53563-77-2 CAPLUS
CN 5-18obenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI)
CX 1
                        CH 1
                        CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
                       СМ
                                         2
                        CRN 2770-49-2
CMF C24 H10 O10
  L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
                        CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
                                          2
                     53938-97-9 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenyleneba(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX
                     CM
                     CRN 53563-78-3
CMF C30 H24 N2 O4
                      CM
                                     2
```

L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 53563-79-4 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4 2 ᅄ CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10 53938-96-8 CAPLUS 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis(benzenamine)| (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME) CH 1 53563-78-3 C30 H24 N2 O4 CM 2 89-32-7 C10 H2 O6 53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

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L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
                                                           (Continued)
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2

72356-12-8 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,3-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CM

L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 2421-28-5 CMF C17 H6 O7 (Continued)

72356-15-1 CAPLUS
[5,5'-Biisobenzofuran}-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

72356-16-2 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,3-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
RN 72356-13-9 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenrofurandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA

CH 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

72356-14-0 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CM 2

L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

72356-17-3 CAPLUS
1,3-Isobenzofucandione, 5,5'-sulfonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

72356-18-4 CAPLUS

L42 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CN 1,3-1sobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy}]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CH.

72356-19-5 CAPLUS [5,5'-Bisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 2420-87-3 CMF C16 H6 O6

L42 ANSWER 182 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Heat-resistant and elec. conductive adhesives were prepared from 100
parts

s
m-phenylenediamine-trimellitic anhydride chloride copolymer (I)
[26678-20-6] or 4,4'-di(m-aminophenoxyldiphenyl ether-trimellitic
anhydride chloride copolymer [71665-74-2] and 5-2000 parts Ag,
Pd, or Ru oxide. Thus, I 100, N-methylpyrrolidone 240, AcNMe2 160, and

Ag

(700 Å) 400 parts were milled, printed on aluminum to form elec.
conductive lines, dried to give resistance <0.20/line, and heated at
400° for 1 h to give resistance <0.3 0.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
1980:130214 CAPPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
171TLE:
1000:130214 CAPPLUS
POlymmide imide compositions containing granules
Omura, Kaoru: Shibazaki, Tchiro: Kimura, Takeo
Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
Jon. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
CODEN: JKCKAF
Patent Information:
Japaneae
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
3
PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 54143462	A2	19791108	JP 1978-51214	19780428
JP 57026698	84	19820605		
US 4377652	A	19830322	US 1979-10290	19790208
GB 2016487	А	19790926	GB 1979-4632	19790209
GB 2016487	B2	19830223		
DE 2905857	A1	19790830	DE 1979-2905857	19790215
DE 2905857	C2	19860925		
NL 7901256	A	19790821	NL 1979-1256	19790216
NL 181739	В	19870518		
NL 181739	¢	19871016		
CA 1123981	A1	19820518	CA 1979-321623	19790216
CA 1143084	A2	19830315	CA 1981-384856	19810828
GB 2104084	A	19830302	GB 1982-10337	19820407
GB 2104084	B2	19830622		
GB 2103633	A	19830223	GB 1982-10524	19820408
GB 2103633	B2	19830713		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1978-16612 A	19780217
			JP 1978-51214 A	19780428
			JP 1978-61637 A	19780525
			JP 1978-62604 A	19780525
			JP 1978-62605 A	19780525
			JP 1978-88363 A	19780721
			JP 1978-88364 A	19780721
			JP 1978-88365 A	19780721
			JP 1978-88367 A	19780721
			JP 1978-89391 A	19780724

142 ANSWER 181 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42	ANSWER 182 OF	F 231 CAPLUS	COPYRIGHT	2005	ACS on	STN	(Continued)	
				JP	1978-89	392	A	19780724
				JP	1978-89	393	A	19780724
				JP	1978-90	933	A	19780727
				JP	1978-90	934	A	19780727
				GB	1979-46	32	A3	19790209
				CA	1979-32	1623	A3	19790216
IT	71865-74-2							
		nnical or engi						ve and

heat-resistant;
71865-74-2 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarbonyl chloride, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with
3,3'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis{benzenamine} (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 1204-28-0 CMF C9 H3 C1 O4

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 72659-51-9P 72659-51-9F (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and properties of) 72659-51-9 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis[4-(4-bromophenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 185 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Heat-resistant photoresist compns. contain: (1) 100 parts of ≥1 polymer selected from polyamide-acid, polyamide-amine, polyamide-acid-amine, poly mide-acid-amine, poly mide-acid-amine, polymide-acid-amine, polymide-acid-amine, polymide; polymide; (2) 0.1-100 parts of a compound having ≥2 ethylenically unsatd. bonds/mol.; and (3) > 0.01-20 parts of ≥1 photopolymm. initiator selected from carbonyl compds., peroxides, azo compds., S compds., and halides. The photoresists not only exhibit good heat resistance but also exhibit high sensitivity and good elec. insulating properties. Thus, m-phenylenediamine 3.1 and pyromellitic dianhydride

g were reacted in DMF, then tetramethylolmethane tetracrylate 0.9 and benzoin iso-Pr ether 0.3 g were added to the resultant polyamide acid solution to give a photoresist composition The hardened photoresist

solution to give a protucess compositions showed excellent heat resistance (\$350°).

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:50100 CAPIUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:50100

TITLE: 92:50100

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

COORTE: JKXXAF

Patent

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 54109828 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A2 19790828 JP 1978-16611 JP 1978-16611 19780217 A 19780217

58893-56-0 RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensitive compns. containing, heat-resistant)
58883-56-0 CRPLUS
1,3-Isoberosfurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

142 ANSWER 184 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The interpretation of high-pressure liquid chromatog, and gas chromatog./mass spectrometric data in order to identify organic compds.

in a

complex wastewater from a secialty chems. plant is illustrated.
5-Chloro-2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy)phenol [3380-34-5], a compound
manufactured in
the plant, and related precursors and byproducts were identified.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 980:64237 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:64237
TITLE: Identification of organic compounds in an industrial
waste water
AUTHOR(S): Hites, Ronald A.; Lopez-Avila, Viorica
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Public Environ. Aff., Indiana Univ.,
Bloomington, AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Bloomington,

IN, 47405, USA Analytical Chemistry (1979), 51(14), 1452A-1456A CODEN: ANCHAM; ISSN: 0003-2700 Journal English

DOCUMENT TYPE:

L42 ANSWER 185 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) L42 ANSWER 186 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

A photoresist material which is heat-resistant and has good insulating properties consists of (1) a photosensitive compound 0.01-20, (2) a

ound with ≥1 ethylenic unsatd. double bond 0-100, and (3) a polymer as I (R = H or cinnamoyl, acryloyl, or methacryloyl radicals; and Z = bivvalent Ph or C chain with bivalent Ph end members), II (R = the same as above; R1, R6 = NCO or urethane formed from NCO and cinnamyl alc., hydroxyalkyl methacrylate or acrylate, R2-R5 = H, C1-4 alkyl, or halogen; and Z1 = bivalent Ph, biphenyl, or 3-member chain with bivalent Ph end members),

III (R = same as above; R7, R10 = NCO or urethane formed from NCO and cinnamyl alc., or hydroxyalkyl methacrylate or acrylate; R8, R9 = H, C alkyl, or halogen; and Z2 = the same groups as Z1 and Z) 100 weight

alkyl, or heavyen.

alkyl,

solution after cooling to room temperature was stirred and a mixture of acetic anhydride 10

dride 10 and pyridine 4 mL added, the solution was stirred 2 h at 50° and cinnamoyl chloride 3.8 g and pyridine 2 mL were added, the solution was stirred 4 h at 50° and then added to a MeOH 250 and H20 500 mL solution, the precipitate was washed and dried, this precipitate 0.5 and N,N'-tetramethyl-,4'-diaminobenzophenone 0.01 g were dissolved in

ANSWER 186 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 186 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

N,N-dimethylacetamide 10.0 mL, and the soln. was coated on a glass
substrate and dried to give a photoresist 5-µ thick. This resist was
exposed with a 3W Hg lamp for 5 min through a mask and developed with
N,N-dimethylacetamide to give a photoresist pattern which on heating at
10'rmin in a NZ flow showed no wt. loss at ≤450° and
had a sp. resistivity of 2 + 10-16 G-cm.
ACCESSION NUMGER: 1997:602251 CAPPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:202251
ITITLE: Heat-resistant photoresist material
Ohmura, Kaoru; Shibasaki, Ichiro; Kimura, Takeo;
Kimura, Muneaki
Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: COLDEN: GMOXIX
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gerna
LANGUAGE: GERNA
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			APPLICATION NO.	
PATENT NO.	KIND	DAIL	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2849981	A1	19790523		
DE 2849981	C2	19870716	DE 1370 E043301	13,0111,
JP 54070820	P.2	19790607	JP 1977-137256	19771117
	B4	19851130	01 1577 157250	
JP 54088116	A2	19790713	JP 1977-155610	19771226
JP 59050049	R4	19841206		
JP 54089623		19790716	JP 1977-156687	19771227
JP 60023341		19850607		
		19790719	JP 1977-157481	19771228
JP 59050050		19841206		
GB 2008784	A	19790606	GB 1978-44576	19781115
GB 2008784	B2	19820415		
US 4180404	A	19791225	US 1978-961534	19781116
US 4208477	A	19800617	US 1978-961462	19781116
BE 872083	A1	19790517	BE 1978-191780	19781117
FR 2409535		19790615	FR 1978-32525	19781117
FR 2409535	B1	19830121		
US 4310641	A	19820112	US 1979-62800 US 1979-104050	19790801
US 4316974	A	19820223	US 1979-104050	19791217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1977-137256 A	19771117
			JP 1977-155610 A	19771226
			JP 1977-156687 A	19771227
			JP 1977-157481 A	19771228
			US 1978-961462 A	3 19781116
			US 1978-961534 A	3 19781116

71865-74-2D, cinnamate or acrylate group-modified

RE: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. containing, for photoresists) 71865-74-2 CAPLUS

5-Isobenzofurancarbonyl chloride, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 187 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Linear polyamideimides (39) are prepared by reacting compound I with m-phenylenediamine (II), 3,3'-diaminobiphenyl (III), II and III, 2,4-diaminotoluene, bis[4-(3-aminophenoxy)phenyl] ether, or similar compds. or by reacting a disocyanate, such as 3,3'-disocyanatobiphenyl or 4,4'-disocyanatodiphenylmethane, with a carboxy-terminated bisimide prepared from I (or trimellitic anhydride) and a diamine such as III or [4-(H2N)C5H4|2O. The polyamideimides have reduced viscosity 0.3-1.5

of g in 10 mL DMF, 30°), are soluble in polar organic solvents, are resistant to heat and water, have good adhesion to surfaces, and are useful for the manufacture of elec. insulators, supports for printed

circuits,
elec. conductors (e.g., containing Ag or Ru oxide), etc. Thus, a
solution of 100
parts I-II copolymer [26678-20-6] (reduced viscosity 0.5) in 240 parts
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone and 160 parts AcNMe2 was mixed with 400 parts
powdered Ag (70-µ particles), coated on a support, and dried to prepare

an elec. conducting layer which was stable at 400° for >1 h.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:594101 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:194101

ARTICles for electrical use and suitable compositions
INVENTOR(5): Ohmura, Kaoru; Shibasaki, Ichiro; Kimura, Takeo
Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: GFKXKBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): P

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

German 3

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

TENT	INFO	RMATION:				
P	ATENT	NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-						
D	E 290	5857	A1	19790830	DE 1979-2905857	19790215
D	E 290	5857	C2	19860925		
J	P 541	10266	A2	19790829	JP 1978-16612	19780217
J	P 541	43462	A2	19791108	JP 1978-51214	19780428
J	P 570	26698	B4	19820605		
J	P 541	53298	A2	19791203	JP 1978-61637	19780525
J	P 541	54080	A2	19791204	JP 1978-62604	19780525
J	P 550	16026	A2	19800204	JP 1978-88364	19780721
J	P 570	22162	B4	19820512		
J	P 550	15826	A2	19800204	JP 1978-88365	19780721
J	P 600	30353	B4	19850716		
j	P 550	15827	A2	19800204	JP 1978-88367	19780721
j	P 630	20707	84	19880428		
	P 550		A2	19800205	JP 1978-88363	19780721

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L42 ANSWER 187 OF 231 CAPLUS
JP 57022161 B4
JP 55015054 A2
JP 55015862 A2
JP 55016377 A2
JP 55016377 A2
JP 57026700 B4
JP 55018426 A2
JP 61059906 B4
DE 2953498 C2
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                         COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
19802512
19800204 JP 1978-89391
19800205 JP 1978-89393
19800205 JP 1978-89393
19800208 JP 1978-90934
19800208 JP 1978-90934
19861218
19880629 DE 1979-295346
JP 1978-16612
                                                                                                                  (Continued)
                                                                                                                           19780724
19780724
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19780727
                                                                                                                           19780727
                                                                                DE 1979-2953498
JP 1978-16612
                                                                                                                          19790215
19780217
                                                                                 JP 1978-51214
                                                                                                                     A 19780428
                                                                                                                     A 19780525
                                                                                 JP 1978-61637
                                                                                 JP 1978-62604
                                                                                                                     A 19780525
                                                                                 JP 1978-62605
                                                                                                                     A 19780525
                                                                                 JP 1978-88363
                                                                                                                          19780721
                                                                                 JP 1978-88364
                                                                                 JP 1978-88365
                                                                                 JP 1978-88367
                                                                                                                     A 19780721
                                                                                 JP 1978-89391
                                                                                                                     A 19780724
                                                                                 JP 1978-89392
                                                                                                                     A 19780724
                                                                                 JP 1978-89393
                                                                                                                     A 19780724
                                                                                 JP 1978-90933
                                                                                                                     A 19780727
                                                                                 JP 1978-90934
                                                                                                                     A 19780727
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IT

71865-74-2P 71866-02-9P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of soluble, for heat-resistant elec. apparatus)
71865-74-2 CAPLUS

/1005-/4-2 CAPLOS
5-Isobenzofurancarbonyl chloride, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM

CRN 58883-55-9 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

$$\mathsf{H}_{2}\mathsf{N}$$

CM 2

L42 ANSWER 187 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 187 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 1204-28-0 CMF C9 H3 C1 O4

71866-02-9 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, polymer with
[1,1'-biphenyl-3,3'-diamine and 1,1'-oxybis[4-(3isocyanatophenoxy)benzene) [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 32671-13-9 CMF C26 H16 N2 O5

CN 2

3 CM

CRN 552-30-7 CMF C9 H4 O5

L42 ANSWER 188 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Thermal stability of heat-resistant polymers is determined by their chemical structure and not by the supermol. structure of the sample. The correlation is examined between the temperature-dependence of the polymer strengths and heat resistance of oriented polymide fibers. The calculated values for a series of polyimides confirmed a correlation between the initial activation energy of degradation and thermal stability of the examined polymers.

1979:541993 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:141993

TITLE: Evaluation of heat resistance for heat resistant polymers

Polymers
Prokopchuk, N. R.
Inst. Fiz.-Org. Khim., Minsk, USSR
Doklady Akademii Nauk BSSR (1979), 23(8), 726-9
CODEN: DBLRAC; ISSN: 0002-354X
Journal
Russian AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

ANSWER 189 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
Polypyromellitimides having a rodlike mol. structure form fibers with 1
order of magnitude greater elasticity modulus than polymers with colled
conformations of mols. Acoustic spectroscopy was used to evaluate the
effect of chemical structure of the polypyromellitimides on elasticity degree of orientation of their fibers. The x-ray diffraction data confirmed a correlation between the degree of crystallinity and orientation of the examined polymers. Fibers prepared from highly crystalline polyimides had similar supramol. structure with a large number of the mols. mols.
in the ordered polymer regions.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:541992 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:141992

Elasticity of oriented poly(pyromellitimides)

Frenkel, S. Ya.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Use Number of Southern LANGUAGE: F IT 53938-98-0 53938-99-1 53938-98-0 53938-99-1
RL: USES (Uses)
(fibers, elasticity of oriented)
53938-98-0 CAPUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4 CH 2

L42 ANSWER 190 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

AB Processes occurring when samples of fibers of 7 polyamic acids and the resp. polypyromellitimides (I) [R = p-phenylene, p,p'-biphenylylene, p-terphenyl-4,4'-diyl, diphenylmethane-4,4'-diyl, benzophenone-4,4'-diyl, (p-C6H40)3C6H4-p, and fluorene-3,6-diyl) based on them are heated in

were investigated by mass spectrometric thermal anal. (MTA) over a wide temperature range. A combination of MTA methods with a comparative

mal anal of polyimides and model compds. allowed conclusions to be made concerning primary reactions responsible for thermal stability and initiation of degradation of a number of polyimide structures. The

temperature
dependence of the yield of primary volatile products formed during
imidization and the thermal degradation of the polyimides was divided

into 3

temperature ranges: (1) at 20-300°, imidization occurs accompanied by elimination of water and removal of solvent residues; (2) at 300-450°, degradation of defective structures in the polymer occurs, imidization is completed, and traces of solvent are removed; and (3) at 450-700°, degradation of the main initial polyimide structure occurs and a new structure is formed which is stable at ≤700°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979-422252 CAPJUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:22252

ITULE: Investigations of imidization of columns and columns.

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

91:22252
Investigations of imidization of polypyromellitamido acids and thermal degradation of polypyromellitimides by mass spectrometric thermal analysis Kabilov, Z. A.; Muinov, T. M.; Shibaev, L. A.; Sazanov, Yu. N.; Korzhavin, L. N.; Prokopchuk, N. R. Inst. Macromol. Compd., Leningrad, USSR Thermochimica Acta (1979), 28 (2), 333-47 CODEN: THACAS; ISSN: 0040-6031 AUTHOR (5): CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

English

53938-99-1

(fibers, imidization and thermal degradation of, mass spectrometric thermal

CM 1

L42 ANSWER 189 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benso(1,2-c:4,5-c'|difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4-'coxbis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 190 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 (Continued)

89-32-7 C10 H2 O6

mal anal. of)
53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L42 ANSWER 191 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The contributions of chemical structure and chain geometry to the
 AB The contributions of chemical structure and chean years, so that formation of ideal strength and elastic properties of 19 oriented polyarylenimide (PAI) fibers are examined and these properties are compared with actual elasticity moduli. All PAI had practically the same supramol. structure, indicating that the elastic properties of the oriented fibers depend mainly on the elastic properties of the chain itself. A general model for
                           supramol. organizations in PAI can be proposed as a weakly crosslinked (phys.) network of extended chains with parallel-layer packing along the orientation axis and statistical distribution of ordered regions of
orientation axis and statistical distribution of ordered regions of ahort-
and long-range order (amorphous and axial texture, resp.). The interaction of neighboring chains (strong polar interactions and hindered rotation) also leads to a high degree of cooperative thermal motion in polyimide systems, which explains the invariance of configurational entropy over the interval -200° to +400° and the retention of the same tensile strength.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:153345 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:153345 CAPLUS
TITLE: Elastic properties of oriented polyarylenimides Sidorovich, A. V.: Korzhavin, L. N.: Prokopchuk, N. R.: Baklagina, Yu. G.: Frenkel, S. Ya.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Seedin. Leningrad, USSR
Mekhanika Polimerov (1978), (6), 970-6
CODEN. MKPLA6; ISSN: 0025-8865

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Journal

AUSSION-SEED MERCE STRUCT (1978) (1978) (2078)
CODEN: MKPLA6; ISSN: 0025-8865

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
IT 53938-98-0 S3938-99-1
RL: USES (Uses)
{fibers, elasticity of, morphol. effect on}
RN 53938-99-0 CAPLUS
CN 1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                         CH 1
                       CRN 53563-78-3
CMF C30 H24 N2 O4
                                              2
                          CM
                          CRN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 O6
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53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CHF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 191 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

L42 ANSWER 192 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Nonflammable, soluble, and injection-moldable polyamides of I units (R1, R2 =alkyl, halogen; n,m = 1-4, 21 = SO2, S, O; Z2 = 10-90:90-10
3-C6H4/4-C6H4)
were prepared For example, 864 g bis[4-(4-aminophenoxy)phenyl) sulfone dispersed in a solution of 80 g NaOH in 3 L water and stirred with a solution of 203 g 3-C6H4(COC1)2 and 203 g 4-C6H4(COC1)2 in 10 L cyclohexanone for 3 h to give polyamide [69255-36-3] with reduced viacosity 0.68 dL/g (DMF, 30°), softening temperature 280°, injection-modding temperature 350°, tensile strength 860 kg/cm2, elongation 131, Young's modulus 2.21 + 104 kg/cm2, and heat-distortion temperature (18.6 kg/cm2) 190°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:104612 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:104612 Manufacture of nonflammable polyamides Nanaumi, Ken: Shoji, Pusaji: Era, Susumu Hitachi, Ltd., Japan Jon. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JUXXAF dispersed in a solution of $80\ g$ NaOH in 3 L water and stirred with a 1979:104612 CAPLUS
90:104612
Manufacture of nonflammable polyamides
Nanaumi, Ken: Shoji, Fusaji; Era, Susumu
Hitachi, Ltd., Japan
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
Patent
Japanese
1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 53104695 JP 59016567 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19780912 19840416 JP 1977-18674 19770224 JP 1977-18674 A 19770224

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 192 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2

CRN 99-63-8 CMF C8 H4 C12 O2

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L42 ANSWER 193 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Polyimides are classified with respect to a decrease in rigidity of the mol. chain and crystal lattice into 3 groups; polymers with rodlike chain conformations, polymers with a joint atom or group introduced into the dianhydride component, and those having an atom or group in the diamine or in both diamine and dianhydride components. The elastic moduli of the crystal lattice of the polymindes are compared with those of the fibers. Polyimides are also classified with respect to the chemical structure of their repeating units. In each group the polymindes were classified according to the conformational similarity of mols. in the crystal lattice, similar elastic moduli of the crystal lattice along the axis of the polymer mols., and rigidity of individual macromols.

ACCESSION NUNGER: 90:40043 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUNGER: 99:40043 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUNGER: 99:40043 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUNGER: 99:40043 CAPLUS
SOURCE: Frenkel, S. Ya.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
MICHARITYPE: COEDI: MMPLAG: ISSN: 0023-8865
JOURNAL TYPE: COEDI: MMPLAG: ISSN: 0023-8865
JOURNAL TYPE: AUSSIAN
IT S3938-98-0 S3938-99-1
RL: PRP (Properties)
(chain conformation and crystal lattice elasticity of, mech.
properties
in relation to)
RN 53938-98-0 CAPLUS
CN 1H, 3H-Bento(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-(1,4-phenylenebia(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis|benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 2
CNN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 06
```

L42 ANSWER 194 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB X-ray investigation of 5 polyimides and 5 poly(ester imides) revealed the high thermal stability of their crystalline lattice and permitted determination of their morphization temps. The absence of amorphous halos and the presence of 1- and 2-dimensional diffraction marked the texture x-ray diagrams. The crystal morphol. of the investigated samples was predominantly of the packet type. Formation of the latter with bending and radial distortions was caused by preliminary ordering of the polyamic acids. High heat stability was ascribed to strong intermol interaction of macromol chains.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:23891 CAPLUS

TITLE: Thermal stability and characteristics of the phase state of crystalline polyimides and poly(ester imides)

AUTHOR(S): Lavrent'ev, V. K.; Sidorovich, A. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1978), 20(11), 2465-72

CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Aussian

IT 31363-77-2 53563-79-4 53938-98-0

S1938-99-1

RI: PRP (Properties)

(amorphization and crystallization temperature and morphol. of)

NS 3563-77-2 CAPLUS

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1

CHF C24 H20 N2 O3

CH 2

CRN 2770-49-2

CRF C24 H10 010

ANSWER 193 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

RN 53938-99-1 CAPLUS
CN 1H, 3H-Benzo[1, 2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-loxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1

OHF C24 H20 N2 03

g mic on

RN 53563-79-4 CAPLUS
CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CRN 53563-78-3

CNF C30 H24 N2 O4

NH2

NH2

NH2

L42 ANSWER 194 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 53938-98-0 CAPLUS
CN 1H, 3H-Benzo(1, 2-c:4, 5-c'|difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
4, 4'-[1, 4-phenylenebis(oxy-4, 1-phenyleneoxy])bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

53938-99-1 CAPLUS 1H.3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2 CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 195 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB The average orientation factor of polymer chains (fav), the orientation factor
of crystallites (fcr), degree of crystallinity (K), tensile
strength, elasticity modulus, and elongation at break were determined
for 13
polytmids (first account)

polyimide fibers prepared under the same conditions from pyromellitic dianhydride and various aromatic diamines (2). In all cases fav cfcr and κ <<1004 indicating the presence of regions with different degrees of ordering. In contrast to polyimides with rigid chains (A: Z = p-C6H4, p-C6H4C6H4-p, etc.) for which fav = apprx.fcr = 0.86-0.97, polyimides with flexible chains (B: Z = (p-C6H4)20, (p-C6H40)2C6H4-p, etc.) had fav

were 5-10 times higher than those of B, and apprx.20 times higher than those of C.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:7437 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:7437
TITLE: Orientation and mechanical properties of poly(pyromellitimides)

AUTHOR(S): Goryainov, G. I.; Kol'tsov, A. I.; Korzhavin, L. N.;
Prokopchuk, N. R.; Baklagina, Yu. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin. Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie Soobshcheniya (1978), 20(9), 689-91
CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal IANGUAGE: Russian
IT 53938-98-0 53938-99-1

RL: USES (Uses)
(fiber, mech. properties and orientation of)
RN 53938-98-0 CAPLUS

N1 H3-Benzo[1, 2-c:4, 5-c'|difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with 4, 4'-[1, 4-phenylenebis(oxy-4, 1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

Page 226

L42 ANSWER 195 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] [9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

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ANSWER 196 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Mass spectrometry was used to follow the cyclization (inide formation) of 9 polyamic acids in fiber form, the thermal degradation of the polyimides formed, and, for some polyimides, a third volatilization process at >700°. The cyclization occurred at 50-300°. The molar water ratios in the cyclizations were not the same for the various polyimides, indicating that different degrees of imidization had occurred.

Most of the thermal destruction of the imide cycles occurred at 450-600°. Activation energies and preexponential consts. of thermal degradation of the polyimides were determined from the mass spectrometry data.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:598200 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:198200 TITLE: Hass-spectrometry in investigation of the thermodegradation process of polyimides
                                                                                                                                                  1978:598200 CAPLUS
89:198200 Mass-spectrometry in investigation of the
thermodegradation process of polyimides
Kabilov, Z. A.; Muinov, T. M.; Marupov, R.; Sazanov,
Yu. N.; Shibaev, L. A.
S. U. Umarov Phys.-Tech. Inst., Dusharboe, USSR
Proc. Conf. Appl. Chem., Unit Oper. Processes, 3rd
(1977), 23-9. Magy. Kem. Egyesulete: Budapest, Hung.
CODEN: 38VGAI
Conference
English
  AUTHOR (S):
  CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
 CODEN: 38VGAI

CONference
LANGUAGE: English

IT 53938-99-1
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(cyclization of, by heat, mass spectrometry in relation to)
RN 53938-99-1 CAPUUS
RN 348-8enzo[1,2-c-4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                              CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
                                                      2
                              CM
                                CRN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 O6
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L42 ANSWER 197 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB An equation was derived describing the temperature and time dependence
of the
elasticity modulus (E) valid for cases of deformation governed by a

dependence
of E is a direct function of the configuration and the conformation of
macromois.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:510757 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:110757
TITLE: 89:energible of the elastic modulus of

89:11075/ Temperature dependence of the elastic modulus of oriented polyarylenimides Prokopchuk, N. R.; Vettegren, V. I.; Korzhavin, L. AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Frenkel, S. Ya.
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie
Soobshcheniya (1978), 20(5), 388-92
CODEN: VYSBAI: ISSN: 0507-5483
Journal

CODEN: VYSBAI: ISSN: 050/-5403

JOURNAL TYPE: JOURNAL

LANGUAGE: RUSSIAN

IT 53938-98-0 S3938-99-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(elasticity modulus of, temperature effect on)

RN 53938-98-0 CAPAUS

CN 1H, 3H-Benzo(1, 2-c:4, 5-c')difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with

4, 4'-(1, 4-phenylenebis(oxy-4, 1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2 CRN 89+32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6 L42 ANSWER 197 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 53938-99-1 CAPLUS
14, 3H-Benze[1, 2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 2 CM CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

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L42 ANSWER 198 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The elongation-temperature curves of 6 polyanic acids and the corresponding polyimides consisted of 3 segments corresponding, according to the IR and x-ray diffraction data, to imidization (contraction, <200-10'), intramol. ordering (elongation, 200-10' to 380-400') and the appearance of considerable mobility in the highly elastic state (contraction, 380-400' to 540-60'). The presence of the highly elastic state in the investigated polyimides was confirmed by the effect of temperature on stress at different strain values.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 9976:460124 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:60124

TITLE: Highly elastic state of aromatic polyimides AUTHON(5): Sidorovich, A. V.: Efanova, N. V.: Nikhailova, N. V. CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR (1978), 238(5), 1120-3 (Chem.)

CODDENT TYPE: JOHNANS; ISSN: 0002-3264

DOCUMENT TYPE: JOHNANS; Number 1 STSN: 0002-3264
    JOURNAL TIPE JOURNAL JULIANA JOURNAL JULIANA J
                                                   CRN 53563-78-3
CMF C30 H24 N2 O4
                                                                                          2
                                                   CM
                                                      CRN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 O6
                                                   53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H,3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
    L42 ANSWER 199 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB A quasi-crystalline structure for 14 polyimides and poly(ester imides)
in both
the initial amorphous stage and after imidization was shown, which is
characterized by a biaxial polarizability ellipsoid with a neg. sign.
                                                 effect of the number of oxyphenylene groups on the crystallizability of
                                                 polymers was investigated. For poly(ester imides), the effect of self-orientation of the mols. induced by conformational transition was observed Discrete small angle x-ray pattern was shown for poly(ester imides). The appearance of long periods is caused by polymorphism.
                                                 scattering data confirmed by calcns. of the lattice energy show that the pyromellitimide chain portion determines the crystalline structure of the polyimide. The structure is determined by van der Waal's forces and s the
polyimide. The structure is determined by van der Waal's forces and obeys the principle of dense packing. This leads to the appearance of layer structure with alternating layers of diamine and dianhyride portions. Depending on the rigidity of the diamine portion, the polyimide and polyeester imide show different abilities to form axial-planar or axial textures in nonoriented films.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:191882 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:191882
TITLE: Peculiarities of supermolecular structure of polyimides and polyesterimides
Siddrovich, A. V.; Baklagine, Yu. G.; Kenarov, A. V.; Nadezhin, Yu. S.; Adrova, N. A.; Florinsky, F. S.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Compd., Leningrad, USSR
SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Polymer Symposia (1977), 38(orient. Eff. Solid Polym.), 359-67
COEDE: JPYCAQ: ISSN: 0449-2594
JOURNAL JOURNAL SOURCE: JOURNAL SERIES JOURNAL S
  CODEN: JPYCAQ; ISSN: 0449-2994

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 53563-77-2 53563-79-4 53938-98-0
53938-99-1
RL: PRP (Properties)
(supermol. structure of)
RN 53563-77-2 CAPLUS
CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)
                                                 СM
                                                                                 1
                                                 CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
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L42 ANSWER 198 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 2 CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6 L42 ANSWER 199 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10 53563-79-4 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME) 1 CM CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4 2 CM CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with

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L42 ANSWER 199 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
4,4'-(1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3

CNF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7

CNF C10 H2 O6

RN 51938-99-1 CAPLUS

CN 11,3H-Benze(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 1

CN 10080-88-1

CNF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CNN 89-32-7

CNF C10 H2 O6
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L42 ANSWER 200 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The activation energy of mech. failure was selected as a measure of the strength of polymers and its values were determined for 17 aromatic polymindes of different structure. Polymindes of quasihelical conformation closely approaching rod-like geometry, e.g. 1,7-fluorenediamine-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer [33775-20-1], had the highest activation energy. ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:133139 CAPLUS

ACCUMENT NUMBER: 1976:133139 CAPLUS

BOUCHMENT NUMBER: 1976:133139 CAPLUS

AUTHOR(S): Relation of chemical structure with activation energy of the failure process of oriented polyarylenimides of the failure process of oriented polyarylenimides (SCORCE: S., Zhukova, T. I., Dubnova, A. M.; Frenkel, S., Ya. 1978.

SOURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin. Leningrad, USSR Vysokomol. Soedin. Leningrad, USSR SOODShcheniya (1978), 20(2), 136-9

CODENT TYPE: Journal Journal Journal Journal Journal Journal Journal Journal (STAN) (STAN

Page 229

L42 ANSWER 199 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) L42 ANSWER 200 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

H₂N NH₂

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

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AB Glass-transition temps. were calculated and melting temps. (Tm) were calculated and determined exptl. for 8 polyimides of different structure. The higher Tm were associated with rodlike polyimides p-phenylenediamine-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer [25038-82-8] [Tm(calculated) = 1300 K] and henzidine-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer [25668-07-9] [Tm(calculated) = 1130 K, Tm(exptl.) = 1100 K]. The Tm of polyimides is determined by the entropy of melting, and mobility of the rings constitutes the main contribution to the latter.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 137081 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137081 TAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137081 TITLE: Transition temperatures of aromatic polyimides and physical principles of their chemical classification Bessnow, M. I.; Kusnetsow, N. P.; Koton, M. M. CODEN VYSAKP; ISSN: 0507-5475
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 53938-99-1
RL: USES (USES)
   CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475

DOCUMENT TYPE: JOURNAL
LANGUAGE: Russian

T 59938-99-1

RL: USES (Uses) (Jeas-transition temperature and m.p. of, calcn. of)

RN 53938-99-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H.3H-Benzo[1, 2-c4, 5-c-1]difuran-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]|bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
                                         Сн 1
                                         CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
```

ANSWER 202 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Polyurea resins containing polyphenylene ether blocks were melt stable at 2400°, and were flexible, transparent, and processable, and had low flammability, and were useful as molding compns. and powder coatings. Thus, p,p'-bis(4-aminophenoxy)diphenylether! (I) [13080-88-1] was prepared by treating oxydiphenol [30496-84-5] with p-chloronitrobenzene [100-00-5] in the presence of NaOH and Cu powder to give p,p'-bis(4-nitrophenoxy) di-Ph ether [51532-22-4] which was reduced to I with Sn in concentrated HCl. I (3.8 g) and 1.74 g TDI 100 was reduced to I with Sn in concentrated RCI. I (3.8 g) and 1.74 g TDI
in 100

mL DMF were stirred 8 h at room temperature to give a tan copolymer [
65916-30-5] having inherent viscosity 0.52 dl/g (1% in DMF) and
m.p. 290-303*. Thermogravimetric anal. showed a weight loss of 5% in
air at 360*. The copolymer was melt extruded at <340* and
compression molded into a film at 280* at 15,000 psi.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
BOCUMENT NUMBER:
BS:122122 CAPLUS
BOCUMENT NUMBER:
BS:122122
High temperature polyurea resins
Stackman, Robert W.; Concistori, Anthony B.
Celanese Corp., USA
U.S., 4 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. US 1976-713723 CA 1977-283140 NL 1977-8269 JP 1977-89882 19760812 19770720 19770726 19770728

US 4064107
CA 1107440
NL 7709269
JP 53022593
JP 60052169
DE 2734200
GB 1591325
FR 2361443
BE 857744
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19771220 19810818 19780214 19780314 19780316 19851118 19780216 19810617 19780310 19780213 DE 1977-2734200 GB 1977-32546 FR 1977-24532 BE 1977-180129 US 1976-713723 19770729 19770803 19770809 19770812 19760812

2 CM

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

65718-72-1 65916-30-5
RL: USES (Uses)
(block, heat-resistant, soluble)
65718-72-1 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis{4,1-phenyleneoxy]}bis-, polymer with
1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanatobenzene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 Q3

Page 230

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CM 2
 CRN 101-68-8
CMF C15 H10 N2 O2
 65916-30-5 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis-, polymer with
1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 CRN 26471-62-5
CMF C9 H6 N2 O2
CCI IDS
               NCO
D1-Me
      2
 CRN 13080-88-1
CMF C24 H20 N2 O3
13080-88-1P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
13080-88-1 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

L42 ANSWER 202 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

L42 ANSWER 202 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 203 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybie(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bia[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

LA2 ANSWER 203 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ALS on STN

AB Strength and elastic properties of poly(heteroaryleneimines) are
determined by
the degree of coiling of the polymer chains in condensed state which in
turn depends on the packing d. and intermol. interaction of the adjacent
chains. Conformation parameter which is a measure of the coiling of the
polymer chain and which considers the configurational polydispersity of
the macromol. is used for prediction of the mech. properties of
poly(heteroaryleneimides) in a broad temperature range. Thermomech.

properties
of polyimide fibers of different chemical structure were given.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
1978:106646 CAPLUS
COUCUMENT NUMBER:
1978:106646 CAPLUS
88:106646
COFFELATION OF the configuration of chains, structure
and thermomechanical properties of fibers of some
poly(heteroarylenimides)
Korrahavin, L. N.; Baklagina, Yu. G.; Sidorovich, A.
V.; Birshtein, T. M.; Koton, M. M.

Inst. Macromol. Compd., Leningrad, USSR
Prepr. - Mezhdunar. Simp. Khim. Voloknam, 2nd (1977),
Volume 1, 117-25. Program. Kom. Mezhdunar. Simp.
Khim. Voloknam: Kalinin, USSR.
CODE: 37KQAK
CONTERNOR OF SUSSE (USES)

RL: USES (USES)

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

. CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

ANSWER 204 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Quasicryst. structure was detected by polarization microscopy in films of crystallizing and noncrystg. polyamic acids, polyether-polyamic acids, polyester-polyamic acids, and polyamide-polyimides cast from DMF solns. and subjected to thermal treatment. The birefringence of the samples exceeded that of other polymers by 1 order of magnitude, and it increased with increasing temperature Calorimetric determination indicated the absence of pronounced heat effects during crystallization of samples with quasicryst.

Structure.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:23545 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:23545

TITLE: Quasicrystalline state of aromatic heterocyclic polymers with imide rings

1978:23545 CAPLUS 88:23545 Quasicrystalline state of aromatic heterocyclic polymers with imide rings Sidorovich, A. V.; Kenarov, A. V.; Strunnikov, A.

AUTHOR(S): Yu.;

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

53563-79-4 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis(benzenamine) (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CM

L42 ANSWER 206 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB The small- and large-angle X-ray diffraction was used for determination of the

supermol. structure of unoriented aromatic polyimide films. The

supermoi. structure of unoriented aromatic polyimide films. The large-angle
X-ray diffraction confirmed an amorphous structure of the polymers on heating. The intensity of diffraction increased and the reflexes shifted to the direction of small angles on increasing the temperature of the polyimides, and the effect was not related to the order of reflexes of the

the periodically repeating monomer units.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:536552 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:136552

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

87:136552
Supramolecular structure of unoriented polyarimides
Efanova, N. V.; Sidorovich, A. V.
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie
Soobahcheniya (1977), 19(8), 611-12
CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
Journal

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

UAGE: Russian
53938-99-1
RL: USES (Uses)
(film, morphol. of, X-ray diffraction in relation to)
53938-99-1 CAPIUS
1H, 3H-Benl CAPIUS
1H, 3H-Benl CAPIUS
4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

СМ 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 205 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Spectroscopy (IR) indicated that the effect of strength of polyimide
macromols. incorporating complex disnlydride fragments in alternating
chain units exceeds that of flexible macromols. by 1.5-2 times, indicating

indicating
considerable reserve strength in the former.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:552641 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 87:152641
The strength of polyimide macromolecules
AUTHOR(5): Vettegren, V. I.; Prokopchuk, N. R.; Korchavin, L.

Frenkel, S. Ya.; Koton, M. M.; Fridlyand, K. Yu. A. F. Ioffe Phys. Tech. Inst., Leningrad, USSR Faserforschung und Textiltechnik (1977), 28(7), 335-8 CODEN: FSTXA7; ISSN: 0014-8628 CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 53938-99-1

SBV3B-99-1

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)

(strength determination of, by IR spectroscopy)

538-99-1 CAPLUS

1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 207 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The process of orientation and crystallization was studied for the poly(ester-imides) I (k = 3, 4) by IR, dilatometry, and x-ray anal. The self-orientation effect on heating I films was not caused by the presence of solvent, rather by a conformational transition in the macromola. The appearance of axial texture during the crystallization of the nonoriented poly(ester- imide) films led to decreased intensity of the imide absorption band. This can be used as a qual indication of the degree of imidization.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

87:40127 CAPLUS

SOUCHMENT NUMBER:

57:40127 CAPLUS

STUDY CAPLUS

SUM of the phase-aggregate state and structure of some poly(eater imides)

1977:440127 CAPLUS
87:40127 CAPLUS
87:40127
Study of the phase-aggregate state and structure of some poly(ester imides)
Mikhailova, N. V.; Nikitin, V. N.; Sidorovich, A. V.;
Adrova, N. A.; Baklagina, Yu. G.; Dubnova, A. M.;
Efanova, N. V.
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1977),
19(5), 1030-6
CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475
JOURNAI
RUSSIAN
4 AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

53563-79-4 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis|benzenamine| (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

L42 ANSWER 208 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Thermal stability of oriented polypyromellitimide fibers differing in the structure of the chain fragment is determined under the conditions of thermal and oxidative thermal degradation using a simultaneous and mass-spectrometric annel. Pyromellitic dianhydride-terphenyldiamine copolymer [55879-29-3], 4.4'-(m-phenylenedioxy)[dianiline-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer [43198-23-8] and benridine-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer [2568-07-9] had a high degradation temperature and a high stability at temperature 3400' in air and Me. The temperature characteristics of the examined fibers depended on the gas in which the thermal anal. was performed. Thermal stability of

on the
gas in which the thermal anal, was performed. Thermal stability of
examined
fibers was higher in air and He than in vacuum as the medium. The
highest
effect of the gaseous medium was observed in calcus. of the activation

energy
of oxidative thermal degradation of oriented fibers, which was higher in

air
than in He and vacuum.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:156878 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:156878
TITLE: Thermal and oxidative thermal degradation of polyimide

AUTHOR (S):

fibers
Sekei, T.; Koton, M. M.; Sazanov, Yu. N.; Prokopchuk,
N. R.; Korzhavin, L. N.
USSR
Khimicheskie Volokna (1977), (1), 25-7
CODEN: KVLKA4; ISSN: 0023-1118
Russian

CORPORATE SOURCE:

CODEN: KVLKA4: ISSN: 0023-1118

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian

IT 53938-98-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(fiber, thermal and oxidative thermal degradation of, reaction medium effect on)

RN 53938-98-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H, 3H-Benzo(1,2-c:4,5-c')difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-(1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy))bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

Page 233

L42 ANSWER 208 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 209 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB P-Ph(OC6H4)nBr (n = 2, 3) were prepared by treating p-RC6H4OK (R = H, PhO)

PhO)
with excess (p-Brc6H4)20 at 200-10° in the presence of powdered Cu.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:155306 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:155306
AUTHOR(S): Synthesis of p-bromopoly(phenylene oxides)
AUTHOR(S): Sinitsin, V. V.: Bulatov, M. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Deposited Doc. (1973), VINITI 6906-73, 9 pp. Avail:
BLLD
DOCUMENT TYPE: Report
LANGUAGE: Russian
TT 41318-74-5P

L42 ANSWER 210 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

RN 62174-26-9 CAPLUS
CN
Poly(oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,4phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

62174-28-1 CAPLUS
Poly (oxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1, 4-phenylenecarbonylimino-1, 4-phenylene) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 210 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AB Polyamides containing in the main chain p-oxyphenylene groups of different

lengths are prepared from terephthaloyl and isophthaloyl chlorides and

the corresponding diamines and their thermal stability does not change with increasing number of the oxyphenylene groups, and is generally higher for polyterephthalamides than for polyisophthalamides. Polyamides were prepared by low temperature-polymerization in AcNte2. Polyisophthalamides were soluble in amide solvents and polyterephthalamides only in H2SO4. An increase in the number of oxyphenylene groups in polyterephthalamides increased their solubility ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:107079 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:107079
TITLE: Synthesis and study of polyamides with different numbers of p-oxyphenylene groups in the main chain AUTHOR(S): Dubnova, A. M.; Koton, M. M.; Nekrasova, E. M. CORPORATE SURCE: Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin. Leningrad, USSR SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniye, Seriya B: Kratkie Soobshcheniya (1977), 19(1), 39-40
CODEN: VYSAAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
JOURNALD DOCUMENT TYPE: JOURNALD SOURCE: Soobshcheniya (1977), 19(1), 39-40
CODEN: VYSAAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
JOURNALD SOURCE: SOURCE: Soobshcheniya (1977), 19(1), 39-40
CODEN: VYSAAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
JOURNALD SOURCE: SOURCE: SOOBShcheniya (1977), 19(1), 39-40
CODEN: VYSAAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
CODEN: VYSAAI;

RN 26913-01-9 CAPLUS
CN
Poly(oxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

L42 ANSWER 210 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-E

62174-29-2 CAPLUS
Poly (oxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenyleneoxy-1, 4-phenylene)
(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

62174-33-8 CAPLUS 1,4-Benzenedicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 210 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

CRN 100-20-9 CMF C8 H4 C12 O2

RN 62174-34-9 CAPLUS
CN 1,4-Benzenedicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

CM 2

CRN 100-20-9 CMF C8 H4 C12 O2

L42 ANSWER 210 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

CM 2

CRN 99-63-8 CMF C8 H4 C12 O2

L42 ANSWER 210 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

62174-36-1 CAPLUS
1,3-Benzenedicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis{benzenamine} (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

CRN 99-63-8 CMF C8 H4 C12 O2

RN 62174-37-2 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Benzenedicarbonyl dichloride, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy4,1-phenyleneoxy)|bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L42 ANSWER 211 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Styrene-containing phenylene oxides (I, n = 2,3), proposed as monomers for

AS Styrene-containing pinenylene oxides (1, n = 2,3), proposed as monomers for heat-resistant polymers, were prepared by catalytic dehydration of the corresponding carbinols. The carbinols were obtained via Grignard treatment of the p-bromophenylene oxides. The formation of dimeric byproducts was minimized by treating the carbinols in Ar at low temps. The I were white crystalline products and soluble in organic solvents. ACCESSION NUMBER: 197:107062 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:107062
TITLE: Synthesis of p-vinylpoly(phenylene oxides)
AUTHOR(5): Sinitsyn, V. V.; Bulatov, N. A.; Sinitsyna, T. A.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sinitsyn, V. V.; Bulatov, N. A.; Sinitsyna, T. A.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Report
LANGUAGE: Russian
T4 41318-74-5

BLLD
DOCUMENT TYPE: Report
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 41310-74-5
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(Grignard reaction of, in preparation of methylcarbinols)
RN 41318-74-5 CAPLUS
CN Benzene, 1-(4-bromophenoxy)-4-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 212 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Parameters of the unit cell, elasticity modulus of crystal lattice along
the chain axis and the force required for 1% elongation of mols. are
determined for various polyimides, and data of large-angle x-ray diffraction agree well with published data.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:73267 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:73267 TITLE: polyimides Moduli of elasticity of crystal lattices of and elasticity of polyimide chains Ginzburg, B. M.; Magdalev, E. T.; Volosatov, V. N.; Prokopchuk, N. R.; Frenkel, S. Ya. Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie Soobshchenjya (1976), 18(12), 918-22 CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483 AUTHOR (5): CORPORATE SOURCE: CH 1 CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

89-32-7 C10 H2 O6

2 СН

L42 ANSWER 213 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybie(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

2

L42 ANSWER 213 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Mech. and thermomech. properties of polypyrromellitinide fibers are
significantly improved by the selection of optimum chain configuration and the corresponding processing conditions. Chemical structure of the units, macromol. configuration, conformational order, packing d., and supermol. structure affect the thermomech. properties of oriented polyimide fibers containing pyromellitic dianhydride and various ines.
All examined polyimides had approx. the same activation energy of thermal degradation. The number of oxyphenylene groups in the diamine component. of the
crystalline polyimides affected the thermomech, properties of the fibers
significantly. Polyimides with extended conformation of the chain and an
ordered structure give fibers with high mech, strength and thermal
stability.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:56619 CAPLUS 1977:56619 CAPLUS
86:56619
Thermomechanical properties of polypyromellitimide
fibers
Prokopchuk, N. R.; Bessonov, M. I.; Korzhavin, L. N.;
Baklagina, Yu. G.; Kuznetsov, N. P.; Frenkel, S. Ya.
USSR
Khimicheskie Volokna (1976), (6), 44-8
CODEN: KVLKA4; ISSN: 0023-1118
JOURNAI
RUSSIAN DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

CODEN: KVLKA4; ISSN: 0023-1118

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
IANIGUAGE: Russian
IT 53938-98-0 53938-99-1
RI: USES (Uses)
(fibers, thermomech. properties of)
RN 53938-98-0 CAPLUS
CN 1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

CM

L42 ANSWER 214 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Strength of the ideal crystalline polymer lattice was determined from the shift in

the IR frequencies of macromols. subjected to tensile stress, and the limiting values of the former (Ef) were compared with the tensile strength (of) of the corresponding samples. The investigated compds. included polypyromellitimides, polyamides (e.g., polycaprolactam {25038-54-41}, and flexible-chain polymers (e.g., polyacrylonitrile {25014-41-91}. Polyamides, flexible-chain polymers, and simple polypyromellitimides [e.g., 4,4'-oxybisaniline-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer (I) {25039-81-71} had similar Ef ranging from 800 to 2000 kg/mm2. Higher Ef (s4000 kg/mm2) were observed in complex polypyromellitimides [e.g., hydroquinone-4,4'-(p-phenylenedioxy)bisaniline-trimellitic acid copolymer (II) [6188-51-5]]. The Ef were 7-94 times higher than the corresponding of.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:55795 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1977:55795 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 35.5595
THEE: Strength of macromolecules of poly(heteroarylenes) containing imide rings in the main chain
AUTHOR(S): Vettegren, V. I.; Prokopchuk, N. R.; Korzhavin, L.

Frenkel, S. Ya.; Koton, M. M. Fiz.-Tekh. Inst. im. Ioffe, Leningrad, USSR Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR (1976), 230(6), 1343-6 [Chem.] CODEN: DANKAS; ISSN: 0002-3264 Journal Russian CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: IT 53938-99-1 RL: PRP (Properties)

Page 236

L42 ANSWER 214 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
(mol. and tensile strength of)
RN 53938-99-1 CAPLUS
CN | H,3H=Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

2 CH

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

L42 ANSWER 215 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

CM 2

L42 ANSWER 215 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Thermal stability of polyimide fibers containing pyromellitic acid derivs. and aromatic diamines depended on their mol. structure and was highest for polyimide (1) [33775-20-1]. The heat resistance of polyimides increased with increasing symmetry of the diamine component. Thermal gravimetric data showed the significant difference in the initial decomposition temperature of polyimides with changes in the diamine component. The mass-spectroscopic curves showed peaks related to gaseous products at temps. 400-600°. An intense formation of H accompanied in some cases with HCN, observed at 550-600°, was related to the formation of 3-dimesional structures with 50-701 C-containing residue.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:561685 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1976:561685 CAPLUS
TOCUMENT NUMBER: Thermal decomposition of polyimide fibers
AUTHOR(S): Sekei, T.; Till, F.; Koton, M. M.; Korzhavin, L. N.; Sazanov, Yu. N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sazanov, tu. No. Sazanov, Tr. Mezhdunar. Simp., 5th [1976], Meeting Date 1975, 147-55. Editor(s): Borisov, G.: Sivriev, Kh.: Shenkov, S. Izd. BAN: Sofia, Bulg.

CODEN: 33UUAK
CODEN: 33UUAK
CONFERENCE
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 53939-9-1
RL: USES (Uses)
(fibers, thermal stability of)
RN 53938-99-1 CAPLUS
CN 1H.3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 216 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB Heat treatment of the poly(ester imide) I [53564-22-0] at >200° led to crystallization and consequent changes in the thermomech. properties.

Increasing the degree of crystallization broadened the temperature

terminated at temps. 10-20° above the softening temperature, which gives a degree of crystallinity \$50%. Softening in I was observed at 230-440°.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:494787 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:94787 region for the mech.

processing of I, but this pos. effect was limited by the accompanying increase in brittleness and decrease in breaking elongation at normal temps. To obtain sufficiently elastic films, the heat treatment should

1976:494787 CAPLUS
85:94787
Study of strength and thermomechanical properties of poly(ester imides) at different stages of heat treatment and crystallization
Kurnetsov, N. P.; Sidorovich, A. V.; Adrova, N. A.;
Bessonov, M. I.; Dubnova, A. M.; Koton, M. M.
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie
Soobshcheniya (1976), 1816), 403-6
CODEN: VYSAR; ISSN: 0507-5483
Journal
Russian

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Russian

53563-77-2 IT

RL: PROC (Process) (crystallization of, by heat treatment, thermomech. properties in relation to)

tion to)
53563-77-2 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

L42 ANSWER 216 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

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L42 ANSWER 217 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Crystal structure of 4.4'-(oxybis(p-phenyleneoxy))dianiline-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer (53938-99-1) and benzidine-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer (25668-07-3) is determined on highly oriented fibers and a rhombic form of the unit cell is obtained from x-ray diffractograms for both polymers.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:463473 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 85:63473

Crystal lattices of some new polyimides

AUTHOR(S): Magdalev, E. T.; Ginzburg, B. M.; Volosatov, V. N.;

Martynov, M. A.; Frenkel, S. Ya.
                                                                                                  1976:463473 CAPLUS
85:63473
Crystal lattices of some new polyimides
Hagdalev. E. T.; Ginzburg, B. M.; Volosatov, V. N.;
Martynov. M. A.; Frenkel, S. Ya.
Inst. Vysokomol Seedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie
Soobshcheniya (1976), 18[5], 306-7
CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
JOURNAI
RUSSIAN
 CORPORATE SOURCE:
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CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

CM 2

L42 ANSWER 218 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Polyamides soluble in organic solvents are prepared by treating diamines with AB Polyamides soluble in organic solvents are prepared by treating diamines with tetracarboxylic acids and/or their derivs. at 280°. Thus, a mixture of 4,4°-di (m-aminophenoxy) diphenyl sulfone 4.32, 3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic acid dianhydride 3.22, cresol 60, and xylene 10 g was stirred under Nat 100°, and heated 5 hr at 140°. The resulting polymer [59982-44-8] soln was coated on a glass plate and dried at 80° to give a heat-resistant film.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:165552 CAPPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:165552

INVENTOR(S): Polyamides soluble in organic solvents

Miyadera, Yasuo
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan

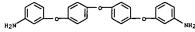
SOURCE: JODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION: DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 1974-73345 JP 51002798 JP 52030319 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1974-73345 A 19740628 58883-56-0
RL: USES (Uses)
(soluble, in organic solvents)
58883-56-0 CAPJUS
1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-carbonylbis-, polymer with
3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1



2 CM

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L42 ANSWER 218 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

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L42 ANSWER 219 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Mech. properties of polypyromellitimide fibers depend on the capability
 of the macromols. to form ordered structures. Polyimide fibers having low elastic modulus do not crystallize in heat treatment. To achieve an ordered structure in the fiber, the form and the lateral dimension of the diamide and diamhydride constituted chains are significant factors. The initiators of intermol. packing in the macromols. of these fibers are the pyromellitimide fragments.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:152002 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:152002
TITLE: Correlation of chain configurations, structure, and mechanical properties of fibers of
polypyromellitimide
                                                               series
Korzhavin, L. N.; Prokopchuk, N. R.; Baklagina, Yu.
G.; Florinskii, F. S.; Efanova, N. V.; Dubnova, A.
 AUTHOR (S):
                                                               Frenkel, S. Ya.; Koton, M. M.
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1976),
18(3), 707-12
CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475
JOURNAI
RUSSIAN
1
M.;
 CORPORATE SOURCE:
CP4 1
             CRN 53563-78-3
CMF C30 H24 N2 O4
             CM
                      2
              CRN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 O6
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L42 ANSWER 220 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

The hydrolysis rate consts. in 0.5N NAOH at 90° were determined for 15 aromatic polyimides, poly(ester imides), and poly(amide imides) [I, Z = (m = 1, 2, 4), IV-VII; II, Z = III (m = 1-4), IV-VII]; the highest hydrolytic stability had polyimide [53938-98-0] I (Z = III, m = 4). Hydrolytic stability was decreased by introduction of amide groups into polymer chains. Polymers having amide groups between aromatic rings (IV, V) were more stable than those with amide groups directly bonded to imide rings (VI, VII). Polymers containing m-phenylene units (V) were stable than those containing the p-phenylene one (IV), apparently due to stable than those containing the p-phenylene one (IV), apparently due to
dense packing.

dense packing.

Treatment with 0.5N NaOH decreased the tensile strength
and especially elongation of the investigated representative samples.

ACCESSION NUMBER:
1975: 479903 CAPLUS
B3:79903 CAPLUS
B3:79903 CAPLUS
B4/rolytic stability of aromatic polyimides and their derivatives
AUTHOR(S):
Adrove, N. A.; Koton, M. M.; Prokhorova, L. K.
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
SOURCE:
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie
SOObshicheniya (1975), 17(5), 409-12
CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483
DOLINENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
B175:
B175 CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
IT 53563-77-2 CS563-79-4 53939-98-0
RI: USES (Uses)
(hydrolytic stability of)
RN 53563-77-2 CAPLUS
CN 5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME) CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

L42 ANSWER 219 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 53938-99-1 CAPLUS 1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CH 1 CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3 2

53563-79-4 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME) CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L42 ANSWER 220 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

(Continued)

53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

2 CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

CM 1

TTT

less

L42 ANSWER 220 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2

L42 ANSWER 221 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

L42 ANSWER 221 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

The ability of polyimides obtained from pyromellitic dianhydride (I) to form an ordered structure depended on the structure of the diamine used. I was proposed as the initiator of intermol. Chain packing. If the diamine part of the mols. can be contained in the same crystal cell, crystallization occurs. If the diamine has cross-sectional dimensions greater

than I. Crystallization and the same crystal cell. greater
than I, crystallization probably occurs only when the energy of
intermol. packing
of the diamine fragments is on the same order or greater than the packing
energy of I. Physicomech. and crystallization data are given for the
polyinides polylinides
II and III (Z = direct bond, p-C6H4, CH2, CO, S, O, OC6H4O,
p-OC6H4OC6H4O-p) after heat treatment at 200-450°. The polylinides
which did not crystallize gave fibers having the lowest modulus of
elasticity.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:443931 CAPLUS 1975:443931 CAPLUS 83:43931 Structure and physicomechanical properties of DOCUMENT NUMBER: polymers prepared from pyromellitic dianhydride Baklagina, Yu. G.; Efanova, N. V.; Prokopchuk, N. R.; Korzhavin, L. N.; Sidorovich, A. V.; Florinskii, F. AUTHOR (5): Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR (1975), 221(3), 609-12
[Chem]
CODEN: DANKAS; ISSN: 0002-3264
Journal
Russian CORPORATE SOURCE:

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM

ANSWER 222 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. An increase in the length of oxyphenylene chains in polyimides I and II = 3 or 4 | as, e.g., on passing from o-(p-aminophenyl)-o'-aminotri(p-oxyphenylene)-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer (I, m = 3) [53938-99-1] to o-(p-aminophenyl)-o'-aminotetra(p-oxyphenylene)-pyromellitic dianhydride copolymer (I, m = 4) [53938-98-0], had virtually no effect on tensile strength, decreased elongation and m.p., increased elasticity modulus, and did not decrease heat resistance. Apparently due to crosslinking, copolymers I did not have the distinct softening temps. and, after thermal treatment

 400° reached optimum physicomech. properties and did not soften at all. II (m = 3) and II (m = 4) softened at 215 and 196°, resp. Thermal treatment at 400° had little effect on softening temps. of $\tau\tau$

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: 1975:58334 CAPLUS 82:58334

INTERINGUAL CONTROL OF CAPTUS

EXECUTED TO THE CAPTUS

EXECUTED TO THE CONTROL OF CAPTUS

EXECUTED TO THE AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

CH 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

RN 53938-97-9 CAPLUS
CN 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, 5,5'-oxybis-, polymer with 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CH 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CH

CRN 1823-59-2 CMF C16 H6 O7

53938-98-0 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

L42 ANSWER 222 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 222 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 06

53938-99-1 CAPLUS
1H, 3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with
4,4'-(oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy]]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 89-32-7 CMF C10 H2 O6

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB In the polyimides I (m = 1-4), increasing the length of the phenylene oxide unit (from m = 1 to m = 4) had little influence on the strength of I, but elongation of the polymer decreased from 10 to 4%. A simultaneous increase in modulus of elasticity was attributed to different degrees of cyrstallinity in the investigated polymers. Increasing the length of the ether unit also led to lowered softening temps., but the thermal stability of I was little changed. The amines 4,4'-diaminotetra(p-phenylene oxide) [1308-88-1] and 4,4'-diaminopenta(p-phenylene oxide) [1508-88-3] were synthesized for preparing I (m = 4,5). I were prepared by 2-stage condensation.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:43894 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:43894
Synthesis and study of polyester imides on the basis of diamines with a different number of phenylene oxide

oxide

units
AUTHOR(S):
Adrova, N. A.; Dubnova, A. M.; Keton, M. M.;
Kuznetsov, N. P.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B: Kratkie
Soobshcheniya (1974), 16(7), 504-6
CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483

DOCUMENT TYPE:
Journal
LANGUAGE:
Russian
TT 53363-77-2 53563-79-4
RL: PRP (Properties)
(phys. mech. properties of, oligoether links effect on)
RN 53563-77-2 CAPLUS
S-1sobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene
ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

CM 2

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

53563-79-4 CAPLUS
5-Isobenzofurancarboxylic acid, 1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-, 1,4-phenylene ester, polymer with 4,4'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis(benzenamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 53563-78-3 CMF C30 H24 N2 O4

2 CH

CRN 2770-49-2 CMF C24 H10 O10

IT 13080-88-1P 53563-78-3P RE: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and polymerization of) 13080-88-1 CAPLUS

RN

L42 ANSWER 224 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Reaction of aromatic diamines (I, Z = O,n = 1-4, and Z = S,n = 1) with
dianhydrides [II, Z = direct bond, O, C, p-C6H4(O2C)2, m-C6H4(O2C)2,
o-C6H4(O2C)2, and pyromellitic anhydride [89-32-7], meso-1,2,3,4butanetetracarboxylic dianhydride (III) [17309-39-6], and
1-cis-2-cis-3-cis-4-cis-cyclopentanetetracarboxylic dianhydride (IV)
[4802-47-5]] yielding poly(amide-acids) and model compds.
4-phenoxyaniline
(V) [139-59-3] and phthalic anhydride [85-44-9] followed 2nd order
kinetics. The reaction rate increased with increasing basicity of the
amines and electrophilicity of the carbonyl carbons of the anhydride
groups. Reaction of III and IV with V or 4,4'-oxydianiine (I,Z = O,n =
1) [101-80-4] consisted of a fast step that was followed by a slow one.
The former one corresponded to the opening of the strained anhydride ring
in the dianhydrides.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
B2:17176
TITLE:
Formation of polyamido acids
AUTHOR(S):
Koton, M. M.; Kudryatsev, V. V.; Adrova, N. A.;
Kalnins, K.; Dubnova, A. M.; Svetlichnyi, V. M.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR
OURCE:
Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A (1974),
16(9), 2081-6
CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475
DOCUMENT TYPE:
JOURNAL
RUSSABRIT SOURCE:
RUSSABRIT SUSSABRIT SUS

53563-78-3 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 223 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
CN Benzenamine, 4,4°-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

53563-78-3 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

ΙT

51532-42-49 53577-20-1P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
[preparation and reduction of)
51532-42-4 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis[4-(4-nitrophenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

53577-20-1 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,4-bis[4-(4-nitrophenoxy)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 225 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AB Hammett correlation results for acylation of RC6H4NH2 (I; R = m-NO2,

p-Br,

H, p-PhO, p-Me) by pyromellitic dianhydride (II) and by

3,3',4,4'-benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride (III) were as follows
(acylating agent, solvent, p given): II, DMF, -3.4; III, AchMe2, -3.4;

III, DMF, -3.32; III, N-methyl-2-pyrolidone, -3.0. Hammett or
consts. were determined for several complex (aminophenyl)-containing R
groups by
acylation of addnl. I. The pKl of these diamines was linearly related to
the or consts.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:551307 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:151307

TITLE: Reactivity of aromatic diamines in the factoring of the seconds.

81:151307 Reactivity of aromatic diamines in the formation of polyamido acids Svetlichnyi, V. M.; Kudryavtsev, V. V.; Adrova, N.

AUTHOR (S):

Koton, M. M. Inst. Vysokomol. Soedin., Leningrad, USSR Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1974), 10(9), 1896-900 CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492 Journal Russian CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

ONUMENT THE STATE OF THE STATE

53563-78-3 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-{1,4-phenylenebis(oxy-4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 226 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The tetramines (I, Ar = m-, or p-C684, or p,p'-C684RC6H4, where R = a single bond, CO, CH2, SO2, or CM2), were prepared from diols, halonitroacetanilide, or bromonitroaniline, and treated with bis(glyoxalylphenyl) ethers, to give polyquinoxalines, and polybenximidazoles. To obtain I the diols were nitrated, reduced, acetylated, nitrated, hydrolyzed, and reduced; the amidohalonitroaromatic compound treated with a metal diphenoxide and reduced; and the aminohalonitro aromatic compds. treated with the diphenoxide, hydrolyzed, and reduced. Thus, 51.6 g resorcinol in 2 1. Me250 was treated with 52.6 g powdered K, heated 20-30 min at 90-110.deg. with distillation, mixed with 423 g -bromo-2-nitroacetanilide (50863-02-0) over 15 min, and heated 8 hr at

95-bromo-2-nitroacetanilide [50863-02-0] over 15 min, and heated 8 hr at 130-40.deg., distilled under reduced pressure to remove 1.8 l. solvent, and

the residue added to 8 l. water to precipitate 160 g l,3-bis(3-acetamido-4-

is(3-acetamido-4-nitrophenoxy)benzene [50863-03-1], 110 g of which was suspended in 2 l. 95% EtOH, heated at 80-110.deg. with dropwise addition of a solution of

29 q Na2CO3 in 120 ml. water, heated 10 addnl. min., cooled to precipitate

g 1,3-bis(3-amino-4-nitrophenoxy)benzene [50863-04-2], 72 g of which was added to 380g Snc12.2H2O in 1.3 l. concentrated HCl, heated 4 hr at .sim. 110.deg., cooled, and added to 384 g Na2CO3 in 2 l. water to give 60 g crude product which was crystallized from BuOH to give 50 g 1,3-bis(3,4-diaminophenoxy)benzene (I, Ar = m-C6H4) (II) [19737-49-6].

(0.967 g) suspended in 6 ml m-cresol was mixed with 0.9549 g
bis(4-glyoxalyl phenyl) ether dihydrate and 3 ml. m-cresol, stirred 1 hr
at room temperature and 1 hr at 100.deg. to give 1,3-bis(3,4diaminophenoxy)benzene-bis(4-glyoxyalphenyl) ether copolymer
[50862-51-6].

as a polyquinoxaline of inherent viscosity (m-cresol) 1.15 dl/g. A cast film of the polymer was flexible and tough, and completely soluble in

CHC13 C2H2C12, o-C12C6H4, m-cresol, and chlorophenols. On heating 1 hr at 375.deg., the film had inherent viscosity (in concentrated H2SO4) > 1.6d1/q

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:96565 CAPLUS 80:96565 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

INVENTOR (S):

80:96565 Aromatic tetramines Rabilloud, Guy: Sillion, Bernard Institut Francais du Petrole, des Carburants et Lubrifiants PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):

Fr., 19 pp. CODEN: FRXXAK Patent SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

83.5

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE FR 2161149 A5 19730706 FR 1971-40861 FR 1971-40861 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A 19711115

13080-88-1P 51532-42-4P 51532-43-5P 51532-44-6P 51532-45-7P 51532-46-8P

L42 ANSWER 226 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

51532-46-8 CAPLUS
1,2-Benzenediamine, 4,4'~[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX

51532-47-9 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 3,3'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(6-nitro- (9CI) (CA INDEX

$$\circ_{2^{N}}\bigcap_{\mathsf{NH}_{2}}\circ\bigcap_{\mathsf{NH}_{2}}\circ\bigcap_{\mathsf{NH}_{2}}\mathsf{No}_{2}$$

51585-70-7 CAPLUS Acetamide, N,N'-[cxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy[6-nitro-3,1-phenylene]]]bis-[9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

51555-52-3P 51555-54-5P 51555-55-6P

51555-32-3F 31353-34-3F 31353-34-3F
RI: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of soluble)
51555-52-3 CAPLUS
Benzeneacetaldehyde, 4,4'-oxybis[a-oxo-, polymer with
4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[1,2-benzenediamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 51532-46-8 Page 243

ANSWER 226 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)
51532-47-9F 51585-70-7P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)
13080-88-1 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

51532-42-4 CAPLUS
Benzene, 1,1'-oxybis[4-(4-nitrophenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CAPLUS
N,N'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy-4,1-phenylene)]bis- (9CI) (CA Acetamide, INDEX NAME)

51532-44-6 CAPLUS Acetamide, N,N'-[oxybis[4,1-phenyleneoxy(2-nitro-4,1-phenylene)])bis-[9CI] (CA INDEX NAME)

51532-45-7 CAPLUS
Benzenamine, 4,4'-{oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)}bis{2-nitro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 226 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN CMF C24 H22 N4 O3

51555-54-5 CAPLUS Ethanedione, 1,1'-(oxydi-4,1-phenylene)bis[2-phenyl-, polymer with 4,4'-(oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[1,2-benzenediamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 51532-46-8 CMF C24 H22 N4 O3

2 CH

21454-19-3 C28 H18 O5

L42 ANSWER 226 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

51555-55-6 CAPLUS
Benzeneacetic acid, 4,4'-oxybis(α-oxo-, diethyl ester, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis(1,2-benzenediamine) (9CI) (CA INDEX

CH 1

CRN 51532-46-8 CMF C24 H22 N4 O3

CRN 29301-45-9 CMF C20 H18 O7

(Continued) L42 ANSWER 227 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

42203-41-8 CAPLUS Benzene, 1-(4-bromophenoxy)-4-[4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

42311-10-4 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-[4-(4-bromophenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy]phenoxy](9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

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L42 ANSWER 227 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

Polylarylene oxides) were produced from monomers, X-Ar-OH (I, X = Cl, Br,
I, Ar = 2-10 phenylene groups bonded directly or through ether linkages),
by in situ salt formation followed by polycondensation. Thus,
4,4"-dibromobiphenyl [92-86-4] was treated with p-methoxyphenol 4,4'-dlbromoblemeny: (92-86-4) was created with p-methoxyphenois -76-5) to form 4-(p-bromophenyl)-4'-methoxydiphenyl ether [41189-33-7], which yielded 4-(p-bromophenyl)-4'-hydroxydiphenyl ether [II] [41189-34-8] (I, = Br, Ar = 4,4'-biphenyllyleneoxy-p-phenylene), by heating in the presence of pyridine hydrochloride. II was polymerized in the presence of NaOH and Cuo

and Cuo

Cuo form thermally stable poly(oxy-p-phenyleneoxy-4,4'-biphenylylene)
4(1189-41-7), m.p. 360-70.deg., inherent viscosity 0.29 in H2SO4.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:443062 CAPIUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 79:443062 APIUS

TITLE: Film-forming poly(arylene oxides)

Vogel, Herward A.

Vogel, Herward A.

Vogel, Herward A.

U.S., 7 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE ------19711014 A2 19630329 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. US 3736291 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1971-189137 US 1963-269140 19730529

> US 1966-567367 A1 19660725

31343-71-2
RL: USES (Uses)
(heat-resistant)
31343-71-2 CAPLUS
Phenol, p-{p-[p-|p-bromophenoxy]phenoxy}-, polymers (8CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CH 1 CRN 13320-50-8 CMF C24 H17 Br O4

IT

L42 ANSWER 228 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB Silylation of aromatic polyphenyl ethers with Me3SiCl, Me2SiPhCl, and
Me3IPh2Cl gave products such as PhOC6H4SiMe2Ph, PhOC6H4SiMe3, and
[PhOC6H40C6H4SiMe2]20, with improved low-temperature fluidity without
change of
thermal stability.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:159742 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 76:159742
TITLE: 51lylated polyphenyl ethers. Their preparation an

1973:159742 CAPLUS
78:159742 Silylated polyphenyl ethers. Their preparation and some physical properties
Fink, Walter
Monsanto Res. S.A., Zurich, Switz.
Relvetica Chimica Acta (1973), 56(1), 355-63
CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X
Journal
German

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

L42 ANSWER 229 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB The controlled oxidation of perhalo p-bromophenols (I), (II), and (III) AB The controlled oxidation of perhalo p-bromophenols (I), (II), and (III) gives the corresponding perhalo polyethers (IV); the perchloro 4-aryloxycyclohom-2-5,-dienone (V) is obtained from pentachlorophenol (VI). Similarly, VII gives VIII and 4-chloro-2, 3, 5, 6-tetrabromophenol gives IX.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:111698 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 74:111698
TITLE: Oxidation of pentahalo benzenic phenols AUTHOR(S): Denivelle, Leon; Lampel, Alfred
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Text. Tinctoriale, Conserv. Natl. Aris Metiers. Paris. Firetoriale, Conserv. Natl. Aris 1971:111698 CAPLUS
74:111698
Oxidation of pentahalo benzenic phenols
Denivelle, Leon: Lampel, Alfred
Lab. Chim. Text. Tinctoriale, Conserv. Natl. Aris
Metiers, Paris, Fr.
Comptes Rendus des Seances de l'Academie des Sciences,

Serie C: Sciences Chimques (1971), 272(7), 653-6

CODEN: CHDCAQ; ISSN: 0567-6541

JOURNAL JOURNAL

IT 31404-36-13-1P 31404-39-39 31591-40-5P

RI: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 31404-36-1 CAPLUS

Phenol, 4-(4-[4-[4-(4-bromo-2, 3, 5, 6-tetrachlorophenoxy]-2, 3, (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME) PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

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L42 ANSWER 229 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

L42 ANSWER 229 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued) 31404-38-3 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-[4-[4-(4-bromo-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxy]-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxy]-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenoxy]-2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

31581-40-5 CAPLUS
2,5-Cyclohexadien-1-one, 4-bromo-4-[4-[4-[4-[4-[4-bromo-2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenoxy]-2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenoxy]-2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenoxy]-2,3,5,6-tetrachlorophenoxy]-2,3,5,6-tetrachloro-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 230 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB High-melting polyamides containing ether groups, useful in the preparation of filaments, fibers, and films having good mech. properties and good heat stability, are prepared Thus, 20.3 parts isophthaloyl chloride was added slowly to 36.8 parts 4,4'-bis(p-aminophenoxy)biphenyl in 150 parts N-methylpyrrolidinone at 0°. The mixture was stirred 4 hrs. while allowing the temperature of the viacous solution to rise slowly to amblent temperature

The solution was diluted with 200 parts HCONMe2 and the polymer precipitated by pouring the solution into vigorously stirred water. After filtering, washing, and drying, the resulting polyamide melted 360° and had an inherent viscosity of 1.18 (0.5% in N-methylpyrrolidinone at 25°). Similarly used were 4,4'-sulfonyldibenoxyl chloride, terephthaloyl chloride, 2,2-bis(4-(p-aminophenoxy)phenyl)propane, 4,4'-bis(p-aminophenoxy)diphenyl sulfone, 4,4'-bis(p-aminophenoxy)diphenyl sulfone, 3-chloro-4,4'-bis(p-aminophenoxy)diphenyl sulfone, and 3,3'-dichloro-4,4'-bis(p-aminophenoxy)diphenyl sulfone, ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
111.3559

FATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

FRINTER ASSIGNEE(S):

Fr., 5 pp. CODEN: FRXXAK

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent French LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE FR 1537385 DE 1595681 GB 1154816 US 3505288 19680823 19700000 US PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19660919 19670204 DE

1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 4,4'-[oxybis(4,1-phenyleneoxy)]bis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 13080-88-1 CMF C24 H20 N2 O3

Page 245

L42 ANSWER 230 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

2

26913-01-9 CAPLUS

RN 26913-01-9 CAPLUS
CN
Poly(cxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenyleneiminocarbonyl-1,3-phenylenecarbonylimino-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L42 ANSWER 231 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN (Continued)

13320-50-8P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
13320-50-8 CAPLUS
Phenol, 4-(4-(4-bromophenoxy)phenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L42 ANSWER 231 OF 231 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AB The preparation and polymerization of both polynuclear and mononuclear
phenylene oxide

monomers is described. The polymers, formed in the presence of a Cu
catalyst and total absence of O and EZO, have >801 p-phenylene oxide
units, m. 220-95°C., inherent viscosities >0.3 (11 solution in H2SO4)
total solubility in Ph2O at 225°C. (51 polymer solution), and can be
formed

ed into high-strength, orientable fibers and films. Thus, a mixture of 4-bromo-4'-hydroxydiphenyl ether 53.0, powdered NaOH 8.3, Ph2O 12O, and

4-bromo-4'-hydroxydiphenyl ether 53.0, powdered NaOH 8.3, Ph2O 120, and CUO

0.04 g. was purged with N and heated 30 min. at 200-50'C./20 mm. to remove H2O and 20 ml. Ph2O. The pressure was equalized and temperature increased to 210-80'C. After 6 hrs., a viscous melt (containing suspended NaBr) was obtained, 100 g. boiling PhOH added, and the mixture filtered and precipitated in 1500 ml. 130'C. Ne2NCHO to yield 32's poly(p-phenylene oxide) (1], which was washed in actone and H2O and dried. I, m. 290'C., inherent viscosity 0.35, glass transition 85-90'C., was compression molided (500 psi., \$90-600'F.) into a tough, flexible, transparent film with 5000-7000 psi. tensile strength, 6-7% elongation, and d. 1.27. Similar polymers were prepared from 4-(p-bromophenoxy)-4'-hydroxydiphenyl ether, 4-(p-bromophenophenoxy)-4'-(p-hydroxydipheny) ether, and from Ko-, p-, and m-chlorophenolate. ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:56009 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 56:56009
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Phenylene oxide polymers
Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co.
Brit., 19 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGLIGGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 1053053		19661230	GB	
DE 1520371			DE	
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		US	19630320

31343-71-2P
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(manufacture of)
31343-71-2 CAPLUS
Phenol, p. (P-|p-|p-(p-bromophenoxy)phenoxy)-, polymers (8CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CH. 1

CRN 13320-50-8 CMF C24 H17 Br O4

=> => fil reg COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 1164.08 3126.28

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE
ENTRY
SESSION
-169.36
-216.81

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 10 JAN 2005 HIGHEST RN 811411-12-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

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Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

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chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31 22-35

ring bonds :

2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds:
8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds :

1-4 22-35
normalized bonds :
2-3 2-7 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 8-9 8-12 9-10 10-11 11-16 12-16 17-18 17-22
18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

G2:X,Ak,H

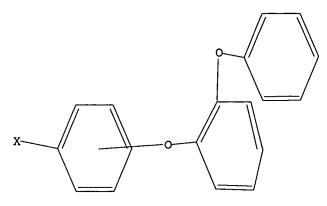
Match level :

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L43 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query L43

STR



G1 N, X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 143 SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 20:16:31 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 15801 TO ITERATE

6.3% PROCESSED 1000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 1 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 308493 TO 323547 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 78 TO 554

L44 1 SEA SSS SAM L43

= >

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10718532.str

chain nodes :

1 13 23 25 26 28 29 30 31 32 33 35

ring nodes :

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

chain bonds :

1-4 8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

22-35

ring bonds :

 $2-3 \quad 2-7 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 5-6 \quad 6-7 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-12 \quad 9-10 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-16 \quad 12-16 \quad 17-18 \quad 17-22$

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

exact/norm bonds :

8-29 9-28 10-13 11-25 12-23 16-26 17-32 18-33 19-23 20-30 21-31

exact bonds : .

1-4 22-35

normalized bonds :

 $2-3 \quad 2-7 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 5-6 \quad 6-7 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-12 \quad 9-10 \quad 10-11 \quad 11-16 \quad 12-16 \quad 17-18 \quad 17-22$

18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22

G1:N,X

G2:X,Ak,H

Match level:

1:CLASS 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom

11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom

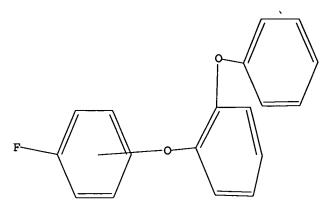
21:Atom 22:Atom 23:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS

31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 35:CLASS

L45 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d query

L45 STR



G1 N,X

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 145

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 20:17:08 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 551 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 551 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 9612 TO 12428

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO

L46 0 SEA SSS SAM L45

=> s 145 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 20:17:12 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 11844 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 11844 ITERATIONS 23 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L47 23 SEA SSS FUL L45

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 163.05 3289.33

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -216.81

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